27 JAN 1941
OF IRELAND
NA hÉIREANN

PIANO REPAIRS

In our Dublin workshops, with modern equipment and skilled Craftsmen, we can re-condition your old piano and add many years to its Musical Life and Usefulness. Estimates are free and charges moderate. We will examine your instrument and submit quotations if you write, or 'phone 22261.

PIGOTT
AND CO. LTD.
112 GRAFTON ST.,
DUBLIN

CITY EDITION

The Irish Times.

PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN, MONDAY, JANUARY 27, 1941. VOL. LXXXIII. NO. 26,065.

BROADCASTING—PAGE 4

For Health and Vitality . . eat
BOLANDS "Ideal" BROWN BREAD

The 'HILTONIA' MATTRESS carries the Certificate of Merit from the Institute of Hygiene, London
HILTON BROTHERS Ltd.,
DUBLIN

Births, Marriages and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 2/6; each additional line, 1/-

Each Notice can be repeated in either the Weekly Irish Times or the Irish Field at half price.

Irish Times 'Phone Numbers—Dublin (31 Westmoreland Street)—76555; Cork (15 Cook Street)—1506; Limerick (6 William Street)—472; Belfast (58 Donegall Street)—21787; London (59 Fleet Street)—Central 4350.

BIRTHS.

BLACKWELL—January 20, 1941, at the Harcourt Nursing Home, to Elinor, wife of Rev. J. Blackwell, St. Luke's Rectory, South Circular road, a son.

KENNEDY—January 18, 1941, at the Harcourt Nursing Home, Dublin, to Millicent, wife of Dermot Kennedy, Beechmount, Roscrea, a daughter.

MASSEY—January 15, 1941, at Miss Overend's, 29 Upper Mount street, to Lily, wife of W. J. Massey, Ballyronan, Newtownmountkennedy, a son.

PALMER—January 24, 1941, at Miss Topping's Nursing Home, Waterford, to Harry and Teresa Palmer, Catherine street, Waterford, a son.

PERCIVAL—January 3, 1941, at St. Mathew's Nursing Home, Northampton, to Margery (*née* Crawford) and Captain John Percival, R.A., a daughter.

TOMLINSON—January 22, 1941, at Hong Kong, to Heather, wife of Dr. Sterling Tomlinson, a daughter (Evelyn Joan).

WOODS—January 13, 1941, at "Stella Maris," Earlsfort terrace, to May, wife of Anthony Woods, Sandyford Cross, Sandyford, a son.

MARRIAGE.

FALKINER and MOONEY—January 22, 1941, Frederick H. Falkiner, Galross, Birr, youngest son of the late Thomas F. Falkiner, Willsborough, Borrisokane, and the late Mrs. Falkiner, to Hilda, second daughter of Robert and Mrs. Mooney, Drumrue, Borrisokane.

DEATHS.

BEEDEM—January 26, 1941, at her residence, 45 Rathdown road, N.C.R., Julia, widow of John A. Beedem. Deeply regretted. R.I.P. Funeral from St. Paul's, Arran quay, after 9 o'clock Mass, to-morrow (Tuesday), 28th January.

BLACK—January 25, 1941, at her residence, Gart Bratten, Cavan, Mary Jane, wife of Randal Y. Black. Funeral leaving Gart Bratten to-day (Monday), 27th, at 2 p.m., to Kilmore.

BOYD—January 25, 1941, at Rosario, Eglinton Park, Donnybrook, May, daughter of the late Thomas and Grace Maguire Boyd. Funeral private. R.I.P.

BUSTARD—January 26, 1941, at his residence, Gardenmore House, Larne, Albert Victor Bustard. Funeral strictly private. No flowers.

BYRNE (Bray)—January 24, 1941, at 28 Elgin road, Dublin, Emily Mary, widow of H. J. Byrne, Deputy Keeper of Records, Irish Land Commission. R.I.P. Funeral from the Church of the Most Holy Redeemer, Bray, after 10 o'clock Requiem Mass, to-day (Monday) to Dean's Grange Cemetery. No flowers, by request.

BYRNE—January 25, 1941, at her residence, Rossmakea, Dundalk, Helen Mary, widow of late Thomas J. Byrne. Funeral private.

CALLANAN—January 25, 1941, at his residence, St. Anne's, Thurles, Martin Callanan, M.D. Funeral to-day (Monday) from Thurles Cathedral to Moycarkey, after Requiem Mass, 10.30 a.m. (old time).

CASSELL—January 26, 1941, at his residence, Garfield House, Bray, John (Licensed Vintner, 60 Main street), beloved husband of, Ann Cassell. Deeply regretted by his sorrowing wife and family. R.I.P. Remains to be removed yesterday afternoon to the Church of the Most Holy Redeemer, Bray. Funeral to-morrow (Tuesday), after 10 o'clock Mass, to St. Peter's Cemetery, Little Bray.

CASSIDY—January 25, 1941, at St. Vincent's Nursing Home, Leeson street, John, son of Mrs. and the late Francis Cassidy, 9 Bath street, Irishtown. Deeply regretted. R.I.P. Funeral this (Monday) morning, after 10 o'clock Mass, from Star of the Sea Church, Sandymount, to Glasnevin.

DOUGLAS—January 25, 1941, at her residence, 49 North Strand road, Elizabeth, widow of the late John Douglas, Keady, Co. Armagh. Funeral this day (Monday) to Mount Jerome.

ELKINS—January 24, 1941, at Drumcondra Hospital, Beatrice, youngest daughter of Elizabeth and the late George Elkins. "The Lord is my Shepherd."

GRANT—January 25, 1941, at her residence, 4 Eaton square, Monkstown, Frances Elizabeth Grant. Deeply regretted by her sorrowing husband, sons and daughter, relatives. Funeral private.

"Blessed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God."

HARDY—January 26, 1941, at her home, "Glengariff," Dalkey, Evene Lucy (Birdie), the much-loved wife of Octavus Hardy, and youngest daughter of the late Henry Smith, of "Cremorne," Terenure, and Mrs. Annie Smith, late of 24 Villiers road, Rathgar. "The day that Thou gavest, Lord, is ended." Funeral, Mount Jerome, arriving 12 noon to-morrow (Tuesday).

HENRY—January 25, 1941, at private nursing home, Edith Fanny Henry, late of Howth. Funeral private. Matthew 11, verse 28.

HOWARD—January 25, 1941, at Skerries, Elizabeth, in her 88th year, relict of the late Richard Howard, Blackwater Bridge, Kenmare. Funeral arrangements later. Redeemed by the precious blood of Christ.

JOLLEY—January 24, 1941, at his residence, Abilene, Newtownpark avenue, Blackrock, Christopher Thomas Jolley, in his ninety-first year. Funeral strictly private. "Peace, perfect peace."

McARDLE—January 25, 1941, at his residence, Mandistown House, Ardee, Bernard McArdle. Deeply regretted by his sorrowing wife and family. R.I.P. Funeral to Drumcondrath Cemetery to-day (Monday) from Newtown Church at 3 o'clock (S.T.).

MALCOLMSON—January 24, 1941, at his residence, Palmerstown Lodge, Palmerstown, Co. Dublin, John Dermot Malcolmson. Funeral (strictly private) to-day (Monday).

NOLAN—January 25, 1941 (suddenly), at his residence, 12 St. Patrick's terrace, Inchicore, Henry Nolan, third son of the late Watson Nolan, of Inchicore. Funeral leaving above at 1.30 o'clock to-day (Monday) for Service at St. Jude's Church, Inchicore, thence to Mount Jerome Cemetery, arriving 2.30 p.m. "Peace, perfect peace."

O'MALLEY—January 26, 1941, at his residence, 20 South Circular road, Rialto, Dublin, John O'Malley, late Traffic Manager's Office, Kingsbridge. Remains to Our Lady of Dolours' Church, Dolphin's Barn, at 7 o'clock this (Monday) evening. Funeral, after 8 o'clock Mass, to-morrow (Tuesday) for 9.30 train from Kingsbridge, arriving in Boher 1 o'clock. Interment, Clonkeen, Co. Limerick. R.I.P. Deeply regretted by his sorrowing family.

PEARE—January 26, 1941, at his residence, Landscape, Kilsheelan, Clonmel, Charles Humphreys Peare, Land Agent, aged 86 years. Funeral private.

PEMBERTON—January 26, 1941, at Meath Hospital, Joseph James Pemberton, of 2 Churchtown Park. R.I.P. Remains will be removed to the Church of the Holy Cross, Dundrum, at 6 p.m. to-day (Monday). Funeral, after 10 o'clock Mass, to-morrow (Tuesday) to Glasnevin.

ROWLETT—January 24, 1941, at 33 Cranmore avenue, Belfast, Mary Jane, daughter of the late William Rowlett, Sligo, and sister of the late Dr. Rowlett, Portadown. Funeral private.

THOMPSON—January 25, 1941, late 456 North Circular road, Dublin, 81 years. Funeral, 11.45, to-day (Monday), Mount Jerome. "Thy will be done."

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for this Column will be found on Page 4.

(CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.)

MISCELLANEOUS.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
CHARLES JOSEPH FAHIE, M.D., Deceased.

All persons claiming to be creditors of Charles Joseph Fahie, M.D. (retired), late of Aliesbury Villa, Aliesbury road, Ballsbridge, Dublin, are required to send notice of their claims, in writing, forthwith to—
HONE & FALKINER, Solicitors for the Executrix 9 Suffolk street, Dublin.

EXPERIENCED Lady Secretary seeks Post. Expert Shorthand-Typist and Book-keeper. 14 years with two Dublin professional firms. Excellent references.—S 1491, this office

AN EXCEPTIONALLY WELL-EDUCATED GIRL (23), some practical commercial experience, seeks part-time employment in Dublin City or County. References.—S 1424, this office.

LADY STUDENT requires accommodation as PAYING GUEST in Protestant household, south side, near 'bus route. Full particulars S 1546, this office.

TAMILESE TEA.
A Wonderful Tea at a Moderate Price.

JOHN C PARKES and Sons Ltd., Coombe, Dublin. BAR IRON, HORSE SHOE IRON, MILD STEEL ROUNDS, ANGLES & TEES. Wholesale Only.

ENGINEERS' SUPPLIES, shafting, pulleys, belting, steam fittings. Large stocks. Inspection invited.—BOOTH BROS., South King Street, Dublin.

BROOKS, THOMAS AND CO., LTD., DUBLIN. IRISH PORTLAND CEMENT, FERROCRETE, SNOWCRETE, KEENE'S MASTIC.

ANNE LYNCH TEAS. Refreshing, Satisfying and Economical.

ORDER your Spring Mercerised Taffeta Shirts now at pre war prices. We still have a good range of designs.—E. and W. Seale, Ltd., 27 Westmoreland street, Dublin.

CEMENT and Reinforcing Bars.
HEITON George's quay.

"QUICK" SYNTHETIC ENAMEL IS MADE IN EIRE IN EIGHTEEN SHADES. DRIES IN FOUR HOURS, AND IS INEXPENSIVE.
PARTICULARS FROM
THOS. DOCKRELL, SONS & CO., LTD., DUBLIN.

A.R.P. EQUIPMENT.
STIRRUP PUMPS AND CLOSETS.
APPROVED PATTERNS IN STOCK.
BAXENDALE & CO., LTD., CAPEL ST., DUBLIN.

AB COOKER combines Cooking, Water Heating, with low fuel consumption, for small or large family. Ample hot water; one fire only; large hot plate and ovens (3). See model on heat.—EVANS & SONS, 152 Capel street.

DUBLIN LADIES' SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA invite Membership. Apply SECRETARY, 30 WESTLAND ROW.

IRISH CIVIL SERVICE
PERMANENT
BUILDING SOCIETY.
ESTABLISHED OVER SEVENTY YEARS.
ASSETS OVER £890,000.
LOANS GRANTED FOR HOUSE PURCHASE IN DUBLIN AND SUBURBS.
R. G. BYDER, Secretary.
28 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN, C.4

PALMERSTON HOUSE
(PRIVATE MENTAL HOSPITAL).
PALMERSTOWN, CO. DUBLIN.

Private Mental Hospital for Ladies or Gentlemen suffering from mild or chronic mental diseases.

TERMS from £2 10/- per week.
VOLUNTARY BOARDERS RECEIVED FROM £3 3/- per week.

For particulars apply to
THE MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT.
'Phone—Dublin 71427.

SHIPPING.

CUNARD WHITE STAR
UNITED STATES
AND
CANADA
Transpacific route to Australia, New Zealand and the Far East.
For further particulars apply Cunard White Star, Limited, Dublin, Cobh, Liverpool, or principal travel agents.

RATHMINES.

"IRISH TIMES" BRANCH OFFICE, CASTLEWOOD AVE.
In future the hours for receiving Advertisements at the "Irish Times" Branch Office, Castlewood avenue, will be:—9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Monday to Saturday, except Wednesday, 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. Telephone 91951.

BRAY—Advertisements for the *Irish Times* are received up to 3.30 p.m. daily by Miss A. McCann at 96 Main Street, High Class Stationer, Newsagent and Tobacconist.

CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS COLUMN.

IN MEMORIAM.

BLACKHAM—In memory of our darling mother, Phebe Ann Blackham, who entered into Rest, January 27th, 1932.—Inserted by her loving daughters, Harriett and Muriel.

BRUTON—Second Anniversary—In loving memory of Mrs. Christina Bruton, of Dale-View, Palmerstown, Co. Dublin, who died on 27th January, 1939. R.I.P. Masses offered.

BYRNE—Second Anniversary — In loving memory of Thomas Joseph Byrne, 11 Terenure road, East, Dublin, who died on 27th January, 1939. Masses offered.

FitzROY—In loving memory of a devoted husband and father, William FitzRoy, died, 27th January, 1940. "Till we meet."

GLOSTER—To the dear memory of my husband, Arthur J. Gloster, M.A., T.C.D., who passed away on 27th January, 1931. "Until the day break . . . ." "Mizpah." —A. L. G.

NICHOLS Estd. 1814.
'Phone 62607.
COMPLETE FUNERAL FURNISHERS,
LOMBARD STREET (WESTLAND ROW).
Coffins, Hearse and Motor Funerals, etc.
PRIVATE MORTUARY.

FUNERAL REQUISITES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
1838 WALLER, 1941
DENZILLE STREET (Re-named Fenian Street), MERRION SQUARE.
PRIVATE MORTUARY.
DAIMLER MOTOR HEARSES AND CARS.
'Phone: 61275. Wires: "Undertaker, Dublin."

MILLER & CO. LTD BRAY
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
ROLLS ROYCE FLEET
PERSONAL SUPERVISION
PHONE, Bray 117. GRAMS. Collier Bray

FARRELL'S,
Established 150 Years.
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
66 MARLBOROUGH STREET, DUBLIN.
'Phone: 43496.

We operate the finest Fleet of Limousines in Ireland. WHY NOT TRY US?
SHELBOURNE MOTOR CO., LTD., 20 KILDARE ST., Dublin. 'Phone—62743.

DUBLIN—MANCHESTER
IT PAYS TO FLY!
Aer Lingus teo (IRISH AIR LINES)
Upr. O'Connell St., Dublin.

TUITIONS, GRINDS, ETC.,
by University Graduates. All Subjects. University Examinations, Matriculation, Leaving and Intermediate Certificates. Apply Secretary, National University Appointments Committee, 86 Stephen's Green. 'Phone: 51793.

WANTED TO PURCHASE
Diamond Ornaments and Rings, Antique Silver, Old Sheffield and Electro Plate, Gold and Silver Boxes, Antique Furniture.
Highest Prices paid. No charges made for inspection.
LOUIS WINE
31/32 GRAFTON ST., DUBLIN
Estd. 1840. Tel. 43865.
Please Note, we employ no Travelling Agents.

CONTRACTS.

CORPORATION OF DUBLIN.

RECONDITIONING OF THE LIFFEY TUNNEL AND WATERMAIN.

Tenders are invited for the Reconditioning of the Liffey Tunnel and Watermain at North Wall, Dublin, in accordance with Specification, Drawings and General Conditions of Contract, which can be inspected at the office of the City Engineer, 28 Castle street, Dublin, on week-days between the hours of 10 a.m. and 5 p.m., Saturdays excepted.

The documents may subsequently be obtained on application to the City Treasurer, Exchange Buildings, Lord Edward street, Dublin, on deposit with him of the sum of two guineas, which sum will be refunded on receipt of a bona fide tender not subsequently withdrawn.

Tenders, enclosed in sealed envelopes, endorsed "Reconditioning of the Liffey Tunnel and Watermain, Vartry Waterworks, Contract No. 1," and addressed to the City Manager and Town Clerk, Finance and General Purposes Section, City Hall, Dublin, must be delivered not later than noon on Friday, 28th February, 1941.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

SUPPLY OF WATER TANKS.

Tenders are invited for the Supply of 226 (two hundred and twenty-six) 20-Gallon Galvanised Water Tanks complete with loose covers and ¾" brass plug cock and key.

The supply will be subject to the usual Corporation Conditions of Contract, copy of which may be inspected at the City Architect's Department, 1/3 Parliament street, where also a sample tank may be seen.

Copies of specification and tender form may be obtained in the office of the City Architect.

Tenders, enclosed in sealed envelopes, endorsed "Tender for Water Tanks, A.R.P.," and addressed to the City Manager and Town Clerk, Finance and General Purposes Section, City Hall, must be delivered not later than 12 noon on Friday, 7th February 1941.

P. J. HERNON,
City Manager and Town Clerk.
Dublin, 25th January, 1941.

HOTELS AND HOLIDAY RESORTS.

HOTEL MacDERMOTT,
HARCOURT STREET, DUBLIN.
Very Comfortable and Moderate.
Noted for Excellent Cuisine. Wedding Breakfasts a Speciality. Tel. 52013.

BOARDING AND HOTELS.

ENJOYABLE week ends in country mansion amid ideal surroundings; 2 hours from Dublin, main line; own farm produce; good cooking; hot water; garage; golf, lake fishing, rough shooting, hacking and harrier hunting, well mannered horses; near all churches; charge moderate, comfort great. Address "Z 4878, Week Ends," this office. 25 B

CORK BRANCH OFFICE,

15 COOK STREET.
ADVERTISEMENTS RECEIVED UNTIL 3 p.m. EACH DAY
FOR INSERTION IN NEXT DAY'S ISSUE.
'Phone: Cork 1506. Office Hours: 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Specific Articles

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE
REFRIGERATOR COMPRESSOR, capacity 2,500 cubic feet. Maker, Boby.—"Z 4869, Compressor," this office.

CONCRETE BLOCKS IN STOCK
4", 4½" & 6"
Apply
JOHN KENNY & SONS, LTD.,
HARCOURT ROAD, DUBLIN.
Tel. 51807.

ALL Waterproof Covers for carts, vans, threshers, lorries; Rick Covers, Sacks, Bags; best terms.—Coleman, 21-25 Chancery street, Dublin. T

COVERS for ricks, carts, threshers, lorries; Tarpaulins, Sacks.—Petrie Brothers, 36 Usher's quay, Dublin. T

CASE of Harlings Mathematical Instruments for Sale, almost new; 25/-.—Richards, Ballyhenry, Ashford, Co. Wicklow. 24 A

FOR Sale, large quantities of Firewood Blocks, in half tons or ton lots, 35/-, delivered.—John Kenny and Sons, Ltd., Harcourt road. T

FOR Sale, Esse Major, No. 180/1936, perfect condition; price £50; seen Dublin. Address "Z 4867, Esse Major," this office. 24 B

NOTICE.
In addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this Paper, great care should be taken to include the catchwords, when same are given, after the Office Number, thus: "Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope. T

TYPEWRITERS, all makes, from £4; fully guaranteed.—Norman Engineering Works, Trinity street. Established 1897. 32 S

Great Care is taken that Advertisements in all parts of this Paper appear correctly, but no liability is taken for any ERROR in or Omission of any Advertisement and the Proprietors Reserve the Right to Omit or Alter any Advertisement, no matter where or by whom accepted.

All Advertisements accepted for insertion in this Paper must bear endorsement by the name and address of the Advertiser. These particulars are not for publication.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR SMALL CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

12 Words or under, 1/-.
(Every Succeeding Word, One Penny.)

Advertisements ordered for the *Irish Times* can be repeated in either the *Weekly Irish Times* or the *Irish Field* at Half Price.

The Concession of four consecutive insertions for the price of three is now withdrawn.

Box Office Address counts as three words if replies are to be called for at Head Office, or if they are to be sent by post or called for at any Branch Office as four words. Postage extra.

Advertisements not prepaid are charged for at the rate of one shilling per line; minimum 3/- per insertion.

Publication of these Advertisements is not guaranteed on any particular day.

TRADE AND MATRIMONIAL ADVERTISEMENTS IN THESE COLUMNS, 3/- per line.

Money Orders, Notes, ORIGINAL Testimonials or other documents should not be enclosed with replies to Advertisements.

The Reply Boxes not being intended for Trade Lists, Circulars or Samples, envelopes containing same will not be delivered, and no responsibility is undertaken for accidents, omissions or mistakes.

IRISH TIMES, LTD., WESTMORLAND STREET, DUBLIN. 'PHONE—76555. BRANCH OFFICES: RATHMINES—Castlewood avenue. Wednesday (half day) closes at 1 o'clock. 'Phone—91951. BELFAST—58 Donegall street. 'Phone—21787. CORK—15 Cook street. 'Phone—1506. LIMERICK—6 William street. 'Phone 472. LONDON—59 Fleet street, E.C.4. Central 4350. MANCHESTER—Winter's Buildings, 30 Ann street, Blackfriars 6343. (30/9/40).

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Lady's Crocodile Shoe Lost on night of 21st, outside Harcourt Street Station or opposite 36 Palmerston road. 'Phone 96379. 24 A

PLYWOOD AND TIMBER.

FOR Sale, large quantity of Deal Boards, 6" 6", 9" x 1" and other Scantlings.—John Kenny, Sons, Ltd., Harcourt road, Dublin. T

WANTED.

ALL Classes of Ladies' and Gent's Cast-off Clothes and Footwear.—Kay, 38 Golden lane. 'Phone 51998. T

WE are instructed to Purchase all kinds of Commodities and Merchandise, in large quantities only. Offers to Glasier and Sons, Ltd., 48 Mount street, London, W.1; Mayfair, 3159 and 4145. T

PRAMS.

ALL Cash and Easy Payment Orders for Prams and Folders sent carriage paid. Cots, Mattresses, Moses' Baskets, Pillows, Rugs, High Chairs, Play Pens, etc., always in stock.—Stevens (established 1896), 8 Aston's quay, 244 Rathmines road, 171 North Strand. T

BARRON'S Prams are cheaper for cash or terms. Write for catalogue.—1 North Earl street, Dublin.

OUR Prams are the best. Write for Catalogue T, including strong Cots, Playpens, Chairs and dainty Moses' Baskets. Cash or easy payments. Orders over £3 carriage paid.—The Baby Carriage Co., 129 Stephen's Green, Dublin. T

SHOOTING, SPORTING, GAMES.

GARNETT'S for Guns, Cartridges and Shooting Sundries; Long Nets for Hares and Rabbits, Purse Nets; Guns Repaired; Secondhand Guns Purchased.—Parliament street, Dublin. T

GUNS, Secondhand, Wanted to Buy; hammerless and hammer.—Keegan, Inns quay, Dublin. 25 F

SALMON Fishing, River Slaney, two miles, one bank; most comfortable country house accommodation close to river. Address "Z 4826, Fishing," this office. 25 C

WATCHES, REPAIRS, JEWELLERY.

ABOUT Old Gold, Sovereigns, Precious Stones, etc.—Highest prices paid. Country parcels cash by return. Reliable Watch, Clock and Jewellery Repairs.—Pillar House, Jewellers, Ltd., Henry street, Dublin. 1 X

MONEY, PARTNERSHIPS, INVESTMENTS, ETC.

£20 to £10,000
Loans granted daily in any part of Eire in sums of £20 upwards, With or Without Security.
NATIONAL FINANCE CO., LTD.,
83 MIDDLE ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN
'Phone: Dublin 43780. 'Grams: 43780, Dublin.

CASH ADVANCED
£25—£3,000,
WITHOUT ANY SECURITY.
NASSAU TRUST, Ltd.,
39 NASSAU STREET, DUBLIN.

CASH Advances, £25 to £5,000, with or without security.—The Dublin Finance Corporation, Ltd., 6 Westmoreland street, Dublin. 'Phone, 21287. T

LOANS from £10 upward, with or without security. J. H. Nelson and Co., Ltd., 5 Tuckey street, Cork. 24 U

£10 AND upwards Advanced without security.—Central Trust, Ltd., 17 Clare street, Dublin. T

CASH ADVANCED
FROM £20 UPWARDS.
Y. BOLAND, 88 Charlemont St., Dublin
'Phone 61725.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, ETC.

CARPETS and Furniture. Call and see our comprehensive stocks; unbeatable values; cash or terms. Toohey's, 30 Bachelor's Walk. T

FURNITURE, Pianos and all Household Effects Wanted for cash.—S 1467, this office. 26 2

LAWLOR, Briscoe will Buy and Sell your Surplus Furniture Auctions every Thursday.—35 Ormond quay. T

MAKE THE MOST OF WINTER MOTORING BY
having your Car overhauled and tuned up by
LINCOLN and NOLAN LTD.
57/58 Lr. Baggot St. 'Phone 61943-4-5.

VARD'S FUR SALE
LAST WEEK SALE
Exceptional Values
DAVID VARD, Ltd.
8 GRAFTON St., Dublin
and 119 PATRICK St., Cork.

BEDDING of QUALITY
MATTRESSES
Manufactured in our own Workshops
DOWN QUILTS
BEDSPREADS
BLANKETS
SHEETS
Mattresses Re-teased and Re-covered
MILLAR & BEATTY
13 & 14 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN

Flexible Farming
with this NEW kind of tractor

What is Flexible Farming? It is the freedom to plan your cropping system and use of your land in the way you think will give you the best returns at the lowest cost. Neither size of fields, type of soil, contour of the land, nor variety of crops you raise need keep you from reaping the benefits of economical power, through the Ford Tractor-Ferguson System.

PLOUGHING: This Ford Tractor will pull two 14" ploughs in average conditions, without packing the land the way heavier tractors do. It will plough on steep hills with greater safety. And its fuel consumption is just about half of the next most economical tractor!

YOU MUST SEE IT! Anything as revolutionary as the Ford Tractor-Ferguson System must be seen to be appreciated. Your nearest Ford Tractor Dealer will be glad to arrange a demonstration. It's an experience that no farmer should miss. Get in touch with him today.

Tractor with 4x19 Rubber Tyres on front wheels, steel rears with spade lugs, Kerosene Vaporiser - - - - £345	General Purpose Cultivator £28
	Row Crop Cultivator - £33
	*Pulley - - - - £13
Tractor with 4x19 Rubber Tyres on front wheels, 10x28 pneumatic rears - - - £355	*Lighting System - £4 15s.
	*Road bands for rear steel wheels (per pair) - £11 10s.
10" or 12" Two Bottom Plough with Sod Bottoms - £12 10s.	*Subject to 15% price increase.

FORD TRACTOR-FERGUSON SYSTEM
HENRY FORD AND SON LIMITED CORK

HOUSE REPAIRS

ALTERATIONS, CONCRETE WORK, PLUMBING, DECORATION, etc.
REID & CO., Builders & Contractors
CULLENSWOOD GARDENS, OFF MERTON DRIVE, RANELAGH
★ Work Promptly Executed at Reasonable Prices
ESTIMATES FREE
Telephones: 92662 and 91854

Houses, Lands, Flats, &c.

HOUSES AND LANDS FOR SALE.

A BANDON House-Hunting—Consult Garvey and Good, Auctioneers, Lincoln place. 'Phone 62468. T

ALBERT MacARTHUR, The Housefinder, MacArthur House, D'Olier street. Telephone 76754 (2 lines.) T

AUCTION Sale, 30th January, 24 Sandycove road; semi-detached, commodious Residence, on over half acre; vacant possession.—Battersby and Co., Auctioneers. S 22

AUCTION Sale, 30th January, "Woodland," Lucan; double-fronted, two-storey House, on half acre; good decorative order.—Battersby and Co., Auctioneers. S 22

AUCTION Sale, 30th January (for High Court), 420 Harold's Cross road; well-built, brick House.—Battersby and Co., Auctioneers, 39 Westmoreland street. S 22

ABSOLUTE Sale, Colmor, Cuibeg, Greenhills road, past Half-way House, neat, semi-detached House, 6 apartments, bathroom, large gardens, garage. Open daily. Auction next Tuesday.—Albert MacArthur, The Housefinder. 22 A

ASHFORD (Wicklow)—28 acre Farm, £850; Residence.—Jones, Auctioneers, Stephen's Green. 24 A

AT Dun Laoghaire, Sandycove, Dalkey (Executor's Sale)—Several attractive Houses, well let to solvent tenants, for Sale; bargains.—Megahey, Sandycove road. 24 A

A HANDSOME, detached, red brick, non-basement Residence; four reception, eight bedrooms; 2½ acres; on tram line. Large selection Houses, all sizes, prices.—Boag, Blackrock (over Manument Creamery). 26 C

ATTRACTIVE, modern, centrally heated House, close to Dundrum Railway Station; all brick; 2 reception, 4 family bedrooms, Esse cooker, etc.; £1,400.—Browne and Dowse, 2 Dawson street. 25 B

BALLSBRIDGE—Commodious House, 10 rooms; wants redecoration; bargain.—S 1350, this office. 22 A

BIG city House, with stable, loft, yard; 36 Hardwicke street, off North Frederick street, near Parnell square; accept first offer £425; open daily, 11 to 5. 24 C

BRAEMAR, Bushy Park road, Terenure, Dublin—Large, modern, detached House, containing every possible convenience, including 3 large reception rooms, 5 bedrooms, dressing room and large nursery; garage for two cars, outhouses, large garden. Seen by appointment only. 'Phone 95609. 24 B

BALLSBRIDGE—£1,150: Well built House; 8 rooms, garden, garage—Battersby, thirty-nine Westmoreland street. 22 A

DALKEY—Attractive, detached Residence, in own grounds, non-basement, every accommodation; fine gardens, tennis court; for Sale at moderate price.—Battersby, thirty-nine Westmoreland street. 22 A

FREEHOLD Ground Rents, £884 yearly, in 18 lots, out of valuable property in Drumcondra district. Auction, January 30th, Battersby's Saleroom. S 22

FAIRVIEW—Freehold, comfortable, eight-apartment Dwellinghouse, with spacious garden, 7 Fairview avenue. Open daily. Auction next Tuesday.—Albert MacArthur, The Housefinder. 22 A

FOUR neat cottage-style, five-apartment Houses, 19, 20, 21, 22 Bridget's avenue, North Strand; income over £130; profitable investment. Auction next Tuesday.—Albert MacArthur, The Housefinder. 22 A

FOR Sale, Ground Rents, £5 each; well secured.—S 1492, this office. 24 B

GROVE Park, Rathmines—Compact Residence, excellent condition throughout; 2 sitting, 4 bedrooms, breakfastroom, good bathroom, bright tiled kitchen, etc.; electric; gardens; conveniently situated; very low outgoings; immediate sale. Key, Adam, 17 Merrion row. 24 B

NOTICE.
IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this Paper, great care should be taken to include the catchwords, when same are given, after the Office Number, thus: "Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope. T

LAND Investment—£5,000; for Sale, 100 acres at Malahide, suitable for building, frontage to two roads; gross outgoing approximately £100 p.a. Full details.—Robert J. Goff and Co., Ltd., 60/61 Lower Mount street, Dublin. 23 B

LOW Reserve—356 Griffith avenue (Glasnevin end), neat, vacant House, 6 apartments, bathroom, large garden, double gates. Auction next Tuesday. Keys, Albert MacArthur, The Housefinder. 22 A

MERTON Drive, Ranelagh—New modern Houses, convenient to schools, shopping centre and churches, 2d. fare to city; inspect up to 7.30 p.m., week-ends included; price £1,285. Telephone No. 92662. 14 X

PEMBROKE—Splendid Residence, nice position; good accommodation; fine garden, space tennis court; for Sale at moderate price.—Battersby, thirty-nine Westmoreland street. T

ROSARIO, Hyde Park avenue, Blackrock—Modern, semi-detached; four bedrooms, garage; £1,350. Key two doors away. 23 A

SEMI-DETACHED House; eight apartments, bathroom; large garden, garage; 'bus route; to Sell or Let.—95 Mount Prospect avenue, Clontarf. 23 A

SKERRIES—Detached Residence, Lis-Danagh House, Holmpatrick, ideal situation, 8 apartments, bathroom, 3 car garage and 2 apartment bungalow. Auction next Tuesday. — Albert MacArthur, The Housefinder 22 A

TERENURE Road, East—Convenient Highfield and Orwell roads; Residence of quality; 2 reception, 5 bedrooms, breakfastroom, kitchen, etc.; gardens, garage; indemnified against rent; price £1,200.—Corrigan and Co., 4 Grafton street. T

£50 YEARLY, out of valuable Licensed Premises, 120 Parnell street; well secured. Auction, 30th January, at Battersby's Salerooms. S 22

£75 NETT income from first class suburban House let to excellent tenant; £812s for immediate disposal.—Browne and Dowse, 2 Dawson street. 25 B

£650 WILL Purchase good sized House; indoor sanitation, orchard and about thirty acres land, nicely situated in country (Midlands); Land Commission annuity and rates about £20. Address "Z 4889, House," this office. 25 C

£1,400—WASDALE Park, Terenure, semi-detached House with garage, 2 reception rooms, 4 bedrooms; rates remission.—Bailey and Sons. 'Phone 95901. 24 B

95194 'PHONE for unrivalled value Houses, Selling or Letting.—Browne, Braemor Park. 22 Z

HOUSES.

TO LET AND WANTED.

TO LET, BALLSBRIDGE
ALL-Brick Houses, 3 and 4 bedrooms, 2 reception, kitchen, bathroom and w.c., garage, coalhouse, etc.; gardens front and rear. Decorated to tenant's choice. Rent, from £8-6-3 monthly, inclusive; or Sell from £965.—Modern Homes, Ltd., Clifford road (off Sandymount avenue), Sandymount. 'Phone 63486.

AT Drimnagh—Modern House, 2 living rooms, 3 bedrooms, bathroom, h. and c., kitchenette, wired for electric light and power, gas; garden front and rear, outhouse; rent 19/- per week, free; £15 rent deposit and reference required.—Associated Properties, Ltd., 100/101 Grafton street. 22 A

AT Sandycove—Choice House, 3 reception, 6 bedrooms, £99 and rates.—Boag, Blackrock (over Monument Creamery). 26 C

AT Portfield Grove, Terenure—To Let or Sell, semi-detached, 6 roomed House. Apply A. Sellars, 8 Garville avenue, Rathgar. 23 F

BRAY—To Let, nine apartments, modern equipments; two minutes train, church, 'bus; £90, free.—S 1515, this office. 24 A

BALLSBRIDGE or near—Modern House wanted to Let; good tenant; state accommodation and rent. S 1542, this office. 25 C

COMPACT, modern House; two reception, three bedrooms, kitchen, garage, garden, on 'bus route. Key, 44 Sandymount avenue. 24 C

CARRIG Brae, B—, gentleman's residence, on over 4 acres, in perfect order, close to railway station; 4 reception, 6 family bedrooms; £200 and rates, P.L.V. £68 10/.—Browne and Dowse, 2 Dawson street. 25 B

DONEGAL Highlands—House to Let (Unfurnished), 7 bedrooms, electric light, water supply; good fishing and shooting. Address "Z 4882, House," this office. 25 B

BALLSBRIDGE—Furnished Flat, sittingroom, two bedrooms, kitchen; linen, some service available. 'Phone 63438. 24 C

BALLSBRIDGE—Absolutely Self-contained, Unfurnished Garden Flat, in detached house, containing 4 rooms, kitchenette, bathroom, own entrance, garden and garage; newly decorated. Particulars, "Ideal Agency," 6 Nassau street. T

COSY Bed-sittingroom, meals as required, select, Morehampton road. 'Phone 63241. T

COMFORTABLY Furnished Flat, Baggot street; all conveniences.—Miss Sheehy, 12 Herbert place. 26 F

DUBLIN Service Flats, 2R Upper Pembroke street. Telephone 62888. Suites, Bed-Sittingrooms; any period; Restaurant. T

DOUBLE Bedroom, suit two friends, in select house, Ballsbridge district; excellent catering; full board £2 0s. 0d., partial £1 10s. 0d. each. Address "Z 4872, Bedroom," this office. 24

Motor Vehicles and Cycles

MOTOR CARS.

AUSTIN 3-ton Lorries, long wheelbase; prompt delivery.—Lincoln and Nolan, Ltd., 57-58 Lower Baggot street, Dublin. Phone 61943-4-5. T

WANTED.

WANTED, American Two Seater (Hudson preferred), 1938 or later. Address "Z 4864, Motor," this office. 24 B

BICYCLES.

ALL-STEEL Raleigh. Cash and Easy Payment Orders sent carriage paid. Models from £5 19/6. All models 10/- deposit.—Stevens, "The Cycle King," 8 Aston's quay, 244 Rathmines road, 171 North Strand. T

B.S.A.—The World's Best Value. A quality Cycle at a reasonable price. Give us a call before deciding on your new model.—Kelly's, Bachelor's Walk. T

RALEIGH.—Call and inspect our range of Models. Catalogues and full particulars.—Kelly's, Bachelor's Walk. T

Employment

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ATLANTIC College, 1 Leeson Park—Your country calling! Radio Officers, Official Training and Examination Centre, Radio and Electrical Engineering. Enrol now. Prospectus free. 24 X

A GREAT GUIDE TO BUSINESS CAREERS is free to you. The School of Accountancy 180p. Guide has directed more men to commercial success than any other book. It explains how to qualify for a highly-paid appointment as Accountant, Company Secretary, Cost Accountant, Auditor, Office Manager or Cashier by spare time postal training. Write to-day.—The School of Accountancy, 31 Regent House, Glasgow, C2. X

COOK-HOUSEKEEPER, Protestant, middle-aged, REQUIRED for County Wicklow; some nursing experience advantageous; maid and general man kept; state wages. Address "Z 4888, Housekeeper," this office. 26 C

EXPERIENCED SHORTHAND TYPIST WANTED, for occasional evening work (Dublin); shorthand speed must stand severe preliminary test; state speeds and terms per hour.—S 1543, this office.

HARDWARE, Furniture, Seeds, Implements—JUNIOR. Address stating age, experience, religion, salary expected (indoor), copies references, "Z 4877, Junior," this office. 25 B

NOTICE.

IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this Paper, great care should be taken to include the catchwords, when same are given, after the Office Number, thus: "Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope.

LADY SUPERINTENDENT REQUIRED immediately for Y.W.C.A., Hostel, Waterford; good housekeeper essential; also one able to conduct meetings if necessary. Apply Mrs. W. E. Jacob, Easton, Tramore, Waterford. 24 B

WANTED, married CHAUFFEUR-HOUSEMAN; best references only. Address "Z 4890, Chauffeur," this office. 24 B

WANTED, Protestant MOTHER'S HELP, COMPANION, care infant and light housework; comfortable home, Dublin suburb; state experience, salary, etc. Address "Z 4873, Mother's Help," this office. 24 A

WANTED, Protestant, single GROOM, experienced training young horses. Address "Z 4419, Groom," this office. 26 C

WATCHMAKER WANTED, Improver, Protestant, for Ulster county town; comfortable home. Address "Z 4884, Watchmaker," this office. 26 C

WANTED, two LADS for Newmarket Flat Race Stable, not over 8-7, able to ride, good work; wages 48/- a week, bonus at end of 1 year's service; expenses paid. Address "Z 4885, Lads," this office. 26 C

WANTED energetic, trustworthy, capable person, help kennels, house, garden; good home, small remuneration.—Morton, Moorlands, Benbridge. 25 B

EDUCATION, TUITIONS, ETC.

GOVERNESS REQUIRED for girl aged 6; teach first lessons; full particulars, copies references.—S 1541, this office.

BIOLOGY Grinds Wanted by girl, Bray. Address "Z 4886, Tuition," this office. 26 B

WANTED, SUBSTITUTE TEACHER, Drumgarley N.S., Newbliss. Apply Rev. H. Dixon, Killevan Rectory, Newbliss, Managhan. 25 B

MEDICAL, NURSING, ETC.

DOCTOR Wanted to Share Consulting Rooms; references exchanged; usual expenses halved.—S 1304, this office.

DENTAL Surgery, adjoining workroom, furnished waitingroom, all services; moderate rent.—S 1303 this office. 25 B

NURSE REQUIRED; C.M.B. training. Apply, personally, Miss Feeney's Home, 23 Adelaide street, Dunlaoghaire.

REPRESENTATIVES.

DUBLIN Wholesale DRAPERY Warehouse REQUIRE a TRAVELLER for Dublin City and district. Replies, which will be treated strictly confidential, to S 1555, this office.

DOMESTICS.

WANTED, CHARWOMAN, Spring Cleaning and Laundress; Dundrum.—S 1557, this office. 25 B

"IRISH TIMES"
EMPLOYMENT REGISTRY.
NO FEES CHARGED.
HOURS ..... 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Saturdays ..... 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.
The Matron has several vacancies on her books for recommended unemployed, experienced and untrained. Placed immediately.
31 Westmoreland Street, Dublin.
Phone: 76555.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS.

CAN lady recommend experienced COOK GENERAL? Fitzwilliam place; state wages.—S 1558, this office 25 B

GOOD COOK GENERAL (£48) and useful SEWING MAID (£40) WANTED by Irish lady; pleasant town, 6 cinemas, safe area; fare advanced. Full references to Abbeyholme, Cheltenham. 24 B

STRONG COOK GENERAL REQUIRED, nice country place; good references; cyclist. Address "Z 4862, Cook," this office. 24 B

WANTED experienced COOK GENERAL, three in family and nurse; house parlourmaid kept. Apply Rosemount, Roebuck road. 24 A

WANTED, young COOK GENERAL; house parlourmaid kept; good references essential. Reply, with copies, to Windsor, Monkstown. 24 A

WANTED immediately, Protestant COOK GENERAL, for modern home in Bangor, Co. Down. Reply, stating experience, age and wages expected, to Box No. 220, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast. 26 C

WANTED for Clyde road, three in family, house parlourmaid kept, good, active COOK GENERAL; must be well recommended.—170, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot Street Bridge.

GENERAL SERVANTS.

AN experienced GENERAL WANTED immediately; modern house; three children; good wages. Call 89 St. Helen's road, Booterstown.

AN experienced GENERAL, or MOTHER'S HELP; good wages and outings; good references essential. Apply, after 7 p.m., 1 Clareville road, Kenilworth Park.

EXPERIENCED GENERAL WANTED, all duties; indoor.—R O 440, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 23 A

WANTED, young GENERAL for Glenageary; good references; three children; house parlourmaid kept; wages £30.—Box 246, Stephens's Library, Dun Laoghaire.

WANTED, Monkstown, superior GENERAL; one lady; must be good plain cook; £30. Address, with copies discharges, "Z 4880, General," this office. 25 B

WANTED, GENERAL (Protestant): Bangor, Co. Down; 1st March; give age, copies of references. Address "Z 4870, General," this office.

NURSES.

WANTED NURSE, two toddlers, all duties; must like country; good references essential. Address "Z 4861, Nurse," this office. 24 B

EDUCATION, TUITIONS (CONTINUED).

FIRST you listen, then—you speak it! Famous Linguaphone French Instruction Course of Gramophone Records; perfect condition with text books. Now 12 guineas, will Sell at low price of 4 guineas.—S 1544, this office.

NURSERY Governess (Catholic) seeks post; capable with children, experienced; highly recommended. S 1470, this office. 24 A

YOUNG Girl seeks post in Dublin, Governess, daily or indoor; could also give French lessons; good at sewing, dressmaking.—S 1539, this office.

DOMESTICS.

RELIABLE Girl wants Office Cleaning; mornings, evenings; recommended.—R O 443, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

WORKING Housekeeper (Protestant), disengaged, trained to all duties; highest reference. Address "Z 4883, Housekeeper," this office. 25 B

"IRISH TIMES"
EMPLOYMENT REGISTRY.
NO FEES CHARGED.
HOURS ..... 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Saturdays ..... 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.
Matron can supply well recommended Domestics, experienced and untrained, in all capacities.
31 Westmoreland Street, Dublin.
Phone: 76555.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS.

AN experienced Cook wishes vacancy soon; near Dublin preferred; understands dairy, etc.—S 1532, this office.

COOK (general) and Children's Nurse (sisters), together; city, suburbs.—S 1476, this office. 24 A

YOUNG, experienced Cook General disengaged; recommended.—S 1416, this office. 23 A

NURSES.

LADY can thoroughly recommend her Nannie after 17 years' service; absolutely trustworthy; would take baby from the month.—Box No. 221, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast. 24 B

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS.

HOUSE Parlourmaid, young, experienced; city or near; good references.—S 1549, this office.

YOUNG Girl wishes post, House Parlourmaid; Kilkenny or Waterford preferred. Address "Z 4849, Girl," this office. 24 A

YOUNG, experienced House Parlourmaid; good references; city or near.—S 1550, this office.

GENERAL SERVANTS.

DAILY General, experienced; central; good references.—S 1538, this office.

GENERAL or House Parlourmaid, thoroughly experienced; excellent, long references.—S 1551, this office.

PROTESTANT, experienced General wants daily work, morning or evening, South city; wages 12/6 week. Address "Z 4890, General," this office. 26 B

YOUNG country Girl wishes situation, General Servant; not out before; highly recommended. Address "Z 4874, General," this office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A VERY experienced Lady Cook Housekeeper (Catholic, young) available; excellent cook and manager; institutions or private house. Apply Miss Moynihan's Bureau, 55 Lower O'Connell street.

A BUTLER or Hall-man. Parlourman wishes vacancy, gentleman's establishm nt, or would like job in hotel, club or college; very highly recommended.—Clarke, Williamstown, Rathvilly, Co. Carlow.

ALL Electrical Work, repairs, appliances. 'Phone Featherstone, 72212, Dublin; 26 Pearse street. 25 C

CAPABLE, reliable person (34), R.C., requires post with children; plain needlewoman. Address "Z 4796, Post," this office

DRAPERY—Conscientious Salesman, good buying experience, 12 years' experience of Manchester and linen departments, desires change.—S 1504, this office. 24 B

EXPERIENCED Dressmak. highly recommended, sew at ladies' homes daily.—S 1556, this office.

EXPERT Typist Bookkeeper (Protestant) desires position, city or country; reasonable salary; splendid references.—S 1561, this office.

FARMER'S Son, good Plough an understands all farm work and farm machinery; well recommended.—Irish Times Branch Office, Wicklow.

GARDENER, thoroughly experienced all branches, 20 years' experience private and market work, very highly recommended, seeks position.—S 1450, this office.

HOUSEKEEPER, all duties; one, two gentlemen; first class experience.—S 1461, this office. 24 A

HOUSEMAID or Waitress, young, experienced; hotel good references.—S 1548, this office.

LADY Cook seeks re-engagement; school or institution preferred, excellent references. Address "Z 4828, Cook," this office. 23 A

LADY highly recommends Useful Help for elderly couple or gentleman alone; willing to do housework and cooking.—R O 445, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

LADY desires post, Companion Help; assist generally; highest references.—S 1562, this office.

MARRIED Couple desires position, Chauffeur, Gardener Handyman; Wife, Cook, Housekeeper; excellent references.—S 1483, this office. 23 D

RESPECTABLE country Girl, Housemaid, hotel or private, experience of both; good reference; city or suburbs.—R O 439, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 23 B

SUPERIOR Housekeeper, Companion Help, or Care Invalid, splendid references. — S 1554, this office.

YOUNG Gentlewoman, experienced household, cookery, help, children knowledge French, horses, driving, needs post; Dublin, Wicklow, South. Address "Z 4801, Gentlewoman" this office. 25 C

MEDICAL, NURSING, ETC.

ANY salary; city, suburbs; Nurse Attendant, elderly, useful, companionable, needlewoman, disengaged; go interview.—8 Rugby Villas, Ranelagh. 24 A

NURSE Attendant, hospital trained, experienced; Protestant, young; highly recommended.—S 1552, this office.

YOUNG lady, R.C., with nursing experience, would go as Nurse Companion or Nurse Attendant in nursing home.—S 1425, this office. 23 B

EDUCATION, TUITIONS, ETC.

ALL Professional and University Preliminaries, Oral and Correspondence.—McGuire's College, Gardiner's Row, Dublin. T

BANK, G.N.R., Matriculation, Professional, C.S., Commercial Examinations.—Vincent's College, 21 Gardiner place. 9 X

DANCING.

GRAHAM School, 110 St. Stephen's Green—Private Lessons any time; classes nightly. Telephone, 51256. T

HORSES, HARNESS, VEHICLES.

FOR Sale, Cart Cob, 15.1, age 7 years, used to all country work. 'Phone 96379. 24 A

TUB Trap, English built, suit 14 hand; inspection invited.—Leahy, Glenane, Kilteagh, Cork. 23 A

DOGS.

ENGLISH Springer Bitch, 18 months, obedient, but untrained; excellent pedigree, approved I.K.C.; suitable for breeding; first offer 4 guineas. 'Phone 61806 or 96065. 25 B

MISCELLANEOUS.

AT Reasonable Prices—Pictures Artistically Framed; Pictures and Mirrors.—Waddington Galleries, 28 South Anne street and 19 Nassau street T

ABDOMINAL Belts, Artificial Limbs, Elastic Stockings, Knee-caps, Anklets, Jock Straps, Suspensory Bandages, Trusses, Ladies' Sprays, Enemas, Douches, Syringes, Braces for Correcting Stoop and Round Shoulders. All Surgical Requisites. Cheapest House in town. Catalogues.—Dublin Medical Stores, Fownes street (off Dame street). T

BARNARDO'S—Famous for Furs. Bolero and Cape in grey-caby squirrel, shaded coney; suitable day or evening wear, 55/-. See windows.—Grafton street, Dublin. T

PIMS Special Bleached Twill Sheets; very special offer; free from filling, splendid wearing quality, size 70 x 90: 10/6 per pair net.—Pim Bros., George's street. S 23

SOUND, invigorating sleep is induced by the comfort of Hillcrest Spring Mattresses. 22 X

WALPOLES offer very dainty, new design 14in Silk Tablecloths, 1¼ yards square, blue, green or gold; price 8/11 each. 10/- orders post free.—Walpoles, Suffolk street, Dublin. T

FOR FURTHER SMALL ADVTS.

SEE PAGE 1.

FEATURES OF FINANCE

BRITISH BANKS' UNDER WAR CONDITIONS

REPLY TO CHARGE OF EXCESSIVE PROFIT-MAKING

FROM OUR LONDON FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.

OF late there has been little further appreciation in Stock Exchange securities, for the buying movement has slackened and there has been some selling on country account. Markets, however, can still be described as steady, and what the brokers call the undertone is firm, thanks partly to the nature of the recent news from Libya.

Gilt-edged securities are well maintained, and are not likely to go back much while a better market has been noticeable of late for the best Industrial equities. There, the rise in prices has reduced the difference in yields afforded by these and gilt-edged securities. Whether this closer approximation of returns will go much further is rather doubtful.

RISE IN DEPOSITS EXPLAINED

More than one bank chairman in his statement on the report given this year in place of the customary annual address to shareholders dealt with the charge made in one particular quarter that, owing to the great expansion in deposits last year the profits of the banks were greatly increased. In other words, that they benefited unduly from war conditions; for, as everybody knows, the increase in resources in the shape of deposits was mainly, if not entirely, due to the heavy Government disbursements. Thus, the banks were placed in possession of a large amount of what is described as "costless credit," a phrase which, to say the least, is very misleading.

The allegation of excessive banking profits is disproved by the 1940 results announced during this month. Any increase in gross earnings which may have come from the expansion in deposits, was fully offset by increased taxation, and a further growth in expenses. As a rule, therefore, net profits were smaller than in 1939, but, thanks to the conservative policy in dividing them, which is a tradition of British banking, it was possible to repeat previous dividends and to further strengthen reserve funds.

HARD FACTS

If the above reasons were not sufficient for the absence of a substantial increase in banking profits last year, the question was effectively dealt with by the Chairman of the Midland Bank, the Right Hon. R. McKenna. He showed that the increase in the deposits of this bank, which he took as an example, amounted to approximately £81,000,000 last year, but a like total was represented by the increase in the holding of cash and of Treasury bills and in the new item of Treasury deposit receipts. Cash gave the bank nothing, Treasury bills yielded 1 per cent., and Treasury deposit receipts 1½ per cent., so that for the whole £81,000,000 the return was rather less than 1 per cent., or barely enough to cover the cost of the new deposits.

These are hard facts which cannot be disputed, and it is to be hoped that we have heard the last of the charge against the banks of reaping unduly large profits from war conditions.

COMPARISON WITH THE LAST WAR

In the statement of the Hon. Rupert E. Beckett, Chairman of the Westminster Bank, which was issued in advance of the annual meeting and in place of the customary address, the opinion was expressed that the expansion in bank deposits and of the magnitude and character experienced during the last fifteen months is unwelcome. He indicated that the proper way in which to use increased funds that result from Government disbursements is to lend them to the Government, though he admitted that ultimately such extra resources usually return to the Treasury in one way or another.

It may be doubted, however, if there is more disposition now to sit on money as an alternative to lending it to the Government than there was during the last war. As Mr. Beckett said, part of the augmentation of bank deposits was due to the postal delays which in recent months have been exceptionally heavy.

Certainly there has been no repetition of the experience of the last war, when a considerable section of the community refused to subscribe to Government loans, partly because the tendency then was for each successive issue to be offered on more favourable terms to the investor; but much of the money which bank depositors then refused to put into War Loans was lent to the Government by the banks in the shape of very short loans to the Treasury, much in the same way that the Government now absorbs the spare balances of the Scottish and clearing banks.

DUTY OF INVESTORS

So far the tendency this time has been towards less favourable terms to subscribers for new Government loans, with the successive issues and the extent to which Saving Certificates, Defence Bonds, Savings Bonds and War Bonds are taken up does not suggest that a considerable proportion of the investing public is holding back. Actually nothing is gained, but a certain amount of interest is lost by leaving money on deposit with the banks, the owners of which might as well take the reasonably attractive terms offered by the securities now on "tap."

Indeed, one could go further and say that this is the duty of the community at a time when the financial needs of the Government are urgent. It is to the investor's own interest to do this, quite apart from the return obtainable on the money, for otherwise it might be necessary to introduce the compulsory method of saving, and it would be much more difficult to avoid a condition of serious inflation.

CONVERSION LOANS BAN

It is reported that the Treasurer of Queensland has complained that his State is unable to convert about £26,000,000 of sterling loans to a lower interest basis. The reference, apparently, is to issues that should have been repaid at par last year, and as these bear interest rates ranging from 3½ to 5 per cent., their replacement by stocks giving much less would be a distinct advantage to the Queensland Government. Since the outbreak of the war the conversion of such loans has been banned by the Imperial Treasury, because the operation involves the opening of a list for cash subscriptions to cover the stock not converted, and which consequently has to be repaid in cash.

It could be argued that holders who refuse to convert and take cash are thus able to subscribe for new War Loans, which otherwise they could not do, but this argument, apparently, does not appeal to the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

SIX PER CENT. ISSUES

If, however, Queensland considers it has a grievance in this matter the State is not alone. There are a good many optional redeemable English Corporation or County Council Loans bearing the exceptionally high rate of 6 p.c., which could have been paid off last year if permission had been given for the necessary Conversion Loan.

Authorities interested in these issues are the County Councils of Essex, Kent and Middlesex, and the Corporations of Brighton, Bristol, Derby, Gateshead, Plymouth, Portsmouth, Reading, Swansea and Wallasey. The aggregate amount of these 6 p.c. loans exceeds £10,500,000, so that if they could be converted to, say, a 3½ p.c. basis, the annual saving in interest would exceed £250,000. This does not allow for the fact that most of the loans were issued at a discount of 5 p.c.

While the stocks are unconverted holders benefit from an exceptionally high rate of interest supposing they bought at or below par.

DISCOUNT COMPANIES

The results of the three London Discount companies for 1940 were regarded as satisfactory, in view of the small profit margin which they received in connection with their bill business during last year. Net profits of the three companies showed some reduction after providing for taxation, the high rate of which was probably responsible for the lower earnings, but all were able to maintain dividends at the same level as paid for 1939.

Most of the profit earned seems to have been obtained from holdings of a large volume of short-dated Government securities, and, according to the Chairman of Alexanders Discount Co., that is likely to continue to be the main source of profit in the present year.

The discount companies have experienced a scarcity of commercial bills, dealings in which in normal times provide a considerable part of their profits, and it is hoped that after the war and when the world returns to a freer exchange of goods they will again benefit from an increased volume of commercial paper.

Satisfactory yields are indicated on the basis of the dividends paid in recent years.

INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY

Further evidence continues to be received testifying to the extraordinary expansion in Canadian industrial activity as a result of the war. The latest issue of the Bank of Montreal's business summary states that war orders continue to provide a tremendous stimulus to industrial activity, which is now well above its previous recorded peak, and it is estimated that during November, 98 per cent. of the capacity of Canada's manufacturing establishments was being employed. The resulting expansion of payrolls, accompanied as it has been by increases in wages, has produced a general augmentation of purchasing power, until it is now placed by some authorities at a rate of not less than $350,000,000 per annum higher than a year ago.

In November last Canadian exports attained a new peak for any month in the last ten years, with a total value of $117,452,000, as compared with $102,972,000 in October and $97,163,000 in November, 1939. For the three months ended October 31 exports totalled $314,960,000, while imports amounted to $291,768,000. These figures do not include gold production, which has been on a steadily rising scale, the estimated output for the current calendar year being valued at around $200,000,000.

Another indication of the improvement in industry is that railway earnings have shown considerable buoyancy both in gross and net results. Gross earnings in November were the highest since 1929, and the weekly returns for December have recorded worthwhile gains, the opening week bringing an expansion of ten per cent. in gross earnings, compared with a year previously.

LONGER WORKING HOURS?

Following the decision of Lloyd's to alter their closing time from 3 to 4 p.m., it has been suggested that the London Stock Exchange should also remain open for one hour longer than at present. In September last it was decided to close the "house" at 2 p.m. instead of 3 p.m., in order to help the London Passenger Transport Board's proposal that the times for leaving for the homeward journey should be "staggered." Now that the period of daylight is lengthening many members would like the "house" to be kept open until 3 p.m., especially as there is still some difficulty in telephoning. Other members consider that business, although broadening, is not sufficient to justify longer working hours, especially as many of them are on Home Guard and civil defence duties. It is believed that the Stock Exchange will decide on an alteration as soon as there is sufficient activity to justify it, but probably only after consultation with the London Passenger Transport Board.

FOOD AND PRODUCE MARKETS

CATTLE.

NORWICH.—Owing to foot-and-mouth disease in Ireland, no Irish store cattle were available, but cattle under detention are likely to be released next Friday. Some 80 store cattle and 500 store sheep were offered, but there were no store pigs because of the Swine Fever Order. Fat cattle, sheep and pigs were allocated under the regulations. Total supplies included 546 sheep and 400 pigs.

CARLISLE.—Irish cattle market remains closed following outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease in Ireland.

DONCASTER.—Short supplies of English dairy cattle; fair demand; best milkers to £40. No Irish milkers or Irish stores. English strirks £12 to £15. Small show of pigs, suckers 6/- to 12/-, stores to 50/-; in-pig sows to £7.

GRAIN.

LIVERPOOL CORN.—The market for forward parcels is irregular. Canadian shippers' offers are the turn in buyers' favour, but Plate parcels are 3d. per quarter dearer. There is no change in Australian. Millers are receiveing regular allocations of spot wheat from the Port Area Grain Committee at the official prices. Feeding stuffs are a firm market. Spot maize is quoted at 10/-, and hominy chop at 11/3 per cwt. BARLEY—There is a fair demand for the small supplies available at 15/5 per cwt. Meal remains at 16/9 per cwt. OATS—English are sparingly offered and are firm at 14/6 per cwt. for feeding and milling qualities. The demand for seed sorts is increasing. Peas and beans are firm, with only limited supplies of imported sorts. FLOUR is in moderate request at unchanged prices.

PROVISIONS.

DUBLIN VEGETABLE.—Cabbage in heavy supplies, with prices easier; other arrivals about steady. York cabbage large 2/6- to 4/0-, extra 6/0-, small 10/- to 20/-; Savoy large 20/- to 40/-, small 10/- to 25/- load, cauliflowers 2/6 to 3/6, seconds 1/- to 1/6 doz., beet 2/- to 3/-, carrots 2/- to 3/- doz. bundles, 6/- to 9/- bag, parsnips 8/- to 10/-, parsley 6d. to 1/- chip, 2/- to 3/6 bag, thyme 5d., celery 1/6 to 4/- bunch, sprouts 1/6 to 2/6 chip, swedes 1/6 to 2/6, mangolds 1/6 to 1/9 per cwt., and rhubarb 3/- to 5/6 doz. bundles.

DUBLIN FISH.—On offer, 6 packages salmon and a small amount from country and local senders. Demand fair at:—Salmon 3/3 to 3/5, soles black 1/6 to 2/6, brill 1/3 to 1/4, turbot 1/6 to 1/9 per lb., plaice 80/- to 105/-, cod 80/- to 85/-, codling 30/- to 70/-, whiting 28/- to 38/-, and ray 35/- to 45/- box.

DUBLIN POTATO.—Short supplies, with prices firm at:—Tipperary Dates, Kerr's Pink and Champions 7/-, others 5/- to 6/6 per cwt.

GRIMSBY FISH.—Lemon soles 31/6, plaice 26/- to 34/-, bream, fillets 18/-, sprag 10/6 to 20/-, cod 10/6 to 20/- ling 10/- to 11/-, jumbo haddocks 11/- to 12/-, smoked haddocks 27/-, smoked fillets 31/-, smoked codlings 24/-, and kippers 9/- per stone.

MANCHESTER FOOD MARKETS

SUPPLY POSITION QUITE SATISFACTORY

So far as the provision trade in Manchester is concerned, while there is a shortage of certain commodities, taken all round the supply position must be regarded as quite satisfactory.

An official summary published recently for the month of November, 1940, shows that at November 30th the average level of retail prices of the articles of food included in the monthly survey was slightly higher than at November 1st. This was due to increase in the price of certain kinds of fish (other than those the prices of which were not controlled by order of the Minister of Food). There was also a slight increase in the average price of potatoes, but other articles of food included in the statistics showed little change.

In bacon distributors report that supplies are being taken up on the full ration basis, and that allocations have included Eireann, English and Canadian. Production at curing establishments continues at a steady pace, no supplies showing little change.

The demand for butter is well up to the coupon allowance, and supplies are quite sufficient to satisfy requirements. The recent spell of cold weather has had a rather adverse effect on egg production, and available supplies of Eirean and home-produced have been readily absorbed at the full maximum prices.

Supplies of fat cattle to the Mode Wheel collecting centre under the Government control scheme were not very heavy, but the quality was well up to the average standard. A few sheep and calves were also received. Arrivals of pigs to the Water street collecting centre were about equal to those of previous weeks, and the greater proportion are still being allocated for bacon.

English lamb is rather short, but distribution of imported and home-killed and mutton was up to recent levels. This week's supplies of home-killed beef included Birkenhead dressed sides.

Since price control came into operation for dead poultry and rabbits supplies have shown a marked falling off, and the former continue to be sold at open prices. Pheasants and partridges are firmly held, but brown hares showed an easier tendency at 6/- each (wholesale).

Miss Alice Hall, of Bedford Park, London, who left £400 to her friend, Lillian M. Pitt, and £200 each to her daughters, Barbara and Christine, expressed the earnest wish that neither of them should invest the money in any property, society, or company under the domination, influence or control of the Labour Party.

FINANCIAL NOTES

Company Meeting Dates

Companies are urged by the Share and Loan Department of the London Stock Exchange to send to the department as soon as possible the date (or approximate date) of the board meeting at which it is expected the payment (or the non-payment) of interest or dividends will be considered. Immediate action is stated to be of the utmost importance in view of delays in communications. As the decision when generally known may have considerable effect on the price of a security, the knowledge that such a meeting is being held will be of great service to the market pending the receipt of the full details here, states the secretary of the department. It is also requested that full particulars of all dividends recommended or declared be communicated to the department immediately after the board meeting at which the decision is made, and simultaneously to the Press.

Position of London Banks

With the issue of Lloyds Bank balance-sheet it is possible to give a summary of the position of the five big London joint stock banks. The combined deposits have reached the new high level of £2,406 millions, a rise of £312 millions over the figure at the end of 1939, equal to an increase of 14.9 per cent. Compared with the figure at 30th June, the increase is £286.3 millions. The total cash items have expanded by £36.9 millions on the year to £500.3 millions, the ratio to deposits being 20.8 per cent. (against 22.1 per cent.). Investments are £136.9 millions higher at £637.1 millions, and the deposit ratio is up to 26.5 per cent. from 23.9 per cent. Advances have declined £82.2 millions to £779.2 millions.

Tobacco Securities' Trust

Since the company is a purely holding concern, the accounts of Tobacco Securities Trust are not much more informative than the preliminary statement previously issued. The report to October 31 last confirms the net profit at £498,910, against £535,700, comprising dividend, interest, fees, etc. Increased tax rates must here mask a considerable improvement in the gross figure. As already announced, the Ordinary dividend is maintained at 16 per cent. At 2½ the Ordinary stock offers a yield of a fraction under 6 per cent. on this dividend, now paid for four years in succession. Sir Hugo Cunliffe-Owen, who is presiding over the affairs of the company while Lord Catto is seconded to the Treasury, states that the company succeeded in disposing of its much reduced balance of shellac at greatly improved prices, and now no longer has any interest in the commodity. Forecasting in the circumstances is hazardous in the extreme.

Irish Railways

The market in Irish Railway Stocks has been rather subdued during the past few days, and after the recent activity and strength of this group the tendency is to mark time. These stocks have proved very disappointing to holders in the past, with the result that investors must have more definite signs of improved conditions before they will be tempted into the market. The rationing of petrol has, no doubt, helped these companies. The Great Southern Company traffics for the first two weeks of the year show an increase of £28,480. Under existing conditions the outlook looks decidedly brighter. The Debenture Stock can be bought now at 53 to give the high yield of £7 10s. 11d. per cent.

Oil Output Increased

According to "World Petroleum," world oil output in the first ten months of 1940 approximated 1,801,217,000 barrels, compared with 1,713,551,000 barrels in the similar period of 1939, an increase of 87,666,000 barrels, or 5.12 per cent. The United States was responsible for 62.7 per cent. of the total. Russia continued to hold second position among oil-producing countries, output being estimated at 182,660,000 barrels, an increase of 2,153,000 barrels, or 1.2 per cent. On the other hand, production in Venezuela has been restricted, and is down by some 14,725,000 barrels, or 8.5 per cent. Mexico, once the second largest producer, is now seventh on the list, but output in the ten months is up by some 1,247,000 barrels, or 3.9 per cent. A decline of 1,919,000 barrels, or 7.5 per cent., is estimated in respect of Iraq. The British Empire produces only about 2.5 per cent. of the world total.

DUBLIN STOCK EXCHANGE

RISES AND FALLS OF THE WEEK

The following are the rises and falls in stocks and shares dealt in on the Dublin Stock Exchange during the past week, as compared with the prices recorded or dealt in on January 17th:—

RISES.

	Prices. Jan. 17.	Prices. Jan. 24.	
Fourth Nat. Loan ...	101	101¼	+¼
Conversion Loan ...	105½	105¾	+¼
Finan. Agree. Loan..	104¾	104¾	+¾
Exchequer Bonds ...	106½	107¼	+¾
Land Bonds	111	111¾	+¾
Local Loans	89½	89¾	+¼
Dublin Port 3 p.c. Red. Stock	83⅓	85	+1⅔
Dublin Port 4 p.c. Stock	98½	99	+½
Provincial Bank	32/6	32/9	+0/3
G.N.R. Gtd.	34½	35	+½
Guinness Pref.	14	14½	+½
Dub. Tram Ord. ...	13/1½	13/7½	+0/6
Alliance Gas Ord. ...	21/9	23/6	+1/9
Cement Deb.	107½	108½	+½
Carroll Pref.	23/-	24/0	+0/3
Gallaher Ord.	92/6	93/3	+0/9
Goulding Ord.	25/0	25/3	+0/3
B.A.T. Ord.	93/0	93/3	+0/3

FALLS.

	Prices. Jan. 17.	Prices. Jan. 24.	
Second Nat. Loan ...	111¼	111¼	-¼
Third Nat. Loan ...	110	109¾	-¼
Consols	77½	77¼	-¼
War Loan	103⅞	103¾	-¼
Funding Loan	114	113¾	-¼
3½ p.c. Conv. Loan...	107¼	104	+¼
India 3½ p.c Stk....	97	96¾	-¼
Bank of Ireland	285	283	-2
M. and L. Bank	92/0	91/0	-1/0
G.S.R. Pref.	10	9¾	-¼
Do. Guar.	26¼	26	-¼
Do. Deb.	54	53	-1
Cairnes Pref.	16/0	15/0	-1/0
Shell. Trans. Ord.J...	46/0	45/9	-0/3
Browne & Nolan Pf.	20/0	19/0	-1/0
Carroll Ord.	24/0	23/6	-0/6
Cement Pref.	27/9	27/0	-0/9
C'dalkin Paper Ord.	5/9	5/6	-0/3
"Inspt." 7½% Pref.	30/0	27/6	-2/6
Irish Dunlop Pref....	27/0	24/6	-2/6
Irish Sugar Pref.	24/6	24/3	-0/3
Irish Tanners Pref.	24/9	24/6	-0/3
May Roberts Ord. ...	43/6	43/0	-0/6
Dunlop Rubber Ord.	33/10½	33/4½	-0/6
Imp. Chem. Ord. ..	30/3	30/0	-0/3
Lever Bros. and Unilever Ord.	24/4½	23/7½	-0/9
Vickers Ord.	15/4½	14/11½	-0/6½
Courtaulds Ord. ...	53/6	52/6	-1/0
Eng. Sew. Cot. Ord.	28/6	27/9	-0/9

NEW YORK METAL MARKET

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

NEW YORK, Saturday.

Copper—The trade is hoping that the Defence Authorities will relieve the tightness by releasing a portion of the Latin-America acquisitions, which now, it is reported, will begin to arrive in February. Japan is believed to have obtained some export copper for quick shipment by paying 13½ cents. The reflected the Singapore market, but consumers are holding aloof. The Metals Reserve Company is reported to have absorbed 5,000 tons during the past fortnight, and their acquisitions now approximate 40,000 tons. The United States Navy bought 475 tons on a net basis of 50.13 cents. Spot New York gained 5 on the week and closed at 50.20, while the price for 30-days lost 5 and closed at 50.10. A steady demand continues for **Lead and Tinplates. Steel** buyers are still actively seeking extended coverage, reflecting anxiety over supplies, in spite of the fact that the informal shipment of priorities exercised so far by producers has resulted in a total absence of production delays to any consuming industries. Buying of scrap has increased somewhat, but uncertainty is still apparent.

LONDON MONEY MARKET

The stringent money conditions which characterised the London Money market in the past few days were still apparent in Lombard Street on Saturday morning. Loans over the week-end were only available at 1 per cent. with clearing lenders. The shortage of outside funds was apparent at the bill tender on Friday, when applicatio dropped from £146,035,000 to £139,490,000. The average discount rate came out at £1 0/4.04 per cent., against £1 0/1.28 per cent. the previous week. The syndicate's allotment rose from 27 per cent. to 28 per cent.

No changes occurred in the Foreign Exchange market on Saturday. The Bullion market was closed.

WIDESPREAD GAINS ON WALL STREET

EXTENSION OF RALLY SEEMS LIKELY

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

NEW YORK, Saturday.

The Stock Market to-day was uninteresting, with the rallying tendency very feeble. However, minor fractional gains were well distributed on a little short covering and new buying, on the theory that the technical condition is healthier. Traders hugged the side-lines owing to the possibility of war shocks and taxation uncertainties, as well as the Lend and Lease conflict in Congress.

The opening was steady, with the leading Steels supported. Mill activity in the Youngstown district next week is estimated at 95 per cent., and in the Pittsburgh area at 99 per cent. of capacity. Rails retained their equilibrium. Oil and Packing company issues attracted followings. Aircrafts were narrow. Meanwhile, a moderate extension of the rally seems to be indicated. The close was steady.

	Sat.	Fri.
Call Money	1%	1%
London Cables	4.03½	4.03½
Montreal Cables	4.84¼	4.86¼

| Parity. |

LATE BISHOP WHITE

CANON GREEN'S TRIBUTE

SERVICE IN CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL

A SERVICE of Remembrance of Bishop Harry Vere White, D.D., was held in Christ Church Cathedral at 11 a.m. yesterday. Bishop White was, from 1918-21, Dean of the Cathedral. Members of the late Bishop's family and many of his friends were present. Holy Communion was celebrated by the Archbishop of Dublin. The special music was feelingly and beautifully sung by the choir. The first Lesson was read by the Dean, and the second by the Rev. R. J. Ross, Headmaster of the Grammar School.

The sermon was preached by the Rev. Canon Denton C. Green, who spoke in grateful remembrance and appreciation of Bishop White's long ministry, which included three years as Dean of the Cathedral. He recalled instances of the Bishop's chivalrous courage in defending unpopular or misunderstood causes and men, and bore testimony to the breadth of view which made the Bishop's intervention a starting point for a truer perspective, and lifted discussion to a higher level.

His, he said, was the true tolerance which meant something quite other than indifference, which implied, to use his own words, readiness to work with those from whom one seriously differed, ever mindful of the possibility of being oneself mistaken, and with the open mind which is not popular in theological matters in Ireland.

A GREAT OCCASION

In 1922, soon after his consecration to be Bishop of Limerick, Dr. Vere White was called to preach in St. Patrick's Cathedral on the eve of the meeting of the General Synod. It was a great occasion, when the Church looked back over fifty years since her disendowment and disestablishment. It was also the first year of the new *régime* in Ireland, when the future was very dark and uncertain. His sermon was one of characteristic courage and frankness, coupled with a broadminded appreciation of the good work of other churches in Ireland. Courageous in its claim for the Church of Ireland that it has its share in St. Patrick and St. Columb, no less than in Ussher and Berkeley; and generous in its testimony to the striking witness borne by our Roman Catholic brethren in so vital an aspect of our common faith, as worship; it claimed said Canon Green, that we confer a distinct service to the land in guarding and proclaiming the liberty of God's children in his message to the people of God, that they go forward, said the preacher, Bishop White reminded us how the Church had been led forward during the preceding difficult and anxious half-century. Our fathers were troubled lest the scientific assertion of evolution and development might endanger some vital point in the Christian faith; but now we thank God that creation has widened in man's view. "Maker of heaven and earth," in our Creed, conveys to us nobler conceptions to our forefathers.

Our fathers were troubled lest the historical study of the Bible might rob the sacred books of their authority; but now we thank God, Who has led us to yet more helpful use of our divine library. And, once again, how much more blessed is our hope of immortality, no longer darkened by a fear that any should suffer torments through ignorance or frailty.

"CATHOLICITY AND FREEDOM"

These wider views and better convictions were not achieved without travail, and the memory of that maturing and growth should be our stay in the difficult days of transition in which we now live, and the yet more difficult and anxious days which may be ahead. "Catholicity and Freedom" was the title he gave to that sermon, and the same noble combination, coupled with personal devotion, proved of invaluable assistance in the recent revision of the Book of Common Prayer. His own experience overseas, his six years as Irish Secretary of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, and his broad sympathies, all joined to exert a powerful influence on his generation, to open its eyes to those world-wide movements that are now called Œcumenical, and thus did something substantial to lessen our insularity, and to make us mindful of the great Church to which we belong. We thank God for the memory and example of this, His faithful and gifted servant; and we pray to follow his message, which he himself first practised, that we go forward as the people of God.

IRISH NEWS IN BRIEF

Loans for Farmers.—At a special meeting on Saturday Limerick County Council decided to raise a loan of £10,000 for distribution among needy farmers for the cultivation of wheat and potatoes. The amount to be given to each applicant was limited to £20.

* * *

Minister to Attend Ploughing Match.—A letter from Dr. Ryan (Minister for Agriculture) stating that he would be present at the National Junior All-Ireland Ploughing Championship at Cork was read at a meeting of the Ploughing Festival Committee in Cork on Saturday.

* * *

Death Follows Fall.—A verdict of death from shock and heart failure, accelerated by injuries received through falling downstairs on Thursday last, was returned by the Dublin City Coroner at an inquest on Saturday on Mrs. Margaret Murphy (80), of 18 Sean McDermott street, Dublin, who died in Jervis Street Hospital.

* * *

Listowel Fire.—£65 in notes and some cheques were destroyed by fire on the licensed premises of Mr. Patrick Halpin, Church street, Listowel, on Saturday morning. With the help of neighbours and Gardai, the blaze, which was confined to the shop premises, was quickly subdued, but not before a good deal of damage was done to stock.

* * *

To Stand As M.P.—Mr. John McCall, J.P., Hilldene, Holywood, has consented to let his name go before the Committee of the North Down Unionist Association as candidate to fill the vacancy in the Northern Parliament caused by the death of Viscount Craigavon. Mr. McCall is one of the most active members of the Orange Order, being Deputy Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Ireland.

* * *

To Extend Use of Irish.—The Gaelic League, in an effort to introduce the Irish language more widely into business, are at present canvassing establishments in the city and supplying cards for exhibition indicating, when exhibited, that business can be transacted there through the national language. Establishments wishing to exhibit these cards may obtain them from the Secretary, Dublin City Committee of the Gaelic League, 14 Parnell square, Dublin.

FALSE TEETH
and false economy

Artificial teeth can only effectively replace natural ones as long as they fit absolutely perfectly. To persist in wearing a loose denture which causes discomfort and embarrassment is false economy because the trouble can so easily be put right. KOLYNOS DENTURE FIXATIVE, *for making false teeth fit firmly*, will hold it securely in position for many hours, ensuring comfort, confidence and proper mastication. Recommended by Dentists. Handy sprinkler tin 1/3, large 'Economy' size 3/3, from all Chemists.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

CLERGYMEN'S CARS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—Strange as it may seem, there is no serious difference of opinion between me and your clerical correspondents, except, possibly, over the meaning of the words "privileged class." I was at fault, and I admit it without hesitation, in omitting to modify my reference to clergymen and their petrol by stating that in big country parishes extra allowances would be necessary if the clergy were to carry out their duties. However, if the petrol which he needs—really needs—is supplied to a man like "HI 3111" (whose very fair and reasonable comments made me feel quite contrite), there is not much "privilege" about it.

Parts of the letter of the Rev. A. Hobson oblige me, in defence of my motoring friends, to state that some at least of them were men whose attachment to their Churches would restrain me from voicing any anti-clerical sentiment, however mild, in their company. Had it not been that they felt as deeply as any about clergymen being treated as a "privileged class," I never should have written about it.

In every country there are men whose services are just as essential to the life of the community as those of clergymen, yet the Government's announcement about extra petrol rations included only clergymen, doctors, and newspaper delivery operatives. That, certainly, was picking out the clergy as a "privileged class," and—speaking for myself, for some of my motoring friends, I am sorry to say, display Fascist weaknesses—in a democracy there is no place for "privileged classes."

A commercial traveller in the North of Ireland told me that, as the recipient of an extra petrol allowance, he had to be careful never to use his car for non-business purposes, as the police had the right to question him on the subject. Can Mr. Hobson imagine a Civic Guard reporting a clergyman whose car he found parked outside a cinema, a golf course, or a race meeting? And, in case any further correspondents feel like jumping on me as an "anti-God man," let me forestall them by saying that I do occasionally go to church, and that I have a sincere admiration for a number of clergymen, of various denominations.—Yours, etc.,

HAROLD C. BROWN.

Dublin, January 24th, 1941.

STATIONERY PRICES

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I commented in your paper twelve months ago upon the charges made for stationery in Dublin. Your readers may be interested in the following:—

I asked my wife to order me a supply of examination paper, and to make sure, in the event of any difficulty, that I had at least one ream for immediate use. She visited two well-known stationers. The first did not seem to be very clear as to what was meant by "examination paper," and could produce nothing in that line except ruled foolscap. The second appeared only to keep one line, the price of which was stated to be 8s. 6d. a ream. My wife bought a ream.

A day or two later I made inquiries myself from a third stationer and was at once supplied with an excellent paper, for which I was charged 3s. 6d. I carried a ream of this away with me, and four or five days later (satisfied with the paper) I sent an order for twelve reams.

I wrote to the stationer who had supplied the paper to my wife, saying that the price was excessive, and that the paper might be collected and my account credited accordingly. I received a letter in reply regretting that the price charged (8s. 6d.) ought really to have been 7s. a ream.

Later I received my parcel of twelve reams from the other stationer, and upon unpacking it I found that the invoice (enclosed in the parcel) showed a "revised price" of 5s. 6d. ream.

My telephone number is on my notepaper, but it was thought proper to complete the order without question, leaving me to find—when I had unpacked the parcel—that the price had been "revised," in the course of a week, to the extent of 57 per cent. increase.—Yours, etc.,

A. B. CRAIG.

Aravon, Bray, Co. Wicklow,
January 25th, 1941.

TOWN-PLANNING AND THE "IRISH TIMES"

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—The article by "Civis" in Saturday's issue records a fine achievement, and indicates to one person, at all events, that the journal over which you have the honour to preside really does uphold the best traditions of the Press. That the *Irish Times* was actively interested in town-planning thirty years ago, when it appeared to be the invention of a few chocolate-making Quaker oddities, is noteworthy; but when the proposals sponsored through the years by various editorial pens are seen to be practically all embodied in the Consultants' report the feeling must be one of repect for such persistence and perspicacity.

I have followed in your columns the fortunes of the flat-cottage controversy, and noted the recent trend of thought imposed by the war on dense building as set forth in the addendum to the Consultants' report. I have also studied elsewhere some preliminary discussions on the replanning of London and other English cities. I cannot help feeling that the check imposed on the "warehousing" of people in big flat areas, quite apart from the air menace, will do nothing but good.

It is true, of course, that vertical building for the poor was done even in Babylon and ancient Rome; but I believe that to-day the spiritual malaise of the people, due to a top-heavy and much too complicated civilisation, may have one cure in the planting of as many families as possible on the good earth and nursing them back to a proper sense of living values and a less difficult to practice Christianity before it is too late.—Yours, etc.,

MARGARET ORR.

101 Howth road, Dublin,
January 25th, 1941.

OUR LANGUAGE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—Gaelic Leaguers have been noted for making extravagant statements about the language, but, I think, Senator Liam O Buachalla, in the Senate recently, put previous howlers to shade.

He said that anyone who wished could learn Irish. It is a matter of common experience that thousands of Irishmen have earnestly tried to acquire Irish, but have failed. Most school children, through learning Irish at white heat for over seven years, fail to speak and write it.

Further, he said that there was no ambiguity in the Irish language. The first word in the dictionary, *a*, has about ten different meanings. It can mean *his, her, its, their, who, that, whether, all that, out of, the. . . .*; *saor* means free and cheap. *Tá súil agam* means I have an eye and I hope. Every schoolboy knows that the inflections in Irish are hopelessly redundant and ambiguous.

The supporters of Eirish hold that it is not the Irish people that are to blame, but the Irish language itself. Eirish removes the gross defects in the language, so that everyone can acquire it without tears or fears.—Yours, etc.,

P. E. TEACHER.

Co. Down, January 25th, 1941.

A.R.P.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I was pleased to see that my letter of a few days ago provoked two further letters in your issue of to-day. "Searchlight" approves the formation of fire-fighting groups, and thinks that an expenditure of 7s. per household is reasonable. Perhaps so, but is that a good reason why a piece of equipment of a value of 10s. to 15s., or of alternative and equally efficient equipment at a cost of 5s., should be offered to the public at 35s.? Why should the good citizen be exploited?—Yours, etc.,

"SELF-HELP."

Dublin, January 25th, 1941.

A new telephone exchange of the unit automatic type has been opened at Carrickfergus. With this type of exchange a Carrickfergus subscriber can get into telephonic communication with any other subscriber on the Belfast, Carrickfergus, Castlereagh, Dundonald, Dunmurry, Holywood and Whitedonald, Dunmurry, Holywood and Whitehead Exchanges without the intervention of an operator.

The Week's Films
IS "DUBBING" REALLY SUCCESSFUL?

By Our Cinema Correspondent

Cary Grant.

"DUBBING" a film is, briefly, translating the dialogue from the original language into some other in such a way that the movements of the players' lips will be the same in both languages. It is obvious that such a translation cannot be idiomatic or completely faithful; but, apart from the striking and original quality of the film itself, **Un Carnet de Bal,** at the Astor this week, is worth seeing as a tolerably successful example of "dubbing."

I doubt, however, if a French picture can be "dubbed" with complete success. Gesture is almost a part of the French language; it has little part in the delivery of the less emotional and less explosive language of the Englishman. Members of the Irish Film Society, who saw **Un Carnet de Bal** in its original French form last November, and who go to the Astor, will find a damping down of the sharp effect of the original. The difference is hard to describe. Perhaps the nearest explanation of it is to say that a "dubbed" film bears something like the same relation to the original as the average translation of a book bears to the original.

A more effective method of rehandling a continental film is, surely, that taken with the Austrian film, **Maskerade,** which was re-made, shot by shot, with American actors and actresses speaking an English translation of the original German.

Yet despite the "dubbing" and a considerable amount of cutting, the present reproduction of **Un Carnet de Bal** is, I repeat, well worth seeing. The conception of the film is original, and carried out with vividness and imagination. And the cast is truly "all star." The story tells the adventures of a rich young widow, sad and bored, who finds a dance programme of her sixteenth year filled with the names of her lovers. She sets out to find what has happened to them since, and in a series of episodes we see them as they are now. The episodes are brilliantly acted, and they move us in turn to laughter, horror and tears.

Savoy

Once upon a time, not so very long ago, a Hollywood producer had a severe attack of conscience. So he kicked "box office," through the window and made a film of lasting worth—a grim, savage indictment of people and politics, artistic, intensely moving, with little love in it, and no happy ending. The film was "The Grapes of Wrath." It did not make his company very much money, but it did draw congratulations from every part of the English-speaking world.

Unfortunately this conscience-stricken producer gave his colleagues in other companies an idea. They discovered that there were poor farming folk in America whose holdings had been swept clean of arable soil by terrific winds, and they discovered, too, that these forgotten people were suddenly front page news. So they took the theme of "The Grapes of Wrath" and they turned it and twisted it, adding love interest here, cutting out grim reality there, and all the time sweetening liberally with sentiment and happy endings.

There is more than a faint suggestion of "The Grapes . . . ." in **Gold Rush Maisie.** There are the poor homesteaders who have been driven from their land. There is a long trek in a ramshackle motor car, although the Mecca this time is a gold town, not the fruit farms of California. Starvation is faced when the ore yields little gold, and then—enter the fairy godfather. True, this is mostly background. Well in the foreground is strident-voiced Ann Sothern, hard, bullying, wise-cracking on the outside, but with a heart containing more gold than there is in all the States of the Union.

Adelphi

So many weeks have passed since the Adelphi has shown a poor film that I begin to wonder if they ever did. Nobody could ask for a more refreshing, deliciously amusing comedy than the film version of Gerald Savory's famous play about suburbia, **George and Margaret.** Brilliant, faintly P. G. Wodehouse, in dialogue and situation, and magnificently cast, with actors and actresses of real merit, it runs through to its ingenious ending with scarcely a pause to allow one peal of laughter to die before another begins. And what a change from the eternal, noisy Hollywood picture! The American "wise-crack" is certainly witty and pointed, but it lacks the warm humour of the backchat in a British comedy. Here we laugh with the victim and not merely at him.

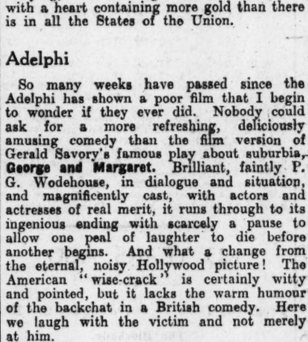
Frankly, I did not think I would have had the courage to sit through the supporting film, "Three Cheers for the Irish," but I did—and thoroughly enjoyed it. Thomas Mitchell brings real humour into the story of an Irish-American "cop" who becomes alderman in spite of himself.

Carlton

How would you like to go to your own funeral, to listen to the trial of the person convicted of your murder, and to have people walking through you, not able to hear your frantic shouts or see your wild gestures? Warner Baxter is faced with this prospect in **Earthbound,** and does not like it one little bit. This extremely unusual film deals with Andrea Leeds' efforts to prove the innocence of the man convicted of murdering her husband. Throughout her investigations she is followed by a very wispy Baxter, who finally manages to inspire her efforts, which, of course, are crowned with success.

He is not completely alone, however, as wandering through the picture there is Charley Grapewin in a black cloak, who appears, like Joan Crawford, to have "got religion," and who is the only person with whom Baxter can converse.

This is an entertaining and original film, which should be seen. The second feature is "Girl in 313," also an excellent production, with Florence Rice. In fact, a thoroughly good programme.



Lee Bowman.

Regal Rooms

It would seem at times that every possible aspect of life in Alaska had already been used as a story for the screen, but life in Alaska is such that it almost always bears repeating. Blizzards, snowstorms, and huskie dogs "mushing" across the snow are always a stirring sight, especially from a comfortable seat in a comfortably warmed cinema. **Girl from God's Country**—a new picture, by the way, not a re-issue—is about a girl from the United States, who thought Alaska "romantic," and the men and women who worked there, particularly in the medical service among the Esquimaux, "noble"; so, as she was a nurse, she decided to become a nurse in Alaska. It was not anything like what she expected, and she would have gone home on the next boat had there not been a very inspiring doctor there in the person of Chester Morris. This all sounds very banal, but actually "Girl from God's Country" is a highly enjoyable out-of-doors picture, with a lot of good photography of superb scenery, and convincing acting by Chester Morris, Jane Wyatt, Charles Bickford, some huskies, and a few Esquimaux.

The supporting film is "Rocky Mountain Rangers," a full-blooded "wild-wester."

Corinthian

First we had the Jones Family, then the Hardy Family, and now we have the Aldriches, who find it somewhat difficult to live up to the high standard set by their predecessors. They do their best, however, and **Life With Henry,** taken by itself, is an entertaining film. The story deals with Henry's efforts to scrape up enough money to go on a holiday to Alaska with a big business magnate. This has to be accomplished in the face of grave parental disapproval, and as each new scheme of Henry's meets with disaster the outlook becomes blacker and blacker. The clouds, of course, eventually roll back, and everyone is happy—after seventy-five minutes of laughs, pathos, bathos, and rather too much moralising. Jackie Cooper struggles manfully with the part of Henry, but throughout gives the impression of an overgrown schoolboy. But the film should be seen, if only to watch Eddie Broeken impersonating someone with a stutter, asthma, hiccups, St. Vitus' dance and a delayed action sneeze all at the same time.

The second feature is "Stagecoach War," with Bill Boyd, a rousing Western.

The Gay Mrs. Trexel (Capitol) is retained. A satire or a comedy—take your pick. Joan Crawford proves herself an actress of talent, and Fredric March again proves himself the screen's most captivating "drunk."

* * *

Pygmalion (Green), the adaptation of Shaw's famous play, is a memorable screen achievement.

* * *

Waterloo Bridge (Grafton). You may see "Gone With the Wind" soon; meantime see Vivien Leigh, its star, in this film. Tearful, but very moving.

* * *

Spring Parade (Theatre-de-Luxe), a fairy tale with a Viennese setting, with Deanna

Chester Morris and Jane Wyatt.

Durbin, Robert Cummings and Mischa Auer, is featured for a full week.

* * *

Hired Wife (Metropole), retained for a further week, is another version of the matrimonial mix-up theme. Brian Aherne manages to be married and engaged at the same time. Rosalind Russell and Virginia Bruce are the victims.

* * *

Second Fiddle (Grand Central) is about an over-zealous publicity expert who nearly loses his one true love. With Sonja Henie, Tyrone Power, Rudy Vallee and Edna May Oliver.

* * *

Passport to Fame (Regent, Blackrock), with that fine actor, Edward G. Robinson, and Jean Arthur, is shown until Thursday, when Bing Crosby and Gloria Jean sing and joke in "If I Had My Way." Also, "Ma, He's Making Eyes at Me."

* * *

When the Daltons Rode (Astoria, Glasthule) is an exceptionally good Western, with Randolph Scott, Kay Francis, Brian Donlevy, and George Bancroft in the cast. From Thursday, "Gangs of Chicago" (Lloyd Nolan and Lola Lane), and "Young Buffalo Bill" (Ray Rogers), two more good films.

* * *

The Last Outpost (Theatre Royal) is a re-issue of a very topical war picture, dealing with a desert campaign, with Cary Grant and Claude Rains.

DARTMOOR CONVICT RECAPTURED

HAD BEEN FREE FOR SEVEN HOURS

After enjoying little more than seven hours' freedom, Gordon Horsfall, 55 years old Dartmoor convict, who escaped from prison at 11 a.m., was recaptured soon after "blackout" on Saturday. He is serving a sentence of six years' penal servitude.

One of a working party employed at the back of the gas-house at the prison, he was suddenly missed by the warders on Saturday morning. Cordons were immediately thrown round the prison and wardens rushed by car to various parts of the moor. Private cars were stopped and their occupants questioned, and Horsfall's description was circulated over a wide area.

No trace of him was found, however, until darkness was beginning to shroud the moor. Then a stranger called at a lonely cottage at Mist Tor, within a mile of the prison, and asked for a cup of tea. The cottagers quickly realised that he was the escaped convict and one of them informed the prison authorities. When warders arrived at the cottage Horsfall quietly returned with them to the grim, grey building a mile away.

"NO PARTY POLITICS"

MR. GANDHI'S ADVICE TO STUDENTS

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

NEW DELHI, Sunday.

Mahatma Gandhi has written to the Secretary General of the All India States Federation advising that students should not take part in party politics," says All India Radio.

He says that they may hear all parties, but their business is to assimilate the truth of all and reject the balance. Immediately they dabbled in party politics they ceased to be students, and would therefore fail to serve the country in her crisis.

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE NOTES

THE RE-OPENING OF "86"

LADIES' SWIMMING CLUB GALA

BY OUR CORRESPONDENT.

THIS week will see the official opening of 86 St. Stephen's Green, an event which is awaited with very great interest, and even greater hopes. As far back as the beginning of last term it was rumoured, and generally believed, that the opening of the famed building was a matter of days, or, at the most, weeks, and since then various dates have been circulated on which the reconstruction would "definitely" be completed. Now, however, the day is chosen, and the ceremony selected is a dance to be run under the auspices of the S.C.R., which will be held in the Theatre on Thursday next, from 9 to 3 o'clock. The dance is out of the ordinary, firstly because there are to be no complimentary tickets, and secondly because the price of the tickets is seven shillings and sixpence. A Ladies' Committee has been busy making arrangements for the dance, and to this committee the whole question of the providing of supper has been left. This opening ceremony has been much talked of in College—in fact, it was a main topic—but there does not seem to be much agreement of opinion on the subject. Some say, however, that it is most appropriate, and, on the face of it, looks to be well planned and thought out. During this week, too, nominations for the S.R.C. elections take place, and the elections themselves will probably be held within the next fortnight. The Returning Officer is Mr. David Hanly, while the legal assessor is Mr. Liam Boyd. The duties of both are somewhat difficult, as there is no very strong precedent for them to follow. However, Mr. Hanly has posted notices on the S.R.C. announcing that nominations for the representatives of societies on the Council close to-day, and nominations for other members and for the Presidential candidates close to-morrow. There may be as many as five candidates for the Presidency, in which case the election would be an exceedingly interesting one.

MR. LIAM BOYD.

Last week in these notes there were a number of inacuracies concerning the career in College of James Joyce. Mr. C. P. Curran, in a letter to the *Irish Times*, corrected the mistakes, and gave a true account of the various incidents mentioned. As Mr. Curran pointed out, it was by the late Hugh Kennedy, Chief Justice of Saorstat Eireann, that Joyce was defeated for the Auditorship of the L. and H., and not by Francis Skeffington. Furthermore, Joyce did on one occasion have an article printed in *St. Stephen's*—an essay on Mangan (James Clarence Mangan), while he did *not* go by the names of "Jimmie" and the "Hatter." Such a plethora of mistakes in a paragraph are not easily excused, but it can be successfully pleaded that they were caused by incorrect statements in an authority which, up to this, has been found uniformly reliable—"A Page of Irish History."

INTERESTING LECTURES

An interesting series of lectures is being given during this term on Tuesday afternoons at 3.30. The lecturer is Dr. Ludwig Bieler, and his subject, "An Introduction to Mediæval Latin." So far, there has been a good attendance at the lectures, which is not surprising, as the matter contained in Dr. Bieler's discourses has a special advantage in being somewhat out of the ordinary, and therefore likely to appeal to the curious and to all seekers of knowledge.

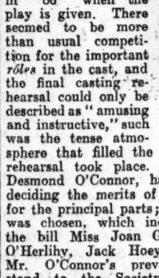
The Commerce Society held a meeting on Monday last and debated the motion, "That we should not sacrifice our national aspirations to the cause of economic progress." On this sort of subject the Commerce Society is at its best, combining fiery political sentiment with some knowledge of economic theory and policy. This society has yet to hold its inaugural meeting, and the Auditor, Mr. Patrick Nolan, will probably make arrangements for it within the next few weeks. The Law Society, too, will hold its inaugural this term, and Mr. T. F. Roe, the Auditor, is expected to make a statement about his plans fairly soon.

The Dramatic Society has apparently been very encouraged by its success in dealing with Ibsen last term, and now it is preparing to put on the much-talked-of "Winterset" some time early in February. It is a considerable achievement to have secured the right to produce this play at all, and it is to be very much hoped that the trouble, and particularly the expense, to which the Society has gone over the production will be well repayed by the attendances in the theatre in "86" when the play is given. There seemed to be more than usual competition for the important *rôles* in the cast, and the final casting rehearsal could only be described as "amusing and instructive," such was the tense atmosphere that filled the rehearsal took place. The producer, Mr. Desmond O'Connor, had some difficulty in deciding the merits of the various aspirants for the principal parts; but eventually a cast was chosen, which includes at the top of the bill Miss Joan Gorman, Messrs. Dan O'Herlihy, Jack Hoey and Chris Bruton. Mr. O'Connor's previous experience will stand to the Society in the production of this play, and the director did well to appoint him producer. The post of designer of settings has been given to Mr. Michael Clarke, and it will be extremely interesting to see whether this polished actor can be as effective off the stage as he is on it—certainly the present play ought to give him considerable scope. Special incidental music will in all probability be available for the production, and will be played by a string trio. There would appear to be no end to the enterprise of the Dramatic Society!

MR. M. CLARKE.

SWIMMING CLUB

The Ladies' Swimming Club is holding a gala in the Iveagh Baths on Thursday evening next, and the members of the club have been preparing for this event during the last few weeks. The ladies, let it be recorded, were far more successful than the men in the recent competitions against Queen's University, and, in fact, scored a narrow victory over the Northern team. On Thursday Queen's University are sending down a team, and though many of the races are only for club members, main interest will be in those between College representatives and the Queen's team, and it is hoped that the ladies will confirm the superiority they showed in Belfast. The captain of the ladies' Swimming Club (often called the Junior Club to distinguish it from the Swimming Club) is Miss Eithne Deegan, who forwards its interests in a quiet, but successful, manner. She it is who is mainly responsible for the arrangement of Thursday's gala, and, although she wisely refuses to make any forecast about the probable success of the evening or the prospects of the team, an air of calm confidence is everywhere evident. The Boxing Club, too, is preparing for a competition in the near future. On February 14th the Inter-'Varsity Junior Tournament is to take place, and a large number of members of the club are in training, as the team has not yet been picked. In addition to the Inter-'Varsity, there is to be a tournament



MISS E. DEEGAN.

with the Portlaoighise Boxing Club. In recent months the club has been suffering under considerable difficulties with regard to training, but these will largely disappear with the move to Stephen's Green. The prospect of his move seems to have had a cheering effect on the club, which may be said to be in very good heart at the moment.

USE BROWN & POLSON CORNFLOUR
for your SAUCES GRAVIES SOUPS AND STEWS
Double richness, instant smoothness!

Just one trial of Brown & Polson Cornflour will convince you of the difference it makes to your sauces, gravies, soups or stews. Gone are the days of tiresome stirring and straining of greasy lumps. By simply thickening with it straight from the packet you obtain an instant smoothness and a creamy, nourishing, extra richness that brings out the full delicious flavour of meat or vegetables. Get a packet from your grocer to-day.

Ideal also for SOUPS, SAUCES and GRAVIES

FREE COOKERY BOOK—*Send a postcard giving your name and address (block capitals) to Brown & Polson (Ireland) Ltd., Dept. C, Terenure, Dublin, for a Free Cookery Book—"One Hundred and One Easy Recipes."*

BROWN & POLSON CORNFLOUR — THE INSTANT THICKENER

SUCCESSFUL CORK SHOWS

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY'S GOOD YEAR

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

CORK, Saturday.

Mr. J. Byrne, secretary, in his report to the annual meeting of the Munster Agricultural Society to-day, said that the Spring Show had brought an increased entry and sales were increased by 300 guineas. The serious effects of the war on the bloodstock industry reduced the numbers of horses at the Summer Show, but other sections, especially cattle, were good. There was a slight increase in entries at the Autumn Show of fruits, roots, grain, vegetables and poultry, and the prices realised were satisfactory. The financial statement indicated a profit for the year of £255, as against £233 the previous year.

The reports were unanmously adopted and, on the motion of the Lord Mayor (Alderman W. Desmond), the meeting unanimously re-elected Mr. E. J. Clarke as President of the Society. Mr. A. Morrison was unanimously re-elected hon. secretary.

The General Committee were elected as follows:—Messrs. J. Barry, W. Bird, R. Ellis, C. V. Good, R. Good, M. D. Hosford, A. Mullins, J. Murphy, D. Murphy, T. McGrath, P. J. O'Connell and T. O'Leary.

To represent counties of Munster outside Cork the following were unanimously elected: Messrs. Nicholas Fitzgerald, Bonmahon (to represent Waterford); L. M. Harris, Ballingaddy, Kilmallock (Limerick); The McGillycuddy, The Reeks (Kerry); Mr. E. MacLysaght, Raheen, Tuamgraney (Clare); Mrs. William Bagwell, Clonmel (Tipperary).

ST. ANDREW'S COLLEGE OLD BOYS' UNION

ANNUAL MEETING

The annual general meeting of St. Andrew's College Old Boys' Union was held on Friday last in the College. Among those present were:—Messrs. W. H. Ritchie, F. E. P. Jones, G. McCowen, M. H. Toppin, J. P. Buchanan, J. E. Stuart, J. E. Price, C. H. Bowles and V. S. Jauncey.

The following officers were elected for 1941:—

President—Mr. W. H. Ritchie. Vice-Presidents—Dr. H. G. Ellerker, Messrs. T. J. Morrison, A.C.A.; G. S. Childs and William C. Boydell.

Committee—Messrs. E. K. Carter, L. D. Collen, E. Little, A. B. Kidd, W. J. McCarthy, G. V. McCowen, H. MacDougald, S. S. O'Hegarty, C. H. Bowles, J. E. Stuart, J. W. P. Williamson and M. H. Toppin O.B.E.

Honorary Treasurer—Mr. J. E. Price, LL.B., A.C.A. Honorary Secretary—Mr. V. S. Jauncey. Honorary Auditors—Messrs. D. McC. Watson and F. Brown.

THREE KILLED IN EXPLOSION

An auxiliary coast watcher and two youths were killed by an explosion in a coast watcher's hut at Stonehaven (Kincardine) yesterday.

The cause is unknown, but it is believed that the three were examining an explosive object.

The victims, all of Stonehaven, were William F. Black, Robert Masson, message boy, and Norman Leiper, apprentice mason. Black was married, with a young family.

ABERDEEN & COMMONWEALTH LINE

ONE CLASS (Tourist) SERVICE TO AUSTRALIA

Passenger Offices
2 AUSTRALIA HOUSE, STRAND, LONDON, W.C.2
Telephone: TEMple Bar 9141

OBITUARY

THE RIGHT REV. MONSIGNOR DEAN D'ALTON

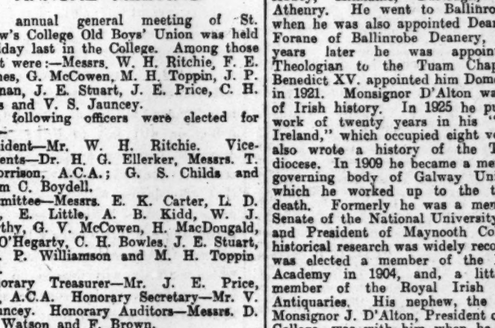
The death of the Right Rev. Monsignor Dean D'Alton, LL.D., P.P., V.G., occurred on Saturday last at St. Mary's, Ballinrobe, County Mayo. Monsignor D'Alton was aged eighty years. A native of Kiltullagh, he was educated at St. Jarlath's College, Tuam, and at Maynooth, where he was ordained in 1887. He ministered in various parishes in the West, including Cong (his first appointment), Abbey, Kilmaine, Turlough, Balla and Athenry. He went to Ballinrobe in 1911, when he was also appointed Dean and Vicar Forane of Ballinrobe Deanery, and a few years later he was appointed Canon Theologian to the Tuam Chapter. Pope Benedict XV. appointed him Domestic Prelate in 1921. Monsignor D'Alton was a student of Irish history. In 1925 he published the work of twenty years in his "History of Ireland," which occupied eight volumes. He also wrote a history of the Tuam Archdiocese. In 1909 he became a member of the governing body of Galway University, on which he worked up to the time of his death. Formerly he was a member of the Senate of the National University of Ireland and President of Maynooth College. His historical research was widely recognised. He was elected a member of the Royal Irish Academy in 1904, and, a little later, a member of the Royal Irish Society of Antiquaries. His nephew, the Right Rev. Monsignor J. D'Alton, President of Maynooth College, was with him when he died.

DR. MARTIN CALLANAN

Doctor Martin Callanan, of Thurles, who died on Saturday last, was born at Doves, Thurles, in 1866. He was appointed Medical Officer of Health for the Thurles Urban District in 1892, a post which he held up to the time of his death. He was medical officer to the County Home and District Hospital, Thurles. He leaves two sons, Dr. W. E. Callanan, who succeeded him as Medical Officer of Health for Thurles Urban District, and Dr. John Callanan, Kenya, and one daughter, Miss Angela Callanan.

A well-known antiquary, Dr. Callanan had written several historical works, among them being a "History of Holycross Abbey" and "Records of Four Tipperary Septs." Dr. Callanan took a deep interest in the housing of the poor.

Mrs. Jane Watson, Fountain place, Ballymena, was appointed midwife of Ballymena dispensary district by the local Board of Guardians.



Doctors and Nurses recommend
'California Syrup of Figs'

They know it to be a perfectly safe and natural fruit laxative. It ensures gentle but thorough action and the kiddies love its delicious flavour.

When your child gets cross and peevish, has a coated tongue and a headache, all that is needed to restore health and happiness is 'California Syrup of Figs,' Nature's own laxative.

The wise mother follows the advice of doctors and nurses and gives a dose of 'California Syrup of Figs' brand laxative each week. 1/3 and 2/6 everywhere. Be sure to emphasize 'CALIFORNIA.'

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
8 — ONCE NIGHTLY — 8
MATINEES:
Wednesdays and Saturdays, 2.30.
JIMMY O'DEA in
"BABES IN THE WOOD,"
By HARRY O'DONOVAN.
REDUCED PRICES FOR CHILDREN AT MATINEES.
BOOKING DAILY, 10 a.m. to 9 p.m.

LAST 6 NIGHTS.
DUBLIN'S POPULAR PANTOMIME,
"40 THIEVES,"
With FRANK O'DONOVAN,
AND HIS ALL-STAR COMEDY TEAM,
AT OLYMPIA.
6.40. ..... TWICE NIGHTLY. ..... 9.

ABBEY THEATRE. AT 8.15.
"THE RUGGED PATH."
By GEORGE SHIELS.
Box Office—10.30 to 6. Phone—44505.

YEATS COMMEMORATION PROGRAMME,
SUNDAY NEXT, 2nd FEBRUARY, 1941, at 8.15 p.m.
CATHLEEN NI HOULIHAN POEMS.
THE KING'S THRESHOLD.
A TRIBUTE by ROIBEARD O FARACHAIN.
Box Office 10.30 to 6. 'Phone, 44505.

GATE. 'Phone—44045.
TO-MORROW, at 8.15.
"TOBIAS AND THE ANGEL,"
By JAMES BRIDIE.
Produced by Gerald Pringle.

METROPOLE TO-DAY, AT 2.20, 4.40, 7.0, 9.20.
ROSALIND RUSSELL, BRIAN AHERNE,
VIRGINIA BRUCE, in
"HIRED WIFE."
With
ROBT. BENCHLEY, HOBART CAVANAUGH.

GRAFTON Continuous from 2 to 11.
To-day at 2.15,4.35,6.50,9.10.
VIVIEN LEIGH, ROBERT TAYLOR, in
"WATERLOO BRIDGE."
A MOST MEMORABLE ROMANCE.

CORINTHIAN.
Jackie Cooper and Hedda Hopper in "LIFE WITH HENRY." At 2.35, 5.0, 7.25, 9.50.
And William Boyd and Russell Hayden in "STAGE COACH WAR." At 3.58, 6.23, 8.48.

THEATRE DE LUXE.
Dublin's Super-Cinema...3.30-11.0...Camden street.
DEANNA DURBIN and ROBERT CUMMINGS in
"SPRING PARADE."
At 4.54, 6.59, 9.24.

QUEEN'S. PANTO. at 3 o'c., 5.45 8.45.
"RED RIDING HOOD."
1/6, 1/4, 8d. Box Seats, 3/-. Children Half-Price before 5 o'c. Also NOVEL FILM at 2.30, 5.15, 8.15.

ASTORIA. DUN LAOGHAIRE, (GLASTHULE).
"WHEN THE DALTONS RODE."
With Kay Francis, Randolph Scott, George Bancroft, Brian Donlevy.
Showing at 4.24, 6.47, 9.5.

JURY'S HOTEL AND RESTAURANT, COLLEGE GREEN, DUBLIN.
Luncheons, Dinners and Suppers.
Wedding Receptions : : Grill Room.
Cocktail Bar.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES

AN ROINN TALMHAIDHEACHTA
(Department of Agriculture).
AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE (EGGS) ACT, 1939.

Notice is hereby given that, in pursuance of Section 38 (6) and Section 52 (2) of the above-mentioned Act, the Minister for Agriculture has appointed the under-mentioned figures as the mark to be applied to eggs for the purpose of indicating:—

(a) the period during which the eggs were tested on the premises of Registered Wholesaler and
(b) the period during which the eggs were examined on the premises of Retailers.

CODE MARK.
64 in respect of eggs tested or examined on the 27th, 28th and 29th January, 1941.

D. TWOMEY, Secretary.
W.H.Co.
17/B. 1679.

EMERGENCY POWERS (FLOUR MILLING AND PRICES) ORDER, 1941.

The Controller of Flour and Bread Supplies has made an Order under the Provisions of the Emergency Powers (No. 7) Order, 1939, entitled the Emergency Powers (Flour Milling and Prices) Order, 1941.

The Order comes into force on the 27th January, 1941, and its effect is that no miller may manufacture or sell wheaten flour of less than 90 per cent. extraction.

Copies of the Order will be on sale shortly.

25th January, 1941.
W.H.Co.

AN ROINN TALMHAIDHEACHTA
(Department of Agriculture).
DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACTS, 1894 TO 1938.

Notice is hereby given that the Minister for Agriculture has made the two following Orders, viz.:—

(1) Foot and Mouth Disease (Application of Part I of the Foot and Mouth Disease (Ireland) Order of 1915 Order (No. 3), 1941).
(2) Foot and Mouth Disease (Laoighis Local Restrictions) Order, 1941.

The effect of the Order at (1) is to prohibit, until further notice, the movement of cattle, sheep, goats, other ruminating animals and pigs into, out of, or along any public road in an area in the Counties Laoighis and Kilkenny, comprising the following District and Urban and Rural Electoral Divisions:—

Arderin, Cardtown, Lacka, Capard, Rosenallis, O'Moresforest, Mellick Rural, Ballyfin, Brisha, Borris, Shaen, Maryboro' Urban, Maryboro' Rural, Clonderrig, Ballycarroll, Kilmurry, Nealstown, Marymount, Coolrain, Clonin, Mountrath, Trumra, Clonkeen, Kilcolmanbane, Stradbally, Curraclone, Ballyadams, Timogue, Timahoe, Cullenagh, Ballyroan, Colt, Raheen, Donore, Castletown, Cahir, Kyle, Moneymore, Moneenalassa, Borris-in-Ossory, Kildellig, Cuffsborough, Clash, Abbeyleix, Blandsfort, Fossy, Luggacurren, Ballylynan, Rathaspick, Ballyclehane, Farnans, Doonape, Dysartgallen, Ballinakill, Dunmore, Killermogh, Grantstown, Kilcoke, Donaghmore, Ballybrophy, Clonmore, Errill, Rathsaran, Kyle South, Rathdowney, Kilnaseer, Cullahill, Aghmacart, Durrow, Attanagh, Clogh, Newtown, Turra, Ardough, Moneenroe, Castlecomer, Kilmacar, Ballyragget, Ballyconra, Lisdowney, Glashare, Galmoy, Baunmore, Johnstown, Urlingford, Ballaleen, Clonmantagh, Rathbeagh, Freshford, Rathealy, Coolcraheen, Odagh, Kilkieran, Muckalee, Mothell, Clogherinka, Arless, Moyanna, Tubbrid, Brittain.

The Order at (2) has the effect of prohibiting the movement without licence of hay and straw out of or within an inner area in Laoighis, comprising the District Electoral Divisions of Donore, Raheen, Colt, Ballyroan, Blandsfort, Abbeyleix, Rathsaran, Cuffsborough, Killermogh, Dunmore, Ballinakill, Durrow, and making it illegal to allow dogs to be at large within such area.

Advance copies of the above Orders may be obtained from the Department of Agriculture (Veterinary Section), Dublin. Printed copies may be obtained in due course from the Government Publications Sale Office, 3/4 College Street, Dublin, or through any bookseller.

D. TWOMEY, Secretary.
Department of Agriculture, Dublin.
25th January, 1941.
W.H.Co.
17/B.1686

DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND PUBLIC HEALTH.
THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT (DUBLIN) ACT, 1930.

Notice is hereby given by the Minister for Local Government and Public Health, pursuant to Section 27 of the above-mentioned Act, that application has been made to him by the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses of Dublin for a provisional order to extend the boundary of the City of Dublin so as to include therein the lands forming portion of the Administrative County of Dublin, described in the Schedule hereto; and that he has appointed Seamus O Murchadha, one of his Inspectors, to hold a Local Inquiry into the subject matter of such application at the Council Chamber, City Hall, Dublin, on Thursday, the 6th day of February, 1941, at 11 o'clock a.m., whereat any person interested may attend and give evidence:

SCHEDULE.

"So much of the Lands of Crumlin situate in the Parish and Townland of Crumlin and County of Dublin as lie to the south west of the existing City Boundary and between that boundary and a line starting at the junction of the existing City Boundary and Windmill Road, proceeding along the middle of Windmill Road in a south westerly direction to the junction of Windmill Road and St. Agnes Road, thence proceeding along the middle of St. Agnes Road in a southerly direction to the junction of St. Agnes Road and Armagh Road, thence in a north easterly direction along the middle of Armagh Road to the junction of Armagh Road and the Captain's Lane, thence in a south easterly direction along the middle of the Captain's Lane to the existing City Boundary comprising in the whole 100 acres 2 roods 0 perches."

By Order of the Minister,
J. HURSON, Secretary.
W.H.Co.
17/B 1684.

ADVERTISEMENT INDEX.

	Page		Page
Amusements	4	Houses and Lands	8
Apartments	1	Houses to Let	1
Auctions	8	Lost and Found	1
Business Premises	1	Machinery	1
Company Notices	2	Medical Appointments	2
Contracts	1	Miscellaneous	3
Dancing	2	Money & Partnership	1
Dogs	2	Motor Matters, etc.	2
Dress	1	Opticians	1
Education, Tuitions	2	Photography	2
Employment Wanted	2	Plywood and Timber	1
Furniture	1	Prams	4
Furs	1	Public Notices	1
Garden	1	Shipping	1
Government Notices	4	Shooting, Sporting, Games	1
Horses, Harness	2	Situations Vacant	2
Hotels	1	Specific Articles	1
Houses and Lands for Sale	1	Watches, Repairs etc	2

Telephone No. 76555

THEATRE ROYAL.
THRILLING DRAMA OF DESERT WARFARE!
CARY GRANT, CLAUDE RAINS, in
"THE LAST OUTPOST."
With Gertrude Michael, Kathleen Burke, *Dazzling New Star Stage Show*, with HILL and DALE, 3 MANITOS, JESSON and FARRELLY, LOU CHARLESWORTH.
FILM at 2.0, 4.35, 7.10, 9.45.
SHOW at 3.30, 5.55, 8.30.

REGAL ROOMS CINEMA. FIRST TIME IN EIRE!
CHESTER MORRIS, CHARLES BICKFORD, JANE WYATT, in
"GIRL FROM GOD'S COUNTRY."
At 2.14, 4.44, 7.14, 9.44.
Also THE THREE MESQUITEERS, in "ROCKY MOUNTAIN RANGERS."

SAVOY At 2.20, 4.45, 7.10, 9.35.
ANN SOTHERN, LEE BOWMAN,
SLIM SUMMERVILLE, VIRGINIA WEIDLER, in
"GOLD RUSH MAISIE."
FRIDAY NEXT— Book Now for 8.30 Sunday Show!
TYRONE POWER in
"BRIGHAM YOUNG."

CAPITOL TO-DAY at 2.20 4.55, 6.50, 9.5.
JOAN CRAWFORD and FREDRIC MARCH, in
"THE GAY MRS. TREXEL,"
FRIDAY NEXT:—LEW AYRES, LARAINE DAY and LIONEL BARRYMORE in
"DR. KILDARE GOES HOME."

ASTOR TO-DAY at 2.34, 4.51, 7.8, 9.25.
THE GREATEST OF ALL CONTINENTAL FILMS,
"UN CARNET DE BAL"
"CHRISTINE." English Dialogue.

CARLTON SHOWING AT 2.55, 5.16, 7.30, 9.47.
"EARTHBOUND,"
With WARNER BAXTER and ANDREA LEEDS.
Also "GIRL IN 313."

THE GREEN TO-DAY AT 2.30, 4.50, 7.5, 9.15.
LESLIE HOWARD IN SHAW'S BRILLIANT COMEDY, "PYGMALION."
RESTAURANT OPEN 11 A.M. TO MIDNIGHT.

REGENT CINEMA, BLACKROCK.
EDWARD G. ROBINSON and JEAN ARTHUR in
"PASSPORT TO FAME."

ADELPHI VISIT OUR CAFE. Open from 10.30 a.m. till 11.30 p.m.
DOUBLE-FEATURE PROGRAMME.
THE SCREEN'S BIGGEST COMEDY HIT.
"GEORGE AND MARGARET,"
with Marie Lohr, Judy Kelly, Oliver Wakefield.
Showing at 3.42, 6.42, 9.42.
And
"THREE CHEERS FOR THE IRISH,"
Starring Priscilla Lane, Thomas Mitchell.
POLICE AND ELECTION DRAMA.
Showing at 2 p.m. 5 p.m., 8 p.m.

TRINITY COLLEGE OF MUSIC, LONDON.
LOCAL CENTRE EXAMINATIONS.
The next Practical Examination will be held in Dublin during the week commencing MAY 10, 1941. The Local Theory Examination will take place on SATURDAY, JUNE 7th.
DIPLOMA EXAMINATIONS.
Examinations for Diploma (A.T.C.L., L.T.C.L., F.T.C.L.) will be held during the week beginning JULY 14th.
Entrance Forms and all particulars to be had from the Local Secretary,
HAROLD R. WHITE,
112 Grafton street, Dublin.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ALEXANDRA SCHOOL OLD GIRLS' ASSOCIATION.

THE ANNUAL REUNION
WILL BE HELD AT THE SCHOOL ON SATURDAY NEXT, 1st FEBRUARY, 7.30—10.30 p.m.
All Old Girls cordially invited. R.S.V.P. to Miss Bewley.

The Irish Times

MONDAY, JANUARY 27, 1941.

The Pinch of War

Rationing, to all appearances, is about to begin in earnest. The Department of Supplies has issued two Orders which will affect every citizen of the twenty-six counties. One of them pertains to coal, the second to bread. From now onwards the ordinary household's purchases of coal will be limited to approximately half a ton a month—which is not by any means a severe ration for nine out of ten families in the country, but probably will involve a certain amount of discomfort for the occupants of large houses. The Department is careful to explain that there is no immediate cause for anxiety about the fuel supply, and that the ration is a purely "precautionary measure." "Reasonably good" supplies exist, but nobody can tell what the future will bring—or will fail to bring—and it is essential that these supplies shall be conserved as long as possible. We are sure that the decree will be accepted in a proper spirit. With strange lack of reason there is likely to be a louder outcry against the Government's second Order, which actually will impose no hardship upon anybody. This Order requires that henceforward wheaten flour shall consist of 90 *per cent.* of the whole wheat; and the sole effect upon the bread will be to darken the colour. In normal times, as the Department observes, 70 *per cent.* of the wheat was extracted: the level has been raised very recently to 75 *per cent.*, and again to 80 *per cent.*, without any appreciable change either in the taste or in the colour of bread; and there is no reason why the further step should cause the slightest grumbling. In fact, it will produce a more wholesome bread, as palatable as ever. We have no doubt—such is the perversity of many Irish people—that there will be grumbles about the colour of bread; but any such complaint will be the purest nonsense. We hope that the necessity for adulteration of bread in this country never will arise. If it does arise, every Irish man and woman will have a duty to accept the decree and to make the best of it; but in this case there can be no possible excuse for grumbling. The country's bread, in consequence of the new restriction, will not be worse, but better; it will contain more of the pure wheat, and less of the chemicals which are necessary to produce the fashionable "whiteness"; and in that respect the new Order, dictated by the exigencies of war, merely is doing what ought to have been done long ago, and probably would have been done if silly prejudices had not stood in the way.

If the country had no deeper cause for anxiety than these restrictions, it would be lucky. Neither of them will be half so inconvenient as the shortage of petrol; and even the shortage of petrol, unpleasant and inconvenient as it is, can be endured. The Minister for Supplies, however, makes no secret of his fear that things may be worse before they are better. "After eighteen months of war," he said at the annual dinner of the Institute of Journalists last Saturday, "our resources are running out, our margins of safety are shrinking, and worse and even more difficult problems are arising." In certain respects the twenty-six counties are living on their capital. The odds are that no more wheat will arrive, so that the country must make shift with what it has in stock until the next harvest replenishes the store—and that store will be replenished only by a strong effort on the farmers' part. A month's sad experience has shown everybody that there is small prospect of such further supplies of petrol as will suffice for the national needs; and we do not think that Mr. Lemass will deny that the chances against the arrival of any petrol at all are strong. Other commodities—for which, perhaps, no ordinary citizen takes thought—will run short. The waters around Ireland are thick with danger for ships: the nations at war want everything that can be obtained for themselves; and Ireland must resign herself to the fact that little or nothing that must be carried by sea will be available for her. These times of scarcity will put our nationhood to the test. Our country is confronted with a choice between grumbling acceptance of the new situation or a willing and enthusiastic readiness to make the best of it. There ought to be no reason why anybody in the country should go hungry or should suffer from want of fuel. It has been proved that wheat can be grown. By an effort, the land can dispense with artificial manures; feeding-stuffs, of the type that once was imported, can be replaced by intensive cultivation of the soil. To create these changes in the national economy is the farmer's task, but the remainder of the people has a duty, too Everybody must give a ready obedience to all Orders that impose restrictions on the use of commodities. Waste must be abolished. The strictest economy must be observed in regard to all food and fuel. We are by nature a cheerful people, inasmuch as we never trouble ourselves about the worst until it happens: that attitude of mind must be changed. Ireland must prepare—must prepare now—for discomforts which may not come for months—but may come at any time. The hour for grumbling is past; the hour for discipline has arrived.

Rumania's Revolt

Mystery, intensified by a rigid censorship, continues to surround events in Rumania. All that is certain is that a revolt on a fairly large scale has been in progress during the last week. Needless to say, rumour has been busy—for rumour thrives on Balkan soil—and all sorts of fantastic stories have been in circulation; but there seems to be no doubt that Rumania, and particularly Bucharest, has experienced another of those periodical blood-baths which appear to be inseparable from Balkan politics, and that, on this occasion, the loss of life has been unusually heavy. The trouble began between two sections of the Iron Guard, one of which—more or less official and supporting the Antonescu Government—was prepared to accept German "protection" for Rumania, whereas the other, although strongly Fascist in principle, preferred to pursue a policy of Rumanian *Sinn Fein*. According to a statement by General Antonescu, the rebellious fraction of the Iron Guard, led by Horia Sima, tried to bring about a *coup d'état*, the signal for which was to have been his own assassination. Riots were started in Bucharest and elsewhere; but the army remained loyal to the Government, with the result that the rebellion was smashed almost before it had begun. General Antonescu took the most drastic measures for the restoration of order throughout the country, and announced in his statement that he was fortified by the feeling that he had behind him "the great and loyal figure of the Fuehrer and the honour of the German Reich." At all events, the rebellion seems now to have been broken, and General Antonescu once more is in supreme control. Horia Sima, who has been identified with the Iron Guard since its early days, was arrested on Saturday in a railway sleeping-coach, and is alleged to have had thirty million lei in his possession, having filched the money from the Legionary Mutual Aid Fund. Other notable figures who have been arrested include Prince Ghika, Petrovicescu, former Minister of the Interior; Constant, former Minister for Propaganda, and Iasinski, former Minister of Health, who was a prominent commander in the Iron Guard. There has been a number of executions by drum-head courtmartial; several leaders of the Iron Guard have committed suicide, and both sides seem to have indulged in an orgy of promiscuous bloodshed. As usual, the Jews have suffered most severely. Organised pogroms have taken place not alone in Bucharest, but also in Ploesti, Braila, Galaz, Brasov and other centres; for, however much the two sections of the Iron Guard may differ on problems of major politics, they are at one in their bitter hatred of the Jews. The conflicting reports that have reached Western Europe from Rumania do not make it clear whether or not General Antonescu was forced to invoke the assistance of the German troops who are present in force in Bucharest. The revolt of the dissatisfied Iron Guard members was to some extent a protest against the growing influence of the German authorities throughout Rumania, and the stern measures that have been taken against them may, or may not, have been instigated in Berlin. Be that as it may, General Antonescu is doing everything in his power to prevent a recurrence of last week's disorders. The railway services have been resumed, but all passengers are required to have official permission to travel. A strict curfew has been instituted in Bucharest. No group consisting of more than three persons is allowed to gather in the streets after dark, and persons who are found to be carrying firearms are getting short shrift. The general political situation is obscure. There is talk of a plebiscite to determine the future government of the Rumanian State; but, as matters stand at present, General Antonescu would appear to have his hands full, and the chances of a stable *régime* in Rumania have not been improved by last week's events.

Influenza

January has been called the "flu month," and it is a popular belief that, if people can reach the first of February without having caught the infection, they are safe for the rest of the year. The belief seems to be shared by the British Ministry of Health; for the Chief Medical Officer, Sir Wilson Jameson, in discussing the fear of an epidemic a few days ago, said that the next fortnight would decide. "If we get through the next fortnight without an epidemic, we can reasonably expect to escape." Fears were expressed from time to time that something like a general outbreak of influenza was developing, and simultaneous outbreaks in America, China and some of the Scandinavian countries seemed to contain threats that the world might be about to experience another scourge like the one which descended upon it in 1918. The influenza epidemic of that year was not confined to any country or continent. There was almost no country anywhere which escaped, and in the few months while it was most active more people are said to have died than in the whole preceding four years of the war. Doctors claim that the disease comes in cycles, and backing up the evidence of current outbreaks in many widely separated countries came the announcement that a "wave" was due in 1941. There were sixty-nine deaths in England in the week ended January 11th, which was an increase of 16 on the previous week; and that number was still an advance of 11 on the foregoing figures. The number of deaths certainly is growing larger from week to week; but, if the infection can be held in check for another fortnight, it is believed that all will be well. This winter has been unusually severe, and, considering the physical hardships in which the average person in Great Britain is obliged to live in these times—sleeping in air-raid shelters, dashing out of bed in the middle of the night clothed only, perhaps, in pyjamas and a dressing-gown, eating less energy-forming foods than normally, and at the same time living through a time of great physical and mental strain—an epidemic of colds, leading to influenza and pneumonia, must have seemed highly possible. Ireland seems to be faring fairly well. There were only fourteen deaths last week from 'flu in the thirteen towns and cities for which statistics are issued—and fourteen deaths in a population of some 800,000 persons is not a bad record. The winter, however, is not over yet. January may be by custom the month for influenza, but there will be still further cold spells before the mild winds of April are sporting round the streets, and we doubt that disease really has any respect for the calendar. Yet, if people can avoid colds—those innocent, but highly dangerous, maladies—they probably will escape the 'flu; and the best guarantee against the common cold, as any doctor will say, is fresh air, dry feet and clothing, plenty of exercise, and a temperature that is temperate.

FROM "THE TIMES"

(BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT.)

THE FUTURE OF THE WAR

The Times, in an editorial article to-day, remarks:—The military machine, in the hands of General Wavell, co-ordinated with those of the other two fighting Services in a fashion which the annals of warfare cannot parallel, has continued to move forward from victory to victory with the inevitability of doom. Once again, with strategic surprise out of the question, the British have achieved tactical surprise, caught the enemy off his guard, and deceived him as to the method and direction of the attack. This latest victory leaves the Italian Army in Libya in such a state that it ceases to be the prime factor in the situation. What has now to be considered is our own desires, the possible intentions of Germany, and the best means of preventing her from repairing the damage, or even from exploiting the reverses of her unfortunate ally.

A belief seems to be gaining ground that Germany is about to intervene in the Mediterranean to an extent greater than that marked by her establishment of an air base in Sicily. There are, of course, various forms which her intervention might take—some of them suited to the present season, others which it does not, on the face of it, appear likely that she will be prepared to undertake before the spring. Common to all of them is the probability that, whether the resources employed in them be great or small, they will, in general, be of a secondary nature—a means to an end, that end being the direct attack upon these islands. There does not appear to be any objective in the Mediterranean, the Balkans or the Middle East for which Germany would seriously weaken the forces assembled for the assault upon Britain, because there is none of which the attainment would bring her such advantages.

The coolest and soberest estimate of the enemy's chances, adds *The Times*, points to the odds being against him. Last September, when our defences existed only in embryo, when the Army was not fully rearmed after the loss of equipment at Dunkirk, when the standard of training had not nearly attained to the present level, he failed. He will never be afforded so good a chance again. We have every right to confidence in the ability of the three Services, working hand in hand as they have worked in North Africa, to repel the enemy's offensive, whenever, wherever and in whatever form it may come. Nevertheless, if the attempt is made it will constitute a heavy trial, a trial more severe than any to which we have ever been subjected.

MALTA CHURCH APPOINTMENT

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

MALTA, Sunday.

The Very Rev. Father Seraphim M. Zarb has been elected Prior of the Dominican Priory at Valetta, following the death of the holder of that office.

Father Zarb, who is a Maltese refugee from Rome, is one of three British Roman Catholic doctors in the British Empire who graduated at the Vatican in Sacred Scripture.

U.S. ENVOY IN GREECE

Colonel Donovan has arrived at Salonika, states the Swiss Radio. Colonel Donovan has been having an important series of interviews with Balkan statesmen in his capacity as an observer for the American Government.—(Reuter.)

VICE-GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF LIBYA DEAD

ROME, Monday.

A despatch from Tripoli announces the death of Signor Giuseppe Bruni, Vice-Governor-General of Libya.

The despatch describes Bruni as a "valiant collaborator with Marshal Balbo and Marshal Graziani in the domain of civil affairs."—(Press Association.)

COURT AND PERSONAL

The Duchess of Kent visited centres of the Women's Voluntary Services Organisation in the Henley-on-Thames and Slough areas last week. Lady Herbert was in attendance.

Queen Wilhelmina of the Netherlands paid a visit last week to the exhibition rooms of the Royal Society of British Artists in London.

The Lady Cynthia Colville has succeeded the Hon. Margaret Wyndham as lady-in-waiting to Queen Mary.

Viscount FitzAlan of Derwent was represented by Lord Leconfield at the funeral of Colonel C. B. Godman at Cowfold, Sussex, last week

Sir C. Macwatt celebrated his seventy-sixth birthday last week.

Miss Vivien Dillon has returned to Dublin from England, where she was visiting her brother

Lord and Lady Longford are now in residence at their Dublin house, Leinster road.

The Countess of Dumfries will remain at Kames, Isle of Bute, until Easter.

Mrs. Maher is in residence at Williamstown House, Clonsilla.

"Camp" Surgical Belts: New delivery of the latest Models has just arrived at Switzers, Grafton street. Doctors everywhere recommend them with confidence. Trained Nurse in attendance for fittings. (Switzers also stock "Camp" Belts for Men.)

Walpoles are showing some remarkable bargains in their Fashion Department for the remaining days of the Sale. Many Model Frocks marked down to £4 which were originally 8¼ and 9½ guineas. Among these are several lovely Evening Dresses. It will be well worth while to watch our windows this week for these unrepeatable Sale Bargains.—Walpoles, Suffolk street, Dublin.

At Miss Doran's Salons, Dawson street, a further collection of exclusive tweeds showing this week. Overcoats, Costumes, Two-Piece Ensembles, Day, Afternoon and Dinner Gowns in the newest materials and colours. Fur Coats, Ties, Boleros and Capes, Model Millinery, etc., etc.

Leaders of Fashion in all Spectacle Wear.—Dixon and Hempenstall, Grafton street.

Last week of Vard's Winter Fur Sale. Exceptional values. — David Vard, Ltd., 8 Gratton street, Dublin, and 119 Patrick street, Cork.

Richard Alan's display of Coats and Suits this week at 58 Grafton street strikes a special fashion note which denotes a spirit of optimism in the coming season. It is evident that this belief is reflected in the fresher, lighter note of their latest 1941 Spring Models.

Fashionable Spectacles at Moderate Prices. Pollock and Co., Ltd., 50 Grafton street.

Chiropody: All Foot Troubles. N. Devitt, M.N.I.Ch., M.N.S.Ch., M.N.I.M., 5 Wicklow st.

Helpful advice in the choosing of Footwear from Stephens and Bourke, Ltd.

Last Week of Sale. Marjorie Boland, 86 Grafton street, is clearing all Winter Stock regardless of cost. Fur-trimmed Coats, Suits and Frocks can be procured at amazing prices

To Ladies.—Ladies' Department for Medical Appliances, Artificial Silk Elastic Stockings, or Lastex and Lastesiar Stockings stretching both ways.—Fannin and Co., Ltd., 41 Grafton street.

Sharpley's, Specialist, Baby Linen, Nursery, Accouchement Sets. Price List—2 Nassau St., Dublin.

ON THE WIRELESS

IRISH PROGRAMME

6.30—Light Music. 6.40 — Stock Exchange. Sports Results, Official Announcements. 6.45—News. 7.0—A Leper Colony in Nigeria: Most Rev. Dr. Kelly, Bishop of Western Nigeria. 7.15—Random Records. 7.30—"Seainin no Eachtrai Mic Mi Rialta." An Seabhac do cheap. Diarmuid o hAimhain a chuir i n-oireamhaint do'n Radio. 8.0—Irish Radio Orchestra (Conductor, Michael Bowles). 8.30—Making the Most of the Garden and Allotment: Mr. A. Turner. 8.45—Mary Dempster O'Neill (contralto). 9.0—"Song Memories"; Ralph Silvester. 9.30—New Verse, conducted by Austin Clarke. 10.0—Nuacht (News). 10.10—English. 10.30—Round the Fire."

B.B.C. PROGRAMME

7—Time, News, Records. 7.30—Exercises, Records. 7.55—"Lift up your Hearts!" 8—Time, News. 8.15—Talk on Food. 8.20—Orchestra. 9—Piano Solos. 9.25—Records. 9.45—Theatre Organ. 10.5—Schools. 10.15—Time, Service. 10.30—Light Music. 11—Schools. 12—Records. 12.30—Concerts. 1—Time, News, Postscript. 1.25—French Music. 1.50—Schools. 3—Theatre Organ. 3.30—Orchestra. 4.15—"Ancestors." 4.30—Tea-Time Tunes. 5—News and New Poems (in Welsh). 5.30—Children's Hour. 6—Time, News. 6.30—News (Norwegian). 6.40—"David Copperfield" (11). 7.10—Round the Piano. 7.35—Talk. 7.40—"U.S.A." (2). 8—Mr. Middlecombe. 8.15—"Sally." 9—Time, News. 9.20—Sibelius. 10.15—Convoy. 10.45—News (Gaelic). 10.50—Dance Music. 11.40—Theatre Organ. 12—Time, News.

FORCES PROGRAMME

6.30—Records. Time. News. 7.15—Records. 10.30—B.B.C. 11—Time, Anniversaries. 11.15—Records. 11.30—Orchestra and Soprano 12—King Pins of Comedy (22). 12.15—News (French). 12.30—B.B.C. 1—News (Dutch). 1.15—Swing Programme. 1.50—Dance Band. 2.30—Band. 3—B.B.C. 3.30—Canadian Concert. 4—Light Music. 4.30—B.B.C. 5—Time, Folk Songs. 5.15—News (German). 5.30—Magazine Programme. 6—News (Dutch-French). 6.30—Orchestra. 7—Dance Band. 7.45—Theatre Organ. 8—B.B.C. 9—News (German). 9.20—"Gunner Smith Entertains." 9.45—News (Canada). 10—Time, Dance Band. 10.30—Light Music. 11—Close down.

25 YEARS AGO

From the *Irish Times*, January 27, 1915.

The Blockade.

In the House of Commons Mr. Shirley Benn moved a resolution calling attention to the volume of imports into neutral countries bordering on enemy territories, and urging the Government to enforce as effective a blockade as possible, without interfering with the normal requirements of those neutral countries near Germany, and that Germany had obtained large quantities of commodities from neutral countries, which commodities were imported from abroad.

He hoped that the Government would see their way to abolish the Orders in Council, and issue, in conjunction with our Allies, a strong declaration that the Allies had decided from now onwards that the oversea traffic with Germany would be prevented by a blockade of all German ports.

Germany on the Blockade.

While other journals, says *The Times*, were treading delicately, the *Deutsche Tagenzeitung* published on Saturday an article by Count Reventlow which rudely disturbs the pretence that a stiffening of the British blockade would hurt Germany. Count Reventlow says that England's intentions are, of course, a further violation of all international law, and he invites learned men at last to understand that such action is not one of the weapons in the present struggle.

A.R.P. IN GREYSTONES

We are requested to announce that the series of lectures on A.R.P., which have been given on Tuesdays by members of the Headquarters Staff of the St. John Ambulance Brigade in the Grand Hotel, Greystones, will be resumed to-morrow evening at 7.45. Last week's lecture had to be abandoned owing to the failure of the electricity supply.

THE SUN.	To-day.	To-morrow.
Rises	9.19	9.18
Sets	5.58	6. 0
Lighting-up Time	6.28	6.30

HIGH WATER AT DUBLIN.	To-day.	To-morrow.
Morning	0.16	0.58
Evening	12.22	1. 4

HIGH WATER AT OTHER PORTS.	Morning.	Evening.
Ballina	8. 1	8.27
Belfast	11.52	—
Drogheda	0. 4	12.10
Dundalk	0. 1	12. 7
Galway	5.59	6.23
Sligo	6.43	7. 9
Waterford	7.24	7.46

LONDON LETTER

WORLD'S MOST POWERFUL SHIP

59 FLEET STREET, LONDON,
SUNDAY NIGHT.

THE arrival of Lord Halifax at New York is important in more ways than one, since it is an indication that a new warship of the most powerful type has been added to the British Navy, and also that the vessel has been able to cross the Atlantic. The King George V. represents a new type of vessel in the British Navy, and the confidence felt in the design was shown at the time when it was decided to lay down no fewer than five warships of this type. Probably several of the others are nearing completion, or may even now be in commission. As Lord Halifax did not make the journey by air to Lisbon after his recent reception by the King, it was assumed that he would cross the Atlantic by warship, but no inkling had been given that he would make the journey in a new vessel, which, in general all-round qualities, is the most powerful in the world.

Envoy's Reception

All the circumstances attending the arrival of Lord Halifax in the United States show that it is the intention of the Governments concerned to make the most of the ties now uniting the two great democracies Lord Halifax was sent over in Britain's latest and greatest battleship, while President Roosevelt sails for an hour down the river to meet him. This alone is a fine and significant compliment. It is impossible to say whether the new Embassy will attain in the fullest measure the success hoped for, but there can be no doubt as to its auspicious initiation, and the results of which may be extremely valuable for Britain. In New York the reception is interpreted as being designed to impress world capitals, especially Vichy, with the enormous importance which the United States Administration place on their current negotiations with Britain, and incidentally to also impress Congress before the debate opens on the Lend or Lease Bill.

Attractions of Derna

It is reported that the British are in Derna, and, if this is so, the advance from Tobruk has been extremely rapid. The place is a more attractive base than Tobruk, though it has not such a good harbour. The water supply is good, however, and the neighbourhood of the town is famous for its flowers and many fruit trees. Derna lies at the foot of a rocky escarpment on the top of which is an aerodrome, but, though this has been considerably extended by the Italians, it has been far too small for use by any but fighter 'planes with low landing speed. This matter is now likely to be adjusted by the British, who have already a number of Italian aerodromes in their possession.

Forthcoming Debates

Two debates which will receive much attention in the House of Commons are to take place shortly, the more important being that on the motion to approve the report of the Select Committee which inquired into the conduct of Mr. Robert Boothby. This debate, being of a personal nature, will be heard with intense interest by members, but it is unlikely that it will vary the result of the inquiry. The other debate will be in regard to the action of the Government in suppressing the *Daily Worker*, the Communist newspaper. Strangely enough, a long motion has been put on the Order Paper by several Labour members, but there is little doubt that the action of the Home Secretary will have the support of the House, particularly after Mr. Morrison has spoken. In the House of Lords Lord Teviot is to suggest that the Government shall make compulsory the carrying of gas masks.

War Damage Bill

During the coming week it is expected that progress will be made with the War Damage Bill in the House of Commons, and it is to be noted in this connection that the Chancellor of the Exchequer has given an assurance on a point that required elucidation, that regional machinery would be established to enable claims to be settled locally, with a right of appeal to the Commission. The list of amendments proposed to be added to the bill is very formidable, but the Government, anxious to secure the speedy passing of the bill because there already are so many claims pending, will press the measure forward. None of the claims can be settled until the necessary authority has been given by Parliament, and this means hardship for many people.

Allotments Scheme

A new "dig for victory" campaign is to be opened by the Ministry of Agriculture with a view to bringing the number of allotments up to two million. Since the beginning of the war more than a million allotments have been started, but the number has shown some falling off recently. This is due to a variety of causes, among them being the movement of the population, many people having moved away from bombed areas and left their allotments unattended, while in other cases men employed on munitions have found that their hours of work do not enable them to look after the ground they had rented. Where allotments have been left by men who have left the neighbourhood they are to be offered to holders of adjoining plots, while where the work is too much for those engaged in munition factories, assistance is to be given, and in at least one place it is proposed to purchase a tractor to reduce the labour required. A substantial portion of one of the largest commons in the London district is being marked out for new allotments, and they have been readily taken up by those living in the district. Efforts to induce children to take up the cultivation of pieces of ground have been successful, and the children's allotment movement is to be extended.

IRISHMAN'S DIARY

"Black-out" in 1920

I wonder how many of my readers, hearing about the proposal to have an experimental "black-out" in Dublin, realise that this city of ours was blacked-out most effectively some years ago. If you doubt me, ask any Dublin newspaper man who was on night work during the Anglo-Irish "troubles."

In those distressful days there was a war on in Dublin between the British Army and

RUMANIAN REVOLT CRUSHED

MANY ARRESTS AND EXECUTIONS

Big Man-Hunt By Troops

FOLLOWING the crushing of the Iron Guard revolution attempt in Rumania, M. Horia Sima, leader of the rebels, has been arrested.

An unconfirmed report stated that when taken into custody he had in his possession thirty million lei (nominally about £40,000). The Antonescu régime alleges that he has appropriated large sums from the Legionary Mutual Aid Fund.

As night fell in Bucharest on Saturday reports from the provinces disclosed severe massacres and pillaging by the rebels.

Horrible massacres are stated to have taken place at Brasov, Braila, Ploesi, Galatz, Buzau and Barlad.

With the arrest of rebel leaders the revolt is said to have been crushed, and order has been restored in the capital.

THE PRICE OF REVOLT

Besides Sima, responsibility for the revolt is charged to Petrovicescu, former Minister of the Interior, and Prince Ghika, who have also been arrested. Bloody fighting and five days of terror cost thousands of lives. Bucharest mortuary is so full of corpses that they overflow into the courtyard. Thirty bodies have been fished out of the River Dambovitza.

General Antonescu, the Rumanian Dictator, addressing the nation on Saturday, declared that the rebellion was organised by the former Minister of the Interior and the Director of Public Security, "and was going to begin with my own assassination." All appeals for order were in vain and he called out the Army; "but," he added, "the Army did not fire the first shot anywhere."

General Antonescu's statement listed a number of atrocities and acts of pillage said to have been committed during the rising.

"The miserable and perfidious wretches who fell merit their fate," the General went on, referring to those rebels who had been killed.

"SHADOW BEHIND HIM"

After paying a high tribute to the Army for the part it played in crushing the rebellion, General Antonescu said:—

"It is my duty to testify before the whole nation that during these days I felt behind me the great and loyal shadow of the Fuehrer and the honour of the German Reich, which has guaranteed our frontiers.

"I feel that the nation should be proud of its connection with the Axis."

The future policy of Rumania, he added, would be based on the example shown by the Axis. The most severe measures would be taken to guarantee order.

General Antouescu then issued another appeal to young Rumanians "to lay down your arms, drive out those who organised the insurrection, and follow a constructive path of activity."

Exemplary punishment, he said, would be meted out to those responsible for the insurrection.

DEATH FOR LOOTING

In the Batra-Luminoasa district of Bucharest, where a number of the leading Legionary commanders reside, the military made a house to house search on Saturday. Whenever stolen merchandise or goods were found people were ordered to face the wall and were shot on the spot.

A new communiqué by the Rumanian General Staff requires all Reserve officers and other ranks to present themselves for a training course of thirty days in February and March. As regards the organisation of the future Government, it is reported that General Antonescu will be guided by public opinion, and that the question will be the subject of a plebiscite.

The fate of the Legionaries is no longer in the hands of General Antonescu, but in those of the military authorities.

MILITARY PRECAUTIONS

Life in Bucharest is now almost normal again, except in certain districts cordoned off by the military. Train services have been resumed, but people must have special permission to travel. Rumanian and German troops, their families, and railway employés and officials alone are exempt from this ruling. Strong guards are still being maintained at public buildings in the city, including the Post Office, the Telephone Exchange and the Prefecture of Police.

Everybody entering these buildings is searched for arms. The Military Commandant of Bucharest has ordered that no group of more than three persons shall be allowed in the streets at night, and that people who fail to halt when challenged, or who fail to produce their papers will be subject to military law.

LEADERS EXECUTED

BIG CLEAN-UP BEGUN BY THE ARMY

ASSOCIATED PRESS.

BUCHAREST, Sunday.

Some high Iron Guard leaders to-day committed suicide in accordance with the Premier's suggestion that they suffer punishment in the true Iron Guard spirit. It was unofficially reported that the assassins of Oirga and Madgaru had been arrested, courtmartialled and executed.

Horia Sima, dissident Iron Guard leader, was reported to be facing a courtmartial after his arrest in a railway sleeping coach. M. Iasinski, the former Minister of Health and Iron Guard Commander, was reported to have been executed under the new emergency law providing death for anyone found with firearms. One version was that he appeared at Antonescu's office on Friday, announcing that he wished to see the General and proclaim his loyalty. He was searched before being admitted, and a revolver was found strapped to his leg.

Petrovicescu was named in Antonescu's *resumé* as one of the ringleaders reported dead.

ARCHIVES SEIZED

Political circles believed that General Antonescu would succeed in keeping order and preventing terrorists and groups of Iron Guards from being able to reorganise. It was pointed out that the Army had seized all the archives of the movement, and, therefore, possessed lists of members and all information necessary for a complete clean-up.

While calm reigned throughout Rumania to-day, Bucharest presented a scene of striking contrast. Crowds promenaded in the warm sun, while in the foreign colony district six tanks stood in a side street. In vacant ground soldiers were ready behind field artillery. Steel-helmeted infantrymen patrolled the streets.

Mourners were forbidden to perform ceremonies over the bodies of members of the Rebel Youth Organisation.

The only concession made to relatives was the temporary opening of the Iron Guard church, where women in black said silent prayers for the victims. Thirty Rumanian army officers who were killed by the rebels will be given a solemn military funeral to-morrow. An undetermined number of soldiers who died in the fighting will be buried a few hours later.

PREMIER'S STORY OF RISING

THE ATTEMPT ON HIS LIFE

General Antonescu issued a signed account of the week's events, which began with a midnight attempt to assassinate him.

"Men whom I trusted . . ," the statement declared, "could find no other way to show their faith in me than to send bullets against me and the State."

Antonescu told how rebel groups organised strikes and terror, and how he did not want to shed the blood of his countrymen.

"In the attack on the Premier's office, in which two soldiers were killed and one officer wounded, not a single rebel was wounded. Six hundred vagabonds, men and women of the lowest order, and a child 12 years old, who fired a machine gun at the soldiers, did not have a single wound. On the streets the soldiers tried to call the rebels to order by threat.

"In one street a soldier was captured, and they poured petrol and oil on him and ignited him before the agonised eyes of his comrades."

M. Constant, Minister of Propaganda, is reported to have been arrested. An important nest of 250 rebels was smoked out on Saturday. Inside were found a large stock of hand-grenades, guns and food.

General Antonescu, with Von Killinger, the Nazi Minister in Bucharest; the German General, Haensel, and two Rumanian Generals, who are now heads of the Bucharest and State Police, to-day toured the hospitals and morgues to see how the Guardists' victims had been maltreated. German photographers showed them a film taken during the height of the fighting.

TURKEY AND THE BALKANS

WILL RESIST ANY THREAT THERE

ASSOCIATED PRESS.

ISTANBUL, Sunday.

Turkish newspapers to-day emphasised that Turkey would not only defend herself against any Axis attack, but would act against any threat elsewhere in the Balkans.

The newspaper, *Yenizaba*, asserted that any invasion of the Balkans "we would consider an action directed against Turkey itself."

Yenizaba said it was a "natural conclusion" to draw from the German concentrations of troops in Rumania that Germany intended to attack Salonika through Yugoslavia.

"It is also natural for us to assume that the second step in such a campaign would be a drive into Turkey," the newspaper added.

The paper went on to say that Germany was annoyed because of the presence in Ankara of British Staff officers, who are carrying out military talks with Turkey.

Istanbul, Turkey's largest city, will be declared to be under a mock state of war from Tuesday until the end of the month for the most extensive air-raid drill the city has ever experienced. Aeroplanes will simulate attacks. Citizens will be forced to take shelter, and all traffic, including trains, will be halted.

The subterranean chambers of the famous Sultan's Palace, for years closed to the public, will be used as shelters.

MILITARISED POLICE STATIONS

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

BERLIN, Sunday.

General Antonescu has signed a decree militarising all police stations on the frontier, and at ports, aerodromes and railway stations, according to the German News Agency.

SOVIET PAPER AND INVASION

WRITER HAS HIS DOUBTS

MOSCOW, Sunday.

A writer in the military review, *Red Star*, declares to-day that the Germans will encounter very serious difficulties if they attempt to invade Great Britain.

"The powerful German military machine is apparently not powerful enough to cross a Channel controlled by a strong British Fleet," adds the writer, "and though the menace of invasion still exists Britain's resistance is now much stronger than in May, 1940.

"Germany would require colossal strength in order successfully to carry out an invasion."

The writer declares that Britain has now abandoned her traditional policy of defence and has taken the initiative in attacking the enemy. He reminds his readers that Engels, the collaborator of Karl Marx, in referring to England once said: "All the same, once this clumsy, squeaking machine is put to work it obtains results."

"Notwithstanding its heavy burden of Conservatism, the British war machine, learning from bitter experience in Norway, Somaliland and at Dunkirk, soon began to adopt a new policy and switched over to attack," he adds.—(Press Association.)

JUNKERS CREW CAPTURED AT YARMOUTH

KNEW DISTRICT BETTER THAN NATIVES

"We are in good old England at last. It is like coming home." Thus the pilot of a Junkers 88 bomber is said to have greeted his captors, two unarmed civilians, yesterday after his 'plane crashed and landed in a field off the East Anglian coast at Yarmouth at dawn.

The Junkers caught fire when it was hit by the trawler Galvani, which it unsuccessfully attacked. One of the airmen was injured in a leg and another was burned about the forehead.

Mr. H. E. Thain, a shopkeeper, and Mr. R. Sadler, his friend, watched the crash. As they ran up to the machine they saw the crew of four making towards the sea with a rubber boat, but they stopped when called upon.

"They gave us their revolvers," said Mr. Thain, "and while we were waiting for a military escort the pilot officer chatted to us in English. He seemed to know the district better than we do ourselves."

"The crew," added Mr. Thain, "had plenty of good cigarettes, some of which they gave to us."—(Press Association.)

A British Admiralty *communiqué* issued last night said:—

"H.M. trawler Galvani (Temporary Skipper M. P. Peck, R.N.R.) was attacked by a Junkers 88 bomber this morning. She drove off the bomber, which was so damaged that it crashed soon afterwards on the Norfolk coast.

"H.M. trawler Galvani suffered no damage or casualties."

K.-O. FOR ENGLAND IN MARCH

GERMAN PILOT'S STATEMENT

ASSOCIATED PRESS.

NEW YORK, Sunday.

Baron Franz von Werra, a 26 years old German pilot, who escaped from a Canadian prison train on Thursday and was recaptured on the New York side of the St. Lawrence, said that the Germans planned a knock-out blow for England in March.

The capitulation of Britain was expected in September.

When he escaped Werra crossed the river in a rowing boat and had his ears frostbitten. He said he had escaped from two British prisons and had been retaken since he was forced down on September 7.

He was released on 5,000 dollars bond, supplied by the German Consulate, and brought to New York to be dealt with by United States Immigration authorities.

MR. WILLKIE IN LONDON

WANTS TO SEE ALL THAT HE CAN

Mr. Wendell Willkie arrived at a West of England port by air from Lisbon yesterday to inspect Britain's war effort, in an endeavour to enlist all possible American aid. He had crossed the Atlantic in the Yankee Clipper.

"I am here as Wendell Willkie. I am representing no one," he said on his arrival. After twenty minutes he took off again for London. He declined to make any statement regarding the imminence or otherwise of the arrival of further aid for Britain, but told the Press Association that he expected to stay in England for two weeks, and that he was anxious to see as much as possible in that time.

"I am very glad to be in England, for whose cause I have the utmost sympathy," he said. "I want to do all I can to get the United States to give to England the utmost aid possible in her struggle for free men all over the world."

He flew to London in a 'plane put at his disposal by the Government. At his hotel he spent some time with three members of the American Embassy, including General Scanlon, Air Attaché, and Mr. Herschel Johnson.

He declined to offer any comment on the question of the American Ambassadorship to Britain.

SHOT BY SENTRY

YOUNG MAN SERIOUSLY INJURED

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

OMAGH, Sunday.

George Caldwell, a young man, of Seskanore, County Tyrone, who carries on business as grocer and butcher in Fintona, was admitted to Tyrone County Hospital, Omagh, this morning, suffering from serious injuries, alleged to have been inflicted when he was fired on by a military sentry as he was leaving Fintona after closing his business premises on Saturday night. The shot lodged in Caldwell's body. He received prompt medical attention, and was taken to hospital, where he was found to be suffering from shock and internal injuries. His condition is described as dangerous.

MIDDLE EAST

BRITISH AIR ACTIVITY

PRESS ASSOCIATION WAR SPECIAL.

LONDON, Sunday.

To-day's *communiqué* from the Royal Air Force Headquarters, Middle East, stated:—

"The landing ground at Maraua, Libya, was raided by bomber aircraft of the Royal Air Force yesterday. All bombs fell within the target area, but details of damage could not be fully observed. The aerodrome at Barce was also attacked. At Giarabub, during a raid, one enemy bomber (S. 79) was destroyed on the ground.

"Our fighters made active offensive patrols throughout the day in the Martuba-Mecheli area, but no conclusive engagements with the enemy resulted. The fighter aircraft reported in yesterday's *communiqué* as having failed to return to its base has now been located safely at Tobruk.

"A successful attack was made on Boulsar, in the vicinity of Elbasan, Albania, yesterday. All bombs fell within the target area, and direct hits were registered on a military camp and an advance supply dépot. A large fire was seen to break out and heavy explosions were caused. Considerable anti-aircraft fire was encountered and enemy fighters intercepted our aircraft, all of which, however, returned safely to their base.

"In Italian East Africa our aircraft gave intensive support to the Army in its successful advance east of Keru. Heavy attacks were made on motor transport concentrated on the road near Tellena with considerable effect. Numerous reconnaissance flights were also carried out.

"From all these operations our aircraft returned without loss."

HALF-TON OF COAL PER MONTH

Flour to be of Brown Colour

MINISTER'S NEW ORDERS

NEW Orders have been made by the Minister for Supplies affecting the purchase of coal for domestic use and the milling of flour.

Under the former, householders will be limited in their purchases of coal to half a ton per month, and the latter raises the extraction of flour from wheat from 80 per cent. to 90 per cent.

Announcements concerning these Orders appear in our advertising columns.

As to coal, it is learned that for some days past importers have experienced difficulties in obtaining their regular supplies from their cross-Channel sources.

COAL STOCKS

Whilst there is no immediate cause for anxiety, the Minister for Supplies has decided that it would be as well that existing stocks in the country should be conserved as far as possible until the situation eases. He has accordingly made an Order, entitled "The Emergency Powers (Sale of Coal) Order, 1941," the effect of which is to restrict the purchase of coal for domestic purposes to, approximately, half a ton per month.

The purchase of coal used for industrial purposes and coal for resale is not affected by the Order. Institutions, hotels and similar large users of domestic coal are, however, covered by the Order, but in such cases permits may be granted on application to the Department of Supplies, Earlsfort terrace, Dublin, for the purchase of quantities in excess of the half ton per month.

The Order which has been made is similar to that which was in operation for a short time during June last, when there was also a temporary dislocation of supplies.

It is understood that whilst the situation calls for the conservation of existing stocks as a precautionary measure there are reasonably good supplies in the country. Householders and others would do well, however, to economise as much as possible in the use of coal and to supplement any reserves they may have by using turf where possible.

WHEAT EXTRACTION

CHANGE IN COLOUR OF FLOUR

The Order raising the extraction of flour from wheat to 90 per cent is due to the shortage of wheat.

In normal times the extraction of flour from wheat has been about 70 per cent., but during the past few months this percentage has been increased in two steps to 75 per cent. and 80 per cent. So far, no material change in colour or flavour of flour has been noticeable. The flour which will now be available will be of a browner colour, but it may be a few weeks before all the flour and bread on sale to the public will be of the new extraction.

As Ministers have explained, the quantity of wheat available is insufficient on the basis of normal extraction and consumption to meet the requirements of the country until the next harvest. The increase in the extraction will result in a substantial reduction in the weekly usage of wheat for flour milling, and it is hoped that, in consequence, the country's wheat reserve can be spread over the period up to the harvest.

NO ADMIXTURE NOW

The co-operation of the public is, however, essential, and any wastage of either flour or bread must be avoided at all costs. A careful check on the consumption of flour will be made by the Department of Supplies during the next few weeks, and, if it appears that there is an undue consumption of flour, it may be necessary to take further steps, including the admixture of other cereals with wheat.

The new flour will be produced entirely from wheat, and has no admixture. It is believed also that it will not have the keeping qualities of the flour hitherto on sale, and, consequently, it is inadvisable to purchase flour in excess quantities. Moreover, it is essential that the flour should be very carefully stored to avoid deterioration.

LATE NEWS

COUNT CSAKY DEAD

A message from Budapest this morning says that Count Csaky, Hungarian Foreign Minister, has died there.—(Associated Press.)

Count Csaky fell ill last month after his State visit to Belgrade, and was reported to be in a serious condition following influenza and kidney trouble. It was reported five days ago that he had recovered.

A bulletin issued by the doctors last night stated that Count Csaky was rapidly sinking. All members of the Hungarian Government, led by the Prime Minister, Count Teleki, visited the sick bed.

"A MIGHTY EVENT"

HERR HESS'S PROMISE AT MUNICH

"We stand confronted by a mighty event, the greatness of which not one of us can measure," declared Rudolf Hess, Hitler's deputy, speaking yesterday at celebrations to mark the fifteenth anniversary of the Nazi University Students' Association at Munich.

"This event will show its traces on the face of our Continent centuries, even milleniums, hence."

"Adolf Hitler will then have become a legendary figure, ranking among the greatest of the great of this world. We who have the privilege to be his contemporaries will always and ever strive to show ourselves worthy of the glorious dispensation of Providence that has allowed us to fight under his leadership.

"May the National Socialist students also in future be among those who successfully strive to pass the test for Fuehrer and Reich."

MORE POMPEII DISCOVERIES

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT

ROME, Sunday.

The discovery during recent excavations at Pompeii of 465 inscriptions, figures and sketches on the columns of the Palaestra (gymnasium) is reported by the official Italian News Agency from Naples. At the same place the excavators brought to light the skeletons of 85 people killed or buried by volcanic *débris* while fleeing for safety.

Near these remains was also found a case containing surgical instruments suitable for oculistic operations, several of them in a very good state of preservation.

WILL U.S. GO TO WAR?

EX-ARMY CHIEF'S ADVICE

JAPAN TO HONOUR AXIS PACT

ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Sunday.

LORD HALIFAX, Britain's new Ambassador to the United States, was expected to confer with President Roosevelt to-day as plans for aiding Britain reached the stage where the expediency of America declaring war against Germany was being seriously debated.

The Japanese Foreign Minister to-day said that if America entered the war, Japan would honour her obligation to support the Axis.

The Foreign Affairs Committee of the House of Representatives on Saturday concluded its open hearings on the Aid to Britain Bill with the most daring statement yet made by any witness.

Major-General John F. O'Ryan, one of the commanders of the American Expeditionary Force in the Great War, told the Committee that the United States should enter the war immediately. America's participation, he said, would break German *morale* and put Italy definitely out of the war.

STATE WAR AIMS

Senators Wheeler and Nye announced to-day that they would ask Congress to demand that the belligerents state their war aims. The Isolationists say that if the United States is going into the war the people should be told what they are fighting for.

At this stage Government leaders are contenting themselves with telling the dangers to America of conflict abroad, especially if the British Navy should lose domination of the Atlantic.

The Postmaster-General, Mr. Frank C. Walter, in a speech at Scranton, Pennsylvania, said that America's failure to enact the British Aid Bill "may bring consequences so dire that I shudder to contemplate them."

PRESIDENT'S POWER

One of the powers which the Bill would confer on the President is the subject of much thought in Congress. It is not written into the Bill in so many words. But critics of the measure maintain that President Roosevelt can, if he chooses, tell Britain how she is to run the war. At the very least, it places in the President's hands an enormous lever which can be used on the British at any time the President thinks their war policies should be changed.

The Foreign Affairs Committee of the House of Representatives at its next meeting will hear the chiefs of the armed services in secret, and the Senate Foreign Relations Committee will start its hearings, with Mr. Cordell Hull as its first witness, to-morrow.

JAPAN'S REPLY TO U.S.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

TOKYO, Sunday.

In a detailed reply to Mr. Cordell Hull, the Japanese Foreign Minister, Mr. Matsuoka, to-day said that so long as America regards China as her first line of defence, friendly relations between Japan and the United States will remain a dream. America, he says, now appears to include Australia and New Zealand in her defensive system, thus vitiating the Munroe Doctrine, but Japan must dominate the Western Pacific, and America must accept this.

Mr. Matsuoka said there was no truth in Mr. Hull's contention that the Axis was bent upon a programme of unlimited conquest. "Neither Japan, Germany nor Italy is bent upon that," he said; "nor are they intent upon destroying the foundation of the civilised world. On the contrary, they are sincerely and earnestly endeavouring to create a more just and righteous world by jointly establishing a new order.

JAPAN MUST DOMINATE

"It is preposterous for the United States to say that it is impudent for Japan to dominate the Western Pacific," he continued. "Japan must dominate the Western Pacific not for the sake of Japan, but for the sake of humanity. Japan must demand America's reconsideration of her attitude, and if she does not listen there is slim hope for friendly relations between Japan and the United States. The rise or fall of world civilisation depends on the American attitude. I will try my hardest to make the United States understand, but this can not be accomplished by courting—the only way is to proceed with unshakable resolve."

The erroneous impression that Japan was exhausting her national power, the Minister added, was responsible for the stiffening of America's attitude, and it was incumbent upon the Japanese to show that nothing was actually so far from the truth.

In the event of America taking part in the war in Europe, the Minister said, except for the eventuality of Germany assuming the initiative in striking at the American continent, it might be considered that Article 3 of the pact with Germany and Italy would be invoked. That would mean Japan staking her fate, and for this reason prudence was called for, but it should be known that Japan would not recoil from her obligations.

"No one in Japan raises the question of what Japan should do in the event that America enters the European war," the Minister said.

BRITISH POULTRY PRICES

NEW CONTROL ORDER TO-DAY

Maximum prices for poultry have been fixed by an order made last night by the British Minister of Food. The order takes effect to-day.

The charges will be:—

Roasting chickens, reared in United Kingdom, 2s. 4d. per lb.; imported from Eire, 2s. 2d.

Boiling fowls, reared in United Kingdom, 1s. 8d. per lb.; imported from Eire, 1s. 6d.

Ducks, United Kingdom and Eire, 2s. 1d.

Geese, United Kingdom and Eire, 1s. 11d.

Kosher poultry—Maximum prices may be increased at a rate not exceeding 4d. per bird.

Maximum prices of dead poultry will be calculated on the weight of the poultry rough-plucked, untrussed and uncleaned, and of live poultry on a weight of 10 per cent. less than the actual live weight.

Poultry may be sold otherwise than by weight, provided that the maximum price, calculated in accordance with the order, is not exceeded.

LAST DESCENDANT OF COLUMBUS

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

MADRID, Saturday.

Senor Serrano Suner, the Spanish Foreign Minister, was present at the funeral to-day of the Duke of Veragua, reputed to be the last descendant of Christopher Columbus.

Members of the Diplomatic Corps were also present.

MR. CHURCHILL SEES COAST DEFENCES

Mr. Churchill, accompanied by Mrs. Churchill and Mr. Harry Hopkins, President Roosevelt's Envoy, visited the Dover area on Friday, and inspected defences along the south-east coast.

MR. LEMASS SPEAKS OF "THE GREATEST DANGER"

Gravity of National Position

BELIEVES MOMENT OF CRISIS IS NEARER

REPLYING to the toast of the guests, at the annual dinner of the Dublin and Irish Association District of the Institute of Journalists, in the Royal Hibernian Hotel, Dublin, last Saturday night, Mr. Sean Lemass (Minister for Supplies) gave a warning of the gravity of the national position. He said that within a few weeks or a few months the crisis of this war would come, and with it the time of greatest danger to this nation. They must face a rapidly diminishing supply of goods that they had been accustomed to import, and, perhaps, even an abrupt termination in their supply.

Mr. Lemass said that it was true that politicians were frequently irritated with the Press, probably just as often as that the Press was irritated with the politician, and that was not half so often as either liked to pretend. (Laughter.) The ordinary citizen of this country, or of any country, liked to see his legislators occasionally "slammed"; he thought that it would do them good. Of course, the slamming of politicians was the great pastime of journalists; it was usually easy enough, and because of its popularity it promoted circulation. He wanted to assure them on behalf of the politicians that they did not mind. The average politician in any country at any time much preferred to be abused than to be ignored. A great President of the United States once said that it was a fundamental characteristic of a democratic State that the ordinary citizen had the right to "cuss" the Government provided that the Government could do nothing about it except "cuss" back. (Laughter.)

A FREE PRESS

A free Press and a good Press was essential to the conduct of a democracy. Other form of government might be possible without it, but a democracy was not. For the functioning of a democratic State it was essential that there should exist some medium for the dissemination of information—reliable information—concerning public affairs and for the ventilation of opinions. They might not agree with the opinions of others, but, consciously or sub-consciously, they affected their own opinions. In any event, they had got to convert others to their opinions before they could put them into effect, and it was the function of the Press to ventilate opinions.

That function had to be restricted in times of peace by laws relating to treason and libel and the like, and in times of war by restrictions upon the publication of information of military importance without authority or by confining the brick-throwing activities of journalists to their own Government, because other Governments might not like it. Subject to those restrictions it was the function of the Press to give the people the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth.

"VERY GRAVE"

"It is to-day," he said, "probably more than at any other time in our history, very important that our people should be made to face our national position realistically. Our position is very grave, indeed. The war has made so few changes yet in our ordinary mode of living that it is very hard to realise that all around us cataclysmic things are happening. There are still amongst us people who speak and act as if the war were being fought upon another planet instead of within sight of our shores, and who expect us to be immune from the effects of it. There is nothing that we can do, nothing that we could have done, which could guarantee such immunity.

"We in this country have a right to be neutral in this conflict if we so decide. We have a right to expect that the belligerents will take care to ensure that of the thousands of bombs falling from the skies around us none will fall upon our territory. We have a right to expect that neutral ships carrying cagoes to our ports will not be interfered with on the high seas. We have thousands of rights, but rights alone are poor protection for small States when great Empires go to war. War is not a game. The mighty States now locked in deadly conflict are not like boxers in a roped enclosure, who will be disqualified for breaking the rules or stepping outside the ring. Everybody knows these things, and everybody will profess to realise their significance; but how many really do?

DANGER OF INVASION

"Only a few months ago we in this country were facing the imminent danger of invasion. At that time the Government took steps to set up an emergency organisation, designed to ensure that public administration would be carried on in areas that might be isolated by invading armies. We took steps to secure the distribution of stocks of food throughout the country, so that these isolated areas might not be left to starvation, and to minimise the risks of these stocks being destroyed.

"We recruited thousands of young men into our armed forces, and organised and trained them to resist an invader; but how many of our people who saw these things happen said to themselves: 'This is serious; this is real; this thing can reach out to hit me, to destroy my home or my business or my life'? Is not it a fact that the great majority of our people had all the time the comfortable feeling that it would not happen here?

"Is that danger past? I think that the very contrary is the truth. Within a few weeks or a few months the crisis of this war will come, and with it the time of greatest danger to our nation.

"If we are lucky, we will merely have to endure a shortage of supplies of some commodities that have to be imported; if we are lucky we will merely have to do without some of the amenities and conveniences to which we have been accustomed, It is, I think, of real importance that these things should be brought home to our people in an intimate, personal way, because I am convinced that their reaction to such realisation will not be a mere wringing of hand and gnashing of teeth in futile panic or equally futile irritation, but a grim determination to see this thing through.

TO WARD OFF ATTACK

"It will help us to keep our armed forces alert and vigilant to ward off attack; to complete the organisation and training of the Local Security Force, and to recruit the *personnel* needed for air-raid precautions and auxiliary services. It will help to effect a willing acceptance of the further restrictions that must come; it will help to get a readiness to co-operate in building up the national resources, so that those among us to whom the war has brought exceptional hardship can be relieved out of the national wealth. It will help also to secure the fullest possible utilisation of our productive resources.

"It is, I think, the function of the Press to keep that picture before the public, to help them to see things as they are and not as they would like them to be.

"What the future will hold for us no man can tell. In time of war the unpredictable, the unforeseeable event is the only certainty. One thing is sure, however, that we must face a rapidly diminishing supply of all those goods that we have been accustomed to import from the ends of the earth—perhaps even an abrupt termination of their supply, because after eighteen months of war our resources are running out; our margins of safety are shrinking, and worse and even more difficult problems are arising.

WAR OF BLOCKADES

"This is a war of blockades. Germany is blockading England and England is blockading Europe. By force of circumstances or deliberate design, each of the belligerents have taken steps, the direct

BRITISH STRIKE AT ITALIAN EMPIRE

One Hundred Miles Into Eritrea

DERNA BELIEVED TO HAVE FALLEN

EVERY part of Italy's African Empire is now being attacked, says the Press Association. British forces have struck at Italian Somaliland, and, according to reports from Cairo, other forces are now nearly one hundred miles inside Eritrea.

Biscia, in Eritrea, which is now in British hands, is the terminus of the Eritrean railway from the Red Sea port of Massawa. It is a further 25 miles to Agordat and about 130 miles to Massawa, the chief Italian base.

British troops were reported at Derna, more than 100 miles west of Tobruk. Last night it was thought likely that Derna had been taken, but no official announcement was made.

With the capture of Derna, British forces will reach the first main water supply, situated west of the town. Derna's population is about 11,000. The harbour is very small and would be of little use to British ships.

VITAL RAILWAY

Describing the advance into Eritrea the P.A. says that the British troops have pierced two lines of Italian resistance—one running from Keru to Aicota and the other from Biscia to Barentu. Agordat, terminus of Eritrea's only railway between the interior and the coast, lies ahead of them.

The Press Association special correspondent at Khartoum says that Ethiopians are reported to have killed 200 white Italian troops and captured others in a recent two days' engagement between Dessie and Debra Tabor, south-east of Lake Tana.

British Forces operating across the Abyssinian frontier from the Sudan are also active, and a few prisoners have been taken, following border activity in Kenya. Active patrols continue over the frontier into Italian territory, where small encounters with Banda (native) patrols are reported.

A communiqué by the Press Service of the Free French Forces says:—"It is known now that the Free French Forces operating along the seashore made a brilliant contribution to the capture of Tobruk. In the course of the attack a motorised unit was particularly conspicuous. After having taken a stronghold on the very first day the French troops at dusk penetrated four miles into the enemy's positions."

ITALIAN CLAIMS

The Italian *communiqué* yesterday stated: "In Cyrenaica actions in progress, valiantly supported by Italian airplanes, which are scatter-bombing and machine-gunning enemy troops and mechanised units. Italian pursuit 'planes yesterday shot down four Gloster 'planes. In East Africa nothing of importance to report on the land front. Italian 'planes have bombed enemy forces. Four British 'planes were shot down in flames."

The *communiqué* adds that during the attack carried out on the 24th by units of the German Air Force it has been ascertained that, besides the cruiser reported as hit, two other British naval units, a battleship and a battle cruiser, were each struck by two large-sized bombs. It also says that during the air attack on January 9 against British naval units in the Mediterranean, besides the ships reported as hit, two further cruisers were severely damaged and are now in Alexandria under repair.

BORDER WAR CONTINUES

MEDIATION ACCEPTED REPORT

Fighting continues along the Thai-French Indo-China border, although the Japanese offer of mediation in the dispute was officially stated in Tokyo to have been accepted by both sides.

The Thailand Government has not, however, announced its agreement, but official circles admitted that the proposal was being "considered carefully."

The Supreme Command communiqué issued in Bangkok claimed that Thai heavy artillery had begun a fierce bombardment of the French fortress and highway junction at Sisophon.

French aircraft on Saturday attempted to raid a number of towns in the north-east of Thailand, but the bombs fell in fields and in the jungle, it was claimed. The Thai Air Force had, therefore, carried out reprisal raids on the French military centre of Bansamrong and on the island of Kohkong, in the Gulf of Thailand.—(The Associated Press.)

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE

FIVE CASES IN DERRY AREA

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

DERRY, Sunday.

Five cases of foot-and-mouth disease were reported in the Derry area during the week-end (two at Dungiven on Saturday), and led to the extension of the scheduled district, which now embraces the entire county except for Kilrea and Desertmartin. The other cases were detected in Derry City at the scene of a previous outbreak.

There have been no further outbreaks in Donegal since that reported from Drumaweir, Moville, on Thursday last.

All the Derry pork curing establishments will close to-morrow, rendering some 400 hands unemployed.

consequence of which is the curtailment or stoppage of supplies coming to us; although in the case of Great Britain, action by design has only recently occurred. The nett result of it all is, as the Taoiseach has rightly said in his Christmas broadcast, that there is no country in Europe more effectively blockaded than we are.

It is important that that fact should be made known outside this country, where there appears to be some misunderstanding of our conditions. It is much more important that it should be known and realised by our own people, because it is only thus that we can get that tremendous expansion in certain forms of agricultural production which is necessary in our conditions and which will secure for themselves the necessaries of life after the next harvest. It is only thus that we will get the willing acceptance of the restrictions to come and the co-operation to make them effective.

"I am sure that our Press will discharge that function faithfully and well. If they interrupt that process occasionally to throw a brick at the Government we will not mind. It is the inevitable fate of a Government in wartime in any country which has to plan ahead with very little to guide it as to future events that it must face after the event the criticism of those who by then know what precisely happened in every detail. That cannot be avoided, although I gather that that type of criticism can be very effective.

"If we can succeed in getting through this war without permanent damage to our national liberties or economic structure we will all have very much reason to be thankful, and the minor inconveniences and losses will soon be forgotten."

Concluding, Mr. Lemass, on behalf of the guests, thanked the Institute for its hospitality, and wished everybody good fortune in the year ahead.

Mr. J. W. Kelly, the Chairman-Elect, who proposed the toast, said that in former years they had had the honour of welcoming Mr. de Valera and Mr. O'Kelly. This year the district felt that they should continue to recognise the Government—(laughter)—as the main source for the supply of principal guests, and the obvious choice was Mr. Lemass.

The toast of "Eire" was proposed by Mr. E. F. MacSweeney, the outgoing Chairman, who presided.

WHAT BRITAIN NEEDS

LORD HALIFAX TELLS AMERICA

ATTACK EXPECTED IN THE SPRING

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, Saturday.

"THE mobilisation of your great industrial strength and the translating of that into action in supplying us with the ships and supplies we need," was Lord Halifax's reply to pressmen who asked him on Saturday at Washington: "What were Britain's most urgent requirements?"

Britain's new Ambassador to the United States had won the approval of the Press by the time he had been twenty-four hours in the country. He was preceded by an adverse reputation as a "Munich man" and an "appeaser." Lord Halifax made such a good impression on the newspapermen that the Press has welcomed him with open arms. After he had spent more than an hour in consultation with Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, to-day, he told the pressmen who gathered round him: "We see things very much alike."

Help in meeting the strain on Britain's merchant ships, Navy and aircraft, he said, was "vital." There was no doubt in England that the spring would bring a great German attack. "We have no illusions about Germany's strength or plans, but we know they will not succeed. England is in good heart," he added.

No Ambassador could have made a better impression. It is very obvious that relations between Britain and the United States were seldom, if ever, warmer, and British prestige here seldom has been higher.

HITLER'S CHANCE

Lord Halifax said that he thought that "when history comes to be written, Hitler will be found to have lost the war in June, 1940, when he failed to take advantage of the situation existing after the collapse of France."

England, Lord Halifax added, was then at her weakest, and "Germany might have been able to cash in if she had acted quickly."

Lord Halifax lunched to-day with Mr. Ralph Close, the South African Minister in Washington.

Telegraphing under Sunday's date, Reuter's New York Correspondent wires:—

"Hearty American welcome would have awaited Lord Halifax if he had come over in a fishing smack, but Americans appreciate none the less the compliment implied in the means by which he has reached these shores," writes the *New York Sun* to-day.

THE KING GEORGE V. SAILS

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

ANNAPOLIS, Saturday.

Britain's new battleship, King George V., which brought Lord and Lady Halifax to the United States, raised anchor to-day and sailed down Chesapeake Bay, in the direction of the Atlantic, several hours before the time-limit had expired.

Under international law a belligerent warship visiting a neutral port is permitted to stay 24 hours, unless she needs repairs.

AIRCRAFT DOWN IN DONEGAL

ONE OF THE CREW DROWNED

The Government Information Bureau has published the following statement:—

Late on Friday night a British aircraft crashed in County Donegal. Three members of the crew, who landed safely by parachute, have been interned. The fourth airman fell into the sea and was drowned.

From inquiries made in the rural district of Derry, it would appear that about two-thirds of the 500 children evacuated to the safety zone there in the autumn have returned to their homes in Belfast.

"IRRATIONAL AND INCONGRUOUS"

THE IMPORTATION OF FOOD

BISHOP'S VIEW OF GRASS-FARMING

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

MONAGHAN, Sunday.

IN a letter read to-day at all the Masses in the Diocese of Clogher the Most Rev. Dr. McKenna, Bishop of the diocese, says: "Though ours is largely an agricultural country, with a soil rich and fertile enough to produce an abundance of sound, healthy food for the support not only of our present population, but of a population more than twice its size, yet the fact is that we do not produce enough of home-grown food to save the people from starvation, and are dependent for many of the necessaries of life—literally for the bread we eat—on the products of foreign lands. That, in any circumstances, seems to be an unhealthy, uneconomic state of affairs, and what makes it more irrational and incongruous is that we are accustomed to export a large share of our own excellent food in exchange for an inferior foreign product. Indefensible, undoubtedly, the system at best is, but the blame for it cannot be laid at the door of the Irish people. It is an evil legacy of the fatal policy which drove the people ruthlessly from the homes of their fathers, from the lands they loved and the friends they prized to the workhouse and into exile to make room for flocks and herds.

"KIND OF SACRILEGE"

"Little wonder if nowadays the idea of superiority of grazing over tillage is so deeply embedded in the minds of many as to be well-nigh ineradicable. Little wonder, too, if it should be regarded as a kind of sacrilege to turn what is called the fine pasture land of the grazing ranches to the purpose of food production, the sacred purpose for which it was given from God to man.

"The problem, however, so serious and so pressing, with which we are face to face now does not regard the relative profits of grazing or tillage, nor the sacredness of grazing ranches, but has to do solely with how to procure and conserve sufficient food to save the people not merely from hunger and privation, but from the horrors of famine. The danger which threatens and impends is that the food from abroad on which we depended so largely hitherto will be cut off from us perhaps completely. It is of first importance to realise and to bring home to ourselves that the danger of a cutting off of supplies from abroad is real, serious, grave, imminent. We have been warned of it by the highest authorities in the most explicit language, not once, but many times. The newspapers day by day repeat and enforce the warning, and if we had received no explicit warning at all, the elaborate measures being adopted by the Government to cope with the danger should be more than sufficient to convince us of its reality.

LIVES AT STAKE

"It would be criminal folly to neglect these warnings. The question at issue is too serious to take any risks. The lives of the people are at stake. Yet it may happen that some, regardless of the feverish activity with which they see schemes of food production being elaborated and put in force, regardless also of the repeated warnings given by those in a position to know what is to be feared, may imagine that they may go on as heretofore; that, as things seem to be going on as usual, there is nothing to be feared, and no reason for taking any precautions. I have thought it, therefore, a sacred duty to emphasise so strongly the reality and seriousness of the danger which threatens.

"Being in danger, then, of being cut off from foreign supplies, we are thrown back on our own resources. Are they equal to the emergency? Yes, if we use them to the best advantage. The problem regards the present and the future, and provision for the future is, at the moment, if anything, the more urgent. We have a soil capable of producing a superabundance of excellent food. We are called upon to till it, and to plant such quantities of food-producing crops as will, with God's blessing, avert any danger of famine or of hunger once the next harvest is gathered. A great united effort is called for. Everyone who can assist in any way should do so. There will be a great deal of mutual help and co-operation. There will be need of sacrifice, harder work, and later hours at times of stress and hurry and in other respects. The work is a work of patriotism and charity."

GROW MORE FOOD CAMPAIGN

ENTHUSIASM IN CORK

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

CORK, Saturday.

In an explanation of the food situation made to a special meeting of the Cork County Committee of Agriculture on Saturday, Mr. Daniel Twomey, Secretary to the Department of Agriculture, said that not only would the 80 per cent. extract of flour from wheat have to be increased still further, but that even, in order to ensure bread supplies until next harvest, other grains such as barley and oats would have to be added

In order to meet the needs of the situation 350,000 extra acres of wheat would have to be planted this year. Furthermore, to ensure cattle feed and meet the general needs, 850,000 acres of extra tillage, as compared with 1940, would be necessary.

The Committee promised all possible support to the Government's tillage proposals.

The position now was critical, because the time was almost run out for the sowing of winter wheat. Unless every available opportunity was utilised they would not be able to get anything like the required acreage planted this spring. It was strongly recommended that winter wheat should be planted if at all possible.

There was also the danger that even though the required acreage of wheat was planted, the harvest might not be a good one. They had, therefore, to look to some alternative source of food supplies, and the first crop that came to mind in that connection was the potato crop. Potatoes could be grown on lands unsuited for wheat growing and even in the poorest parts of Co. Cork excellent crops of potatoes could be produced.

It was to counties like Cork, already good for tillage, that they must look for the bulk of the increase, because of the particular experience of the farmers in such counties. There would be great difficulty owing to a shortage of artificial manures, but there would be fair quantities available.

Mr. M. J. Corry, T.D., said there should be a fixed price for farm produce and a controlled price for seeds.

On the motion of Mr. Halliden, seconded by Mr. Ryan, the Committee unanimously pledged support to the Government's endeavours to secure the increased food production sought and pledged themselves, "by precedent and example," to further the grow more food campaign.

Mr. Twomey said he would lay before the Department the suggestions made at the meeting.

A vote of thanks was passed to Mr. Twomey, and further tributes were paid to him at a luncheon to which he was entertained by the members after the meeting.

NEW COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA

NEW DELHI, Sunday.

Lieutenant-General C. P. E. Auchinleck, newly-appointed Commander-in-Chief in India, assumed command to-day, in succession to General Sir R. A. Cassels.—(Press Association.)

AMERICA TOLD ABOUT NEUTRAL IRELAND

Commentator's Broadcast from Dublin

MR. EDWARD R. MURROW, one of America's most prominent broadcasting commentators and head of the Columbia Broadcasting System's European service, spent the week-end in Dublin, and last night, speaking over the Irish short-wave station, he told America what it felt like to be in the capital of neutral Ireland.

Dublin, he said, is a very pleasant place, the capital of a small nation that appears both grim and gay. Early yesterday, in the dreary grey dawn of a Midlands morning, I stood in Manchester (England's city of cotton), and watched huge caterpillar tractors pulling down the wall of a building. It came down with a roar, and then the whole building was levelled down to the ground. The demolition work following Manchester's fire raid is progressing nicely. I went out to the airport, stepped into an American Douglas 'plane, and seventy-two minutes later was in Dublin. From war to peace in an hour and twelve minutes!

The change was too sudden, said Mr. Murrow. I am not quite accustomed to it yet. You don't understand the weight of London's night sky until you are out from under it. There is a hang-over of tension and a certain feeling of unreality. Dublin is so quiet. The torn-up street is just a street under repair, but I still look to see where the bomb fell. A broken window is the result of a stone thrown by an irresponsible Irish schoolboy—not a bomb dropped by a German schoolboy.

WATCHING A STORM

Being in Ireland is like standing on a mountain top and watching a summer storm raging through the valleys below. I have had about thirty-six hours in Dublin. Most of that time has been spent talking and listening. This is still the city where four or five men may sit down to lunch and when you look at your watch you are surprised to find that it is nearly dinner time.

Now, as a result of all this talking I have arrived at no solution of what is called "The Irish Problem." If what I have to say sounds superficial, put it down to unwillingness to talk with confidence about things not yet understood. What I am saying has been seen by the Irish censors, and it has been my experience that censorship in neutral countries is more strict than it is in belligerent countries. Still it is as I wrote it and I cannot even blame the censors.

These are impressions, said Mr. Morrow, not conclusions. As I said, Dublin appears both grim and gay. There are a few concrete air raid shelters in the streets, but they are securely locked. This morning I saw several battalions of Home Guards marching through the streets, watched thousands of people walking home from Mass. Their faces were calm. They walked slowly. If there is nervousness, apprehension about the future, it was well concealed.

Dubliners are doing plenty of walking these days. There are few taxis and fewer private cars on the streets. Gasoline shortage is acute—worse than in England. I asked one taxi-driver about it, and he said: "Oh, it's not so bad. We get a gallon now and then."

CONVERSATION PIECE

Last night Denis Johnston, the Irish playwright, took me to a dance in the Gresham Hotel. I was refused admission because I wasn't wearing evening dress. An Irish Senator intervened and invited us to his table, and there was a real controversy raging about the next managing director of the Abbey Theatre. There was little talk of the war. You can go to a movie or to a theatre by just buying a ticket and walking in. "Tobias and the Angel" opens at the Gate Theatre next week, to be followed by "The Seagull," and then comes "Much Ado About Nothing." The Irish radio has been running a poetry contest and receiving five hundred original poems each week.

But don't think all Dublin is dancing, going to the theatre or writing poetry. There is a war on here—a war that is as old as Ireland, a war against poverty There is a new outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease. Shipments of cattle have been stopped, and that is a serious matter to this Ireland. The Minister for Supplies has warned that a crisis may be expected soon. Ireland will have to tighten her belt, but officials are confident that basic foodstuffs are adequate, and will remain so. There are many sad and troubled hearts in this troubled Ireland. Nearly everyone I have met has a brother, sister, aunt or cousin in Britain, working there or fighting with the British forces. The personal ties between the two countries are very strong . . . and the soul of Ireland is troubled.

READY TO FIGHT

There is much evidence, including the evidence of British journalists who have spent many weeks here, said Mr. Murrow, that more than 90 per cent. of the Irish people want no part of this war, that they support the Government's policy of neutrality. They want no Armageddon in Cork. They still believe passionately in the right of small nations to exist. They say that they will fight any one who comes here and that they have had some experience of fighting tyranny. They do not welcome advice—not even from the United States.

There have been one or two bombs dropped in Dublin. I've seen them. They weren't very big bombs—as we know them in London; but if Ireland turned over those ports there would probably be more bombs, and say the Irish: "Where are the anti-aircraft guns and fighters for our protection?" They think things may look different from a distance of 3,000 miles.

UNITY

Irishmen of all kinds have assured me that this country is united—as united as Britain, and certainly more united than Ireland has ever been before. They want no part of this war, and they hope it wants no part of them. If you think that feeling arises from cowardice, then you don't know the Irish. They need more guns—all Europe seems to want more guns. They have a deep and almost mystical belief that Ireland will survive. If it weren't for the English origin of the phrase, they would probably adopt the slogan: "There'll always be an Ireland."

There are lights at night in Dublin. There is plenty of good food. There are people on the streets who seem to have some secret joke known only to themselves. There are so many smiles just below the surface, eyes that grin while the face is solemn.

These people have been told that trying days are ahead, that the danger of invasion is constant, but somehow they do not seem to believe it. They have a faith in their own destiny. If you point out to them the fate of other small nations, they simply reply that Ireland will be different.

THE FULL PAGE

The *Irish Times* still devotes a full page to book reviews. Stephen Gwynn has published a small volume called "Salute to Valour" that is well worth your time. A little book called "Battle," the life story of Winston Churchill, is selling well in the Dublin bookshops.

Early to-morrow morning, concluded Mr. Murrow, I shall take the 'bus to the air field. The porter at the Shelbourne Hotel will probably say: "It's a filthy old day." On the way to the flying field we shall probably pass several of those two-wheeled carts, the drivers hunched up in a couple of sacks as the cart tacks along over the cobble stones. And if when we reach the air field we are told that weather has forced cancellation of the morning flight I shall not be sorry.

700,000 EXTRA ACRES

NEED FOR STILL MORE TILLAGE

MR. AIKEN'S ADVICE TO FARMERS

SPEAKING at a Fianna Fail meeting at Dundalk yesterday, Mr. Frank Aiken, Minister for the Co-ordination of Defensive Measures, reviewing the present situation and the need for home production of food and other necessaries, said that every effort must be made to secure the 700,000 acres extra of tillage for which the Minister for Agriculture had called. There was no certainty of getting imported cereals for man and beast, and it was, therefore, the patriotic duty of every farmer to till not only the 20 per cent. which the law required of him, but to put every acre he could under the plough.

Last year the farmers of County Louth tilled 29.2 per cent. of their arable land, the highest in Ireland, and they had also the highest percentage of wheat—namely, 8.4 per cent. He hoped this year that they would again lead the country with at least 40 per cent. total tillage. He also hoped they would lead again in wheat; for it was in the counties with good tillage land that they must rely on getting the extra 300,000 acres of wheat that was required.

NO HOPE OF PEACE

It was heartrending to see in the revolutionary and violent times in which they were living great and powerful nations using modern technique for the destruction of life and property instead of co-operating for the raising of the material and cultural standards of life. While they sympathised with the people of the neighbouring island and the Continent, they could do nothing to stop the slaughter and destruction, and could only pray that God would enlighten the statesmen of the Great Powers so that they might call an armistice before all was destroyed, and arrange a lasting peace based on justice, charity and co-operation. The indications were, however, that this war would become more widespread and violent. This country should, therefore, endeavour to increase not only its military, but its economic strength. They should realise that they must rely for survival on their own resources of men and material. To do so would require what in normal times would be regarded as a revolutionary mental change; but the alternative was so appalling that he hoped the tillage programme would be adopted forthwith, and that all would co-operate in the economic field with the same splendid spirit as they were co-operating in every parish for military defence.

NOT HELPLESS

They should be grateful that they were so well equipped as they were. They were not helpless, even though they were thrown back on their own resources. They were now producing many of their own requirements, and if this devastating war should continue, and shipping become even more difficult to procure, they would, he was sure, produce many more requirements. If imports should be cut off suddenly, it would, of course, lead to a period of economic disruption and confusion, but he again asserted they would not be helpless if they had the will to survive. They had not the power to control foreign trade, and even though they might have the desire to procure ships, and could secure foreign exchange with which to purchase them, "ancient crocks," which no one would think of purchasing in normal times, would be of so exorbitant a price that it would be foolish to buy them except in extreme necessity. The main solution lies, he said, in producing all that is required for a decent standard of life from the home resources, and doing it as quickly as possible.

SLIGHT RAIDS ON BRITAIN

LONDON STILL FREE FROM ATTACK

GERMANS CLAIM HITS ON SHIPPING

AFTER four successive nights without a raid—the longest lull since intensified air attacks began in September last—Britain was visited by an after-dark raider on Saturday night, when a single 'plane dropped two high explosive bombs on a coastal town in Cornwall which had not previously been visited, says the Press Association. One house and two bungalows were destroyed, and a pottery was severely damaged. A gas main was broken, but personal injuries were confined to minor abrasions and cuts.

In their first emergency, the Local Civil Defence Services worked well.

A British Air Ministry and Ministry of Home Security *communiqué* yesterday morning stated: "Last night bombs were dropped in Cornwall. Little damage was done, and there were very few casualties. Apart from this, there was no enemy activity."

London enjoyed its sixth successive night without a raid.

Yesterday evening's British *communiqué* said:

"The only attack reported on this country to-day was by an enemy aircraft which dropped a bomb on the north-east coast without causing damage or casualties."

A low-flying German bomber was fired on at a north-east coast town yesterday. It made off seawards, after dropping one bomb in a field near the town.

GERMAN REPORT

PRESS ASSOCIATION TELEGRAM.

BERLIN, Sunday.

To-day's German *communiqué* says:—

"The Air Force continued its armed reconnaissance according to plan. During this reconnaissance a German long-distance 'plane sunk a merchant ship of 4,000 gross registered tons 500 kilometres west of Ireland.

"On the British East Coast two merchant ships, as well as installations of military importance at a harbour, were bombed.

"During last night German 'planes attacked aerodromes in South-West England.

"A patrol boat successfully beat off an attack by an enemy torpedo-carrying 'plane.

"The enemy did not fly over German or occupied territory either during the day or at night."

FIRE SQUAD SAVES LAW COURTS

In a recent air attack on London a volunteer fire squad saved the Law Courts from destruction, says the Press Association. Its members ran with their appliances from one part of the extensive buildings to another as incendiary bombs rained down, and in no case were the flames allowed to become a serious threat to the main structure. Bombs fell on the roof of King's Bench Court No. 2, on the gutter between the main hall roof and the public gallery on the east side, and on the Bar Library roof. Woodwork on the roof was set alight, and burning magnesium dripped into the well of the Court, which was saved by the use of sand. A party with stirrup pumps tackled the burning roof and kept the flames down until reinforcements arrived. A hose finally quelled the fire. The bomb on the Bar Library roof caused little damage. The squad patrolling the west roof tackled this fire from the inside, and the Auxiliary Fire Service directed a jet from the street.

ITALIAN ATTACKS REPULSED

Greeks Claim More Advances

FIERCE BOMBINGS IN ALBANIA

A DESPERATE Italian bid to recapture the strategic heights north of the key town of Klissura, on the central front, was repulsed on Saturday by the Greeks, says the Press Association.

Among the prisoners taken by the Greeks were some who had arrived in Albania only ten days previously.

A Greek Press Ministry statement said: "The Italians made further efforts to regain lost ground. All their counter-offensives have been smashed by the resolute stand and accurate fire of our detachments."

Fierce Italian attacks from the Ostrovitsa Mountains to the source of the Devoli River were also repulsed by the Greeks. Italian 'planes launched heavy raids on the Greek positions and bombed roads and bridges between Koritza and Florina, towns well behind the battle front. British 'planes fiercely attacked the Italian troops and communications system.

Headquarters of the British Forces in Greece yesterday said that a successful low-level attack on Bulsa, in the vicinity of Elbasan, was carried out by bomber aircraft of the R.A.F. Direct hits were scored on a military camp and advanced supply dépôt. A large fire was seen to break out and a big explosion was also caused. All British aircraft returned safely.—(Press Association.)

SALONIKA RAIDED

Three Italian 'planes were brought down during a raid on Saturday on Salonika, it was stated in a Greek Ministry of Public *communiqué*. Some material damage was caused by the raid and a small number of victims among the civilian population.

The Greek High Command *communiqué* stated that three other enemy 'planes were also brought down over the front, these fell to the Greek Air Force. The *communiqué* stated of the land operations: "Limited operations were crowned with success. We made over 100 prisoners."

New Greek successes were reported by the Greek Press Ministry, quoted by Athens Radio last night. The Greeks, it was said, have beaten back the two-day Italian attempts to break through their lines, and have driven them far behind their original positions. Many prisoners were taken as well as mortars, machine guns and other war material.

BIG BATTLE EXPECTED

A report from Ochrida, on the Yugoslav border, said that the Italians were yesterday reported to have launched a heavy attack against the Greeks on the northern and central Albanian fronts. The Greeks said that the attacks had been repulsed with heavy losses.

Observers predicted that a decisive battle was brewing, as both sides had brought up heavy reinforcements.

One Italian bomber landed at Zagreb airport and five members of the crew, who were interned, said they had lost their way in the fog.

MAKE MORE USE OF LAND

GOVERNMENT LOAN URGED

Mr. Erskine Childers, T.D., speaking after Mass at Killashee, Co. Longford, said that it was time that the land was made to bear greater interest. It was time to make the whole people realise that agriculture was a complex science requiring almost more learning and intelligence, more experience, theoretical and practical, than the law or medicine. A great percentage of poverty in Ireland could be eliminated if millions of acres of agricultural land could be reconditioned and made to provide higher yields. It was time that both parties agreed to present a united programme of complete large-scale agricultural reorganisation to the people.

The Government could now more easily than any other time raise an agricultural reconstruction loan, because the people would be making funds available through restriction in consumption, such as that enforced compulsorily in England for financing the war.

The essential point was so to order the national finances that, having paid for the defences of the State, surplus money should be ploughed back into the land instead of being allowed to remain idle in the banks, with grave risk of depreciation.

ITALIAN CLAIMS REVIVED

ASSOCIATED PRESS.

ROME, Sunday.

Mario Appelius, writing in Mussolini's *Popolo d'Italia* to-day, revived Italy's claim for Bizerta, the important French naval port in Tunisia, as well as for the Suez Canal, Gibraltar, Aden and Malta.

Mention of Bizerta, after months of silence, caused speculation among foreign observers on whether the Axis chiefs had decided to press France to relinquish this strategic Mediterranean base.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT BULL WALL

John Carroll (45), 28 Brian Boru avenue, Marino, was fatally injured when he struck his head against a lamp standard whilst attempting to alight from a 'bus at the Bull Wall, Dollymount, last night. He was brought to Jervis Street Hospital, where he died.

TWO INJURED IN DUBLIN CRASH

Two men, John Kennedy (45), 26 Larkfield avenue, Kimmage, and Bernard Taylor (44), Perrystown Dairy, Templeogue, received slight injuries when the van in which they were travelling struck a lamp standard in Dame street early this morning. Both were brought in the Corporation ambulance to Mercer's Hospital and were subsequently discharged.

TROOP MOVES IN ITALY

Large forces of German troops are being moved down into Southern Italy, according to Ankara radio.

Deputation to An Taoiseach—At a meeting of the Council of the Federation of Irish Manufacturers, Ltd., held at 3 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin, Mr. J. J. Walsh, president, presiding, it was announced that the Taoiseach and the Minister for Supplies would receive a deputation from the Council to discuss the present supply position in industry on Thursday next at Government Buildings.

Artillery Practice.—There will be heavy artillery practice by the guns at Templebreedy Fort, Co. Cork, between 11 a.m. and 12.30 p.m. on Thursday next. A similar practice will take place from Carlisle Fort, Co. Cork, between the same hours on the following day.

COAL RESTRICTIONS

The Minister for Supplies has made an Order entitled Emergency Powers (Sale of Coal) Order, 1941, restricting the purchase and sale of coal for domestic or household purposes between 27th January, 1941, and 28th February, 1941, inclusive. Copies of the Order will be on sale immediately.

The restriction applies to household coal, i.e., coal used for the cooking of food, the heating of premises and the heating of water. The restriction does not apply to coal used for industrial purposes and coal for resale.

The maximum quantity of coal which can be purchased for domestic or household purposes in the period is ½-*ton* in the aggregate. Permits to purchase in excess of this quantity may be issued by the Minister.

Applications for permits from householders will not be considered. Institutions, hotels and similar large consumers of coal to which the restriction applies may address applications for permits to the Department, stating the quantity of coal required to the 28th February, 1941; the purposes for which it is required; the quantity used in each of the twelve months ended 31st August, 1939, and the stocks in hands. The envelope should be endorsed "Coal."

Every merchant other than a "bellman" must keep a record of purchases and sales of all coal (including coal for industrial purposes). The record should show the name and address of each person from whom he has purchased coal and to whom he has sold coal, the dates of the purchases and sales, and the quantities purchased and sold.

JOHN LEYDON,
Secretary.

Department of Supplies, Earlsfort terrace,
Dublin, 27th January, 1941.

17/B.1693 W.H.Co.

GERMANY'S ORDER OF BATTLE

SET FOR POSSIBLE INVASION

FROM OUR MILITARY CORRESPONDENT.

FREQUENTLY it is possible to get an insight into the operative intentions of an army command from an examination of how the troops concerned are distributed over the territory in their occupation. At least, such an examination enables one to grasp what moves are physically easy to make and what are less easy. If we analyse—in the limited scope at our disposal—the present German Army dispositions, it will give us, at least, one index of possible opening moves for the year 1941, as far as the German High Command is concerned.

According to a recent calculation, that seems reasonable enough, Germany, at the end of last year, disposed of some 220 divisions, of which 20 were training divisions stationed in the home territory, on the basis of a division to each army corps area. The 200 other divisions were occupying territory outside Germany properly so called. From West to East these "active" divisions were quartered as follows:—

Occupied France	85	Divisions
Belgium to Denmark	45	,,
Norway	10	,,
East Prussia & Poland	30	,,
Bohemia and Slovakia	10	,,
Austria	15	,,
Rumania	5	,,

Several things strike one about this distribution. In the first place, it bears an extraordinarily close resemblance to that which existed during the last world war. In other words, by far the larger fraction fronts permanently west—140 divisions as against 60. This disposition is emphasised by the fact that nearly all the Panzer-divisionen are in the west, and nearly all the best generals—though Liszt was recently reported in Rumania. As regards the *Luftwaffe*, the percentage in the west was even greater at the time—being placed as high as four-fifths of the total. 'Planes have since gone to Sicily.

FRENCH OCCUPATION

The figures given also enable us to understand why Germany would prefer not to have to proceed to extremes in France. The occupation of about three-fifths of France calls for well over one-third of her total effectives. She could scarcely complete the occupation with less than one-half. This would mean denuding some other zone of occupation—the training divisions being unsuitable for the purpose. Incidentally, the great number of troops in France explains in part the point-to-point slipping down Channel of supplies by ship, although the risk is considerable. Except to Le Havre, the carrying capacity of the western French railways is not very great.

The presence of 140 divisions—say, two millions—of the best German troops in their more or less immediate front is a quite sufficient reason why the British cannot afford to take any chances about the possibility of invasion. Invasion may be difficult—but, beyond question, the chances have been weighed up, and are still being so weighed, by the Germans. Moreover, even the mere threat of such an invasion will continue to pin down strong British effectives and material as long as the war lasts. And this is true of the British Naval and Air forces also.

Contraiwise, the present German distribution lends itself only indifferently to a Middle East campaign. It is hard to see how more than 25 divisions could be used for such an operation in the near future—*i.e.*, those in Rumania and Austria, with, perhaps, five from Slovakia. One cannot conceive the Turkish Army—with its remarkable advantages of terrain and aided by British sea-power—being readily over-run by 25 divisions. The effective deployment of the divisions in question must, inevitably, be slow.

IN RUMANIA

A later report than that quoted—from Turkish sources, this last one—gives seven as the number of German divisions in Rumania. Also, there have been frequent rumours of crowded troop-trains passing down through Hungary. The importance of these must not be exaggerated—it takes a heavy train to transport even one battalion. The capacity of the Hungarian eastern railways is limited. Transfer of *Luftwaffe* units can be more speedy, and it is quite likely that such has taken place. It would fit in as a parallel move with the intensified attacks on Malta.

If there are really 10 divisions in Norway it would certainly look like a serious threat to Iceland—or even Scotland. If it were a question of the small intermediate island groups, nothing like such a strong force would be needed. Here, too, the long Northern nights greatly favour the Germans.

From all this it is evident that, as regards the geographical distribution of their large units, the Germans are more favourably placed for an attack on Britain than they are for any other offensive operation. This fits in with their recognised dislike of a two-front war, and with their characteristic policy of limited liability in the matter of "side-shows." The Germans make war very well, and they make it along clearly-marked national principles. Also, they have studied the last World War very fully and very intelligently. They have done their best to avoid certain disadvantages under which they laboured then, and they have succeeded in great part.

At the same time, it has to be recognised that any attempt to invade Britain would be a Herculean task. The difficulties in the way appear to be well-nigh insurmountable. A summary review of the difficulties in question makes one think that the invasion attempt is most unlikely But, while this is quite true, a more searching investigation would seem to suggest that any alternative direction of the German 1941 effort is more unlikely still. It is all a sort of vicious circle, from which, with the limited knowledge available, it is very difficult to escape.

WAR INDUSTRIES FOR CANADA

RESOURCES FROM BRITAIN

"TIMES" TELEGRAM.

OTTAWA, Sunday.

Mr. Howe, the Minister for Munitions, who landed with Lord Halifax, has remained in Washington to attend the conference of the North American Supply Committee. In a statement to the Press transmitted by telephone he said that plans for the transfer of British war industries to Canada on a considerable scale had been completed during his visit to Great Britain.

As a result of his conferences and investigations, he added, there would be an immediate expansion of Canada's industrial war programme, involving the construction of new plants and the enlargement of others. His department would concentrate on accelerating the output of the weapons and supplies for which Great Britain has the most urgent need. He said that the British Government were immensely pleased at Canada's contributions of various types of ammunition and military motor vehicles, which were being turned out at the rate of 600 units a day, and he forecast that Canada would soon be making new types of mechanised military equipment, while he also hinted that there would be an expansion of the shipbuilding programme and of artillery and aircraft production.

He declared that he and the other officials had acquired through the visit an appreciation of the situation impossible to attain in any other way, and particularly they had gained invaluable information about the use of machine tools to the best advantage.—(Copyright, per Press Association.)

DONCASTER BY-ELECTION

LABOUR PARTY SELECT MR. EVELYN WALKDEN

Mr. Evelyn Walkden, a trade union organiser, was last night selected by the Doncaster Labour Party, who exercised their rights under the Party truce, as successor to the late Mr. John Morgan, Labour M.P. for Doncaster.

Mr Walkden, nominated by the National Union of Distributive and Allied Workers, was chosen from seven candidates nominated by various affiliated organisations.

He was for 21 years a co-operative society publicity manager. He lives at Cheam, Surrey.

No Independent candidate has been nominated, and it is considered probable that Mr. Walkden, who has been prospective candidate for West Toxteth, will be returned without a contest.

At the last general election he unsuccessfully contested the Rossendale Division, the constituency represented by Mr. Ronald Cross, Minister of Shipping.

FATE OF ITALIAN TRANSPORT

REPORTED SUNK BY SUBMARINE

PRESS ASSOCIATION TELEGRAM.

BELGRADE, Sunday.

Unconfirmed reports from the Yugoslav port of Hertzegonovi state that an Italian transport which was chased by a submarine sheltered there for forty-eight hours. After the expiration of this period, she was forced to take to sea and was immediately sunk.

The transport is reported to have been carrying mechanised material to Albania.

FRENCH FASCIST LEADER

REPORTED ARREST

ASSOCIATED PRESS.

VICHY, Sunday.

A few hours after he had been selected by Marshal Petain as one of the first members of the new 200-strong National Council Colonel de la Rocque, leader of the French Fascists, was arrested by the German authorities yesterday as he crossed the demarcation line into the occupied zone.

Colonel de la Rocque is now a prisoner in his Paris home under "house arrest." No reason for this move has been given by the Germans.

Paris wireless reported that among other members of the new Council were Georges Bonnet, former Foreign Minister; Gaston Bergerie, and Andre Francois-Poncet, former French Ambassador in Rome and Berlin.

FLOODING IN HUNGARY

Serious flooding in Hungary was reported by radio from Belgrade last night.

In one town eight buildings were said to have been wrecked by flood water.—(Associated Press).

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE

without Calomel — and you'll jump out of bed in the morning full of vim and vigour

The liver should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas blows up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, sunk, and the world looks punk.

Laxatives help a little, but a mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes those good old Carters Brand Little Liver Pills to get these two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up." Harmless, gentle, yet amazing in making bile flow freely. Ask for Carters Brand Little Liver Pills. Stubbornly refuse anything else. 1/3 and 3/-.

Rugby Football

PACK CARRIED "REST" TO VICTORY

Capital Display By Murphy, Higson and Chamberlain

BY OUR RUGBY FOOTBALL CORRESPONDENT.

THE REST ..... 16 UNIVERSITIES... 3

THE match in aid of the St. Vincent de Paul Society, played at Lansdowne road on Saturday, resulted in an easy win for The Rest of Ireland side by 2 goals and 2 tries to 1 try. Considering the conditions under which the game was played, it was a remarkably bright exhibition, especially in the early stages, when the Universities had all the better of the exchanges. It was a big handicap to the side, however, when Carry had to retire through an injury. He returned to the field for a time, but at the interval went off again, and for a good part of the play the Universities were a man short, P. J. Horan playing at centre-three-quarter and E. Walsh at out-half; but after the interval L. O'Brien, of Blackrock College, came on as substitute.

There were some nice passing movements by the Universities' backs in the first fifteen minutes, but O'Flanagan was twice mastered by Chamberlain when near the line. Afterwards the ball was in a terribly greasy state and the ground so slippery that the play became a series of fumbles and falters, with a few flashes of clever back play. After the Universities had opened the scoring, The Rest forwards, adapting themselves better to the conditions, took command of the game and, more or less neglecting their backs, brought off many fine loose rushes which paved the way for, in all, four tries, two of which were converted.

SOUND FULL-BACK

The one man in the field who never faltered was C. Murphy, The Rest of Ireland full-back. Tested severely, he came through the ordeal with flying colours. Even on one one occasion, when the leg he depended upon for leverage to get in his kick went away on the slippery surface, he contrived to get the ball safely to touch. In all his play there was a touch of the class full-back, which brought back memories of W. E. Crawford. C. Nolan, his opposite, was not so convincing, but his play suggested that, with more experience, he probably will develop into a firstclass full-back. When he gains more confidence in himself he should be a useful man in club football, and later on in representative games.

The soundest three-quarter on the field was W. J. B. Higson, of Queen's University, and, without a doubt, he would be first choice for the centre position on an international side. O'Flanagan had an unlucky day. Had things turned slightly more in his favour, with the bounding ways of a Rugby football, he might have scored two tries. As it was, Chamberlain, of stouter build and more suited to the conditions, was his superior but both made appeal as likely internationals. Cromey at out-half, had a day to his liking and distinguished himself, as he always does, by making wonderful recoveries when either he himself or some other member of his team had blundered.

MCCOMB SHINES

Next to Higson, I thought Maginnis, the best centre three-quarter, but Walshe was unfortunate in that he was moved from one position to the other, and not given a chance to settle down at either. De Lacy's long and well-directed deliveries from the scrummage were excellent but in all round play he was no better a scrum-half than S. G. McComb, who was prominent for good work all through, and showed a Morgan-like genius for turning up when least expected to pull his side out of difficulties. McComb may be said to be another convert to the handling code, for his father, who was an onlooker at the match, was one of the stalwarts of the Cliftonville team in the days of the great games between the Northern Association football amateurs and Bohemians, when the latter team had W. F. and the late R. M. Hooper as their star forwards.

The credit of the victory should really go to The Rest forwards, who were superior both in the tight play and the loose, and those who struck me as being best were Griffin, O'Brien, O'Keeffe and O'Loughlin.

Neely, Irwin and O'Malley were about the best forwards on the losing side.

THE SCORING

The play need not be gone into in detail, it was too scrappy and so spoiled by slippery conditions. Carry had just retired when Horan made an opening for Higson to side-step a couple of opponents and score a try, which O'Flanagan could not improve upon. Chamberlain was very much in evidence at this stage and, intercepting a pass, he broke clear away and, when facing Nolan, passed to McComb, who scored. Chamberlain converted and gave The Rest a lead of 5 points to 3 points at the interval.

Early in the second half O'Flanagan went tearing over The Rest line for what looked to be a great try, but the touch judge said otherwise. After this The Rest forwards dominated affairs. O'Loughlin scored after a forward dribble, O'Keeffe gained a similar sort of try, and Chamberlain, receiving a pass from Magennis which looked to be a forward one, crossed and converted.

Rest of Ireland—C. Murphy (Lansdowne; N. Barrett (Dolphin), J. D. Torrens (Bohemians), G. A. Magennis (N.I.F.C.), T. Chamberlain (Blackrock College); G. E. Cromey (Collegians) (capt.), S. G. McComb (Queen's University); J. Griffin (Dolphin) C. Teehan (Dolphin), F. Ryan (Blackrock College), K. O'Brien (Bective Rangers), E. O'Keeffe (Sunday's Well), J. Owens (Galway Corinthians), D. O'Loughlin (Dolphin), J. J. Guiney (Clontarf).

Combined Universities—C. Nolan (University College, Dublin); K. O'Flanagan (University College, Dublin), S. E. Walsh (Dublin University), W. J. Higson (Queen's University), S. Gill (University College, Galway); E. A. Carry (Dublin University) H. de Lacy (Dublin University); M. R. Neely (Queen's University), D. Riordan (University College, Cork), S. Twomey (University College, Cork), C. G. Irwin (Queen's University), T. Headon (University College, Dublin), D. Hingerty (University College, Galway) (capt.), P. J. Horan (University College, Galway).

Referee—Mr. R. W. Jeffares, jun.

Hockey

MUNSTER'S FIRST WIN OVER LEINSTER

Harder Hitting Was Paying Policy At Limerick

By P. D. McWEENEY.

Munster ..... 2 Leinster 1

FOR the first time in the long history of the matches between the two provinces, Munster beat Leinster at Limerick on Saturday by 2 goals to 1. On several occasions in the past, Munster divided the honours, but never before had they succeeded in finishing on top, and even this time they had to clear a penalty bully in order to gain their victory.

The P.Y.M.A. ground was in good order, but the soil there is rather heavy and clinging, and the harder hitting of the home team was the more paying policy. Almost to a man the Munster players excelled themselves, whereas there were several weak spots on the Leinster side. Still, the visitors had more scoring chances, and their failure to take them was what cost them the match.

In all the years he has represented his province, R. Power has never played a more valuable game for them. He mastered MacDonogh right from the start, and in the second half, at a period when Leinster looked like getting on top, his reverse stick stopping of cross passes was masterly. He was the key to the victory, but he was given great support by O'Donnell, Browne and Watts.

STEADY HALVES

Altogether, the Munster half-back line was exceptionally good and right up to the level of the Leinster three, with the one criticism that Browne was inclined to lie in too much, which meant that Leopold was left clear for two or three long passes in the second half. O'Donnell was not constructive, but his stopping was was extremely steady. Behind them Watts was right at the top of his form, his powerful wrists enabling him to beat oncoming forwards quite easily.

His partner, South, was quietly efficient not spectacular, but doing little wrong. The goalkeeper, O'Connor, was decidedly shaky, several times kicking the ball along the ground straight through the middle of the circle. This might have cost the side a couple of goals, and it was responsible for the penalty bully.

Taken as a whole, the Leinster defence was not at all sound. Worrall was a far more confident goalkeeper than his opposite number, but while individually brilliant at times, neither Stevenson nor McNulty covered each other to any extent, and both were inclined to rush into the ball. When they took it, they were able to go right through the attack, but when they failed to connect one of the half-backs had to drop back to save an awkward situation. With a different partner each probably would have done far better, but being of the same attacking type, they did not fit in well.

BELOW STANDARD

Except for Sanderson's knack of being in the right spot to clear quickly in defence, the Leinster halves were not especially impressive. Lonergan's stopping was capital, and beat an attacker very neatly at times, but his distribution was indifferent, and he was far too inclined to over-hit his passes. Pilkington was not his usual steady self; he did not play by any means badly. But I have seen him in better form.

The ground did not seem to suit the Leinster forwards, and, apart from the fact that they were not getting the customary support from their halves, their own combination was poor. Matheson started off as if he was going to run through the Munster defence, taking his passes confidently and beating the defence with his peculiar chop stroke; but he could not get room for a shot and he gradually fell away. The pace seemed to be too much for him in the second half, but, even though he could not be counted a success, he is deserving of another chance. Neville worked tremendously hard, but he never really got anywhere, and his weakness of seldom passing to his wing was again apparent.

The majority of Leopold's passes came from Matheson, Sanderson or Lonergan, and whenever he got a chance the Railway wing was dangerous. Luce, on the left, got across some nice centres, and both he and Leopold were unlucky not to score in the second half. MacDonogh tried all he knew to beat Power, but it could seldom be done. He did, however, make the mistake of lying too far back, and his distribution of passes was not sufficiently good to justify this policy.

Munster's strong man in attack was not de Lacy on this occasion, but Lilburn, and he was the best forward on the field. He worked like a Trojan and seldom wasted a pass. De Lacy did some things in the second half which stamped him as a great player, but in his efforts to shake off Sanderson he wandered too much into the centre. Lilburn pursued a policy of swinging the ball about and never holding it, which paid on the day; but Cullen, in contrast to Lilburn, directed the majority of his passes on to Lonergan's stick. It was a pity that Munster's attack was so completely concentrated on the right wing; for Quinlan looked very dangerous on the left whenever he got the ball, which was seldom.

LEINSTER LEAD

Leinster got the only goal of an evenly-contested first half, MacDonogh cutting through into the circle and beating O'Connor at close range, after the latter had saved the first shot. Munster had some dangerous attacks, Worrall saving well on three or four occasions, but they never got in a shot from four penalty corners; whereas, McNulty netted with a grand shot from one, only to be penalised for sticks.

Munster started the second half in such a determined way that they kept Leinster penned in their own 25 for a considerable time. McNulty stopped a hard through hit which he might have let run over the back line, and before he could clear de Lacy was on him. The ball went right into the goal-mouth, but fumbled his shot. As Worrall came out de Lacy managed to get a short pass across to Loane, who scored easily.

After this Leinster had a strong period of attack, in which several clear chances were lost in the circle. Luce was unlucky to see a well-timed drive from Leopold's centre go over the cross-bar, with the goal-keeper helpless, and Leopold hit the outside of the post with a quick shot, but in the Munster break-away, Lilburn worked over to the left and got the winning goal from close in. Subsequently de Lacy beat two defenders on the edge of the circle and sent in a smashing drive, which Worrall saved with his hand.

Munster nearly lost their lead towards the end, when Neville had a first-time drive from the edge of the circle off a clearance of O'Connor's. The ball hit Watts on the foot, but the back won the penalty bully from Luce.

Munster—E. O'Connor (Catholic Institute); R. Watts (L.P.Y.M.A.), F. C. South (I.C.I.C.Y.M.A.); H. O'Donnell (Catholic Institute), R. Power (Limerick Wanderers); T. G. Browne (I.C.I.C.Y.M.A.); S. de Lacy (L.P.Y.M.A.) (capt.), S. G. Lilburn (L.P.Y.M.A.), D. W. Loane (I.C.I.C.Y.M.A.), J. A. Cullen (Wanderers), T. Quinlan (Millbrook).

Leinster — A. Worrall (Y.M.C.A.); F. Stevenson (Railway Union), D. McNulty (Pembroke Wanderers); R. K. Pilkington (Three Rock Rovers), T. Lonergan (Railway Union), V. Sanderson (Y.M.C.A.), C. Leopold (Railway Union), J. Neville (Portrane), J. A. MacDonogh (Three Rock Rovers) (capt.), W. Matheson (Avoca), J. V. Luce (Dublin University).

LEINSTER BRANCH I.H.U.

The Emergency Committee will meet to-night at Londonbridge road at 6.45 to rearrange dates for postponed cup matches and draws. Clubs interested are invited to be present.

CROSS-COUNTRY WIN FOR J. MURPHY

The Donore Harriers' race for the Inman Cup was run off on Saturday over the usual four-mile course in the Phoenix Park attracted a field of 51. W. Killeen was the first to finish, but J. Murphy, who had been accidentally started about 50 seconds late, proved to have a better time when the necessary allowance was made, and he was awarded the race. Result:—

	M.	S.
1—J. Murphy (h'cap. 2.5)	28	44
2—W. Killeen (1.10)	28	55
3—M. Murphy (1.15)	29	3
4—G. Miller (2.35)	29	16
5—C. Callan (1.10)	29	33
6—T. C. Kerr (3.0)	29	35

Kerr won the novices' medal.

High wind blew away part of the paper trail in the Clonliffe Harriers' McIlroy Cup point-to-point, and disorganised the race, part only of the field starters following the correct course. It was decided to re-run the race at a later date.

COOLCROO RETAIN TITLE

The Tipperary County Junior Championship was held at Nenagh yesterday, when Coolcroo retained their title. The individual championship was won by Mick O'Donohue (McDonaghs), who finished five yards in front of E. Butler (Coolcroo).

Gaelic Games

Champions Held By Civil Service

(By PAT'O.)

GERALDINES ..... 3-4 CIVIL SERVICE..... 3-4

At Crumlin Park yesterday, Civil Service achieved their best performance in holding Geraldines to a draw. Three prominent players were absent from either side — Keohane, Kelly and Kennedy of Geraldines were assisting Kerry at Enniscorthy, whilst Maher, Murphy and Johnson, all inter-county players, were absent from Civil Service. A colourful game developed, with much open football and sparkling scores at both goals. Moriarity opened for Service and Holly balanced, Buckley put Service in front, but a grand goal of Joy's gave Geraldine's a lead, and Holly's point from a free made the champions a goal clear. Maguire turned a centre of Moriarity's to the Geraldines' net, but the score was disallowed.

Moriarity pointed a free for Service on resuming, and when Falvey burst through for a goal the lead was changed. A grand combined run by Quigley and Moriarity brought another fast Service goal. Geraldines woke up in the last quarter of sparkling football. Canavan cut in for a brilliant goal, and Buckley and O'Neill exchanged points. A rushed Geraldine goal recovered the lead, but Service forced the pace, and hot pressure brought a free, which Moriarity shot to the net, to balance scores.

U.C.D. ..... 3-5 COMMERCIALS 2-1

At the start of the Hurling League match, at Belfield, Collegians forced the pace and Loughnane (goal and point) and Boyle (2 points) gave them a good lead before Ryan goaled for Commercials. Moran and Doyle did good service for Commercials, who played a grand third quarter. Cooney crashed home two good scores and strong work by Doyle promised a close finish. Fenton Flynn doubled through a good goal for College at a critical moment, and the students had the better of a good finish, and Ryan clinching matters with a good goal.

FAUGHS..... 4-8 EOGHAN RUADH... 4-8

Tom Leahy came back to Faughs, and his prolific scoring helped them to win the Junior League final at Coolock. Faughs finished best in a high-scoring game, and they have now two teams in the senior League.

OTHER RESULTS

National Football League—At Limerick—Kerry 4-12, Wexford 1-5.

Dublin Football League—U.C.D. 0-7, St. Joseph's 0-2.

COUNTY OFFICIALS

Officials were elected at county conventions as under:—

Cork—President: J. J. Walsh. Chairman: William Walsh. Vice-Chairman: S. Long. Treasurer: T. Long. Secretary: S. Murphy. Munster Council representatives: S. Murphy, H. J. O'Mahony. Registrar: J. J. Collins. Delegates to Munster Convention: L. Walsh, S. Long, S. Barrett, J. A. Beckett, J. Quirke, E. Coughlan. Delegates to Congress: H. J. O'Mahony, W. Walsh, J. Quirke, S. Long, S. Barrett J. A. Beckett, E. Coughlan, P. Collins, M. Brennan, M. Warner, A. Scannell, J. Barry.

Antrim—Chairman: F. McFadden (re-elected). Vice-Chairman: H. Corvin. Hon. Secretary: Brennan. Treasurer N. Donnelly. Registrar: J. Stinson. Ulster Council—J. Carmichael and J. McKeown. Ulster Convention: H. Corvin J. Clarke, J. Brennan, J. McNally, S. W. Harvey. Congress: J. Carmichael, J. Brennan, H. Corvin, J. Clarke. Nomination for Chairman of Ulster Council: S. McKeown. Nomination for Secretary of Ulster Council: Jerry Arthurs. Nomination for Treasurer of Ulster Council: Sean Kennedy. Nomination for President of Central Council: Mr. Mullaney (Mayo).

Galway—Chairman: E. Walsh. Vice-Chairman: T. Fleming. Secretary: M. Joyce. Treasurer: M. Dunne (re-elected). Delegates to County Board: P. Gibbons, M. Donnellan, M. Joyce.

Plumpton Results

12.0—FELPHAM HANDICAP 'CHASE. 2 m. 2 f.—KINGSLAND, by Herod—Philip—Greenridge, a, 11-0 (M. Fetches), 1; MUCH TOO DEAR, 6, 10-11 (G. Archibald), 2; BRIGHTUN, a, 10-10 (G. Wilson), 3. Also ran—Mixed Foursome, Chesterton, Knock-a-Penny. (Winner trained by Anderson.)

Betting—15 to 8 agst. Mixed Foursome, 3 to 1 each Much Too Dear and Brightun, 5 to 1 each KINGSLAND and Chesterton, 100 to 8 Knock-a-Penny. **Tote (2/-)**—Win, 12/-; places, 4/-, 6/-. Won by 12l.; 4l.

12.30—RUSTINGTON SELLING HURDLE. 2 m. 1 f.—BRIGHT BOY, by Rose en Soleil—Tonsil, 5, 10-10 (R. Smyth), 1; OVERSEAS, a, 11-0 (D. Jones), 2; CATCH PENNY, 4, 10-0 (W. Kidney), 3. Also ran—Irish Stew, Rossiter, Verjus, Buckholt, Too Dear, Mr. Snodgrass, Scruffy, Abbey Light, Queensland, Ermine Street. (Winner trained by Winter.)

Betting—15 to 8 agst. Catch Penny, 9 to 4 BRIGHT BOY, 9 to 2 Ermine Street, 6 to 1 Queensland, 8 to 1 each Overseas, Rossiter and Too Dear, 100 to 8 each Irish Stew and Mr. Snodgrass, 20 to 1 any other. **Tote (2/-)**—Win, 9/9; places, 3/3, 4/3, 3/3. Won by 6l.; 8l.

1.0—PETERSFIELD HANDICAP 'CHASE. 3m. 2f.—DOMINICK'S CROSS, by La Beige or Catalin—Star of Kildare, a, 12-1 (G. Archibald), 1; BLUE SHIRT, a, 10-2 (S. Magee), 2; VALSTAR, a, 10-1 (Mr. H. Appiby). Also ran—Macaulay (pulled up), Rockquilla, Alarmist, Woodside Terrace (fell), Diplome d'Honneur (fell), Happy Result, Caricaturist, Teme Sand, Tribune, Fro. (Winner trained by W. Payne.)

Betting—7 to 2 each agst. DOMINICK'S CROSS and Blue Shirt, 4 to 1 Rockquilla, 11 to 2 Happy Result, 8 to 1 each Valstar and Woodside Terrace, 100 to 8 each Alarmist and Diplome d'Honneur, 100 to 7 each Macaulay and Fro, 20 to 1 any other. **Tote (2/-)**—Win, 9/-; places, 3/9, 3/3, 12/3. Won by 8l.; 12l.

1.30—HAYLING HANDICAP HURDLE. 2 m. 1 f.—FOX STAR, by Foxlaw—Neel Star, a, 11-9 (S. Magee), 1; TONBAUN, 6, 11-13 (Captain Petre), 2; CARTON, 5, 12-7 (G. Wilson), 3. Also ran—Psychic Bid, Mahalo, Sundowner, Balladeur, Wyn, Pride of Lochiel, Kallinas II., Jawahir, Inishbofin, Headley Boy, Narbadda, Stickwell. (Winner trained by Nightingall.)

Betting—7 to 4 agst. Mahalo, 3 to 1 each FOX STAR and Psychic Bid, 6 to 1 Carton, 10 to 1 each Tonbaun, Wyn and Inishbofin; 100 to 8 each Kallias II. and Headley Boy, 20 to 1 any other. **Tote (2/-)**—Win, 12/6; places, 6/3, 9/-, 9/-. Won by 3l.; 6l.

2.0—BIRDHAM STEEPLECHASE. 2 m. 2 f.—ACHILL BEG, br Haken—Desirable, 6, 11-7 (H. Nicholson), 1; BLUE-WHITE, 5, 11-0 (W. Crump), 2; CASINO, 6, 11-7 (H. Sprague), 3. Also ran:—Fool's Luck, Lovechild, Bell Glass, The Redds. (Winner trained by Walwyn.)

Betting—11 to 8 on Fool's Luck, 7 to 2 agst. Blue-White, 4 to 1 ACHILL BEG, 100 to 8 Lovechild, 20 to 1 Casino or any other. **Tote (2/-)**—Win, 11/6; places, 4/6, 4/3, 9/3. Won by 20l.; 8l. Only placed horses finished.

2.30—NUTBOURNE HURDLE. 2 m. 1 f.—LUCILLA, 4, 10-0 (S. Magee), 1; MUBARAK, a, 11-10 (N. Sayers), 2; MAUNA KEA, 5, 10-10 (R. Smyth), 3. Also ran:—Wicklow, Lohengrin, Sabot, Golden Fox, Forefight, Tenor, Brisaea. (Winner trained by Nightingall.)

Betting—5 to 4 agst. Mauna Kea, 7 to 4 Mubarak, 4 to 1 LUCILLA, 7 to 1 Wicklow, 20 to 1 any other. **Tote (2/-)**—Win, 9/-; places, 2/3, 3/-, 2/3. Won by 6l.; 3l.

HUNTING APPOINTMENTS

TO-DAY.

Nenagh Harriers—Toomevara, 12.30 p.m.; Roscommon Harriers—Lacken, 12.30 p.m.; **Boyle Harriers**—Point-to-Point Cottage, 12.30 p.m.; Co. Galway Hunt ("The Blazers")—Carnoun School, 12 noon; Tara Harriers—Rathmolyon, 12 noon; Wicklow Harriers—Redcross, 12 noon; North Kildare Harriers—Baltracey Cross-roads, 11.30 a.m.; West Waterford Hunt—Moorehill, 12 noon; Ireland Hunt—Castledillon, 11 a.m.; Tipperary Hounds—Kyle Gate, 11.30 a.m.; South Westmeath Hounds—Farnagh, 12 noon; Queen's County Hounds—Durrow, 12 noon; Co. Limerick Hounds—Hillsborough, 12 noon; Kilkenny Hounds—Bennett's Bridge, 11 a.m.; Duhallow Hounds—Millown Cross, 12 noon.

TO-MORROW.

Co. Down Staghounds—Dinamond, 12.45 p.m.; **Meath Hounds**—Lagore, 11.30 a.m.; Mr. O'Hara's Harriers—White Gate, 11.30 a.m.; Fingal Harriers—Palmerstown, 1 p.m.; Ormond Hounds—Macloon Cross, 12 noon; **Kildare Hounds**—18th Milestone, 11.30 a.m.; Co. Longford Harriers—Abbeyderrig, 1 p.m.; Waterford Hounds—Kilmacthomas, 11.30 a.m.; South Meath Harriers—Ballinderry Cross-roads, 1 p.m.; Thurles and Kilshane Hounds—Dromhane, 12 noon; Co. Limerick Hounds—Rathfredagh, 12 noon; United Hunt Club—Tattans, 12 noon; Carlow Hounds—Fighting Cocks, 11.30 a.m.; Westmeath Hounds—Greenpark Gate, 12 noon; Ballymacad Hounds—Oldcastle, 12 noon; Louth Hounds—Tallanstown, 11 a.m.

HUNT CARDS

MEATH HOUNDS.—Meet to-day at Staffordstown postponed.

TIPPERARY FOXHOUNDS.—February—Saturday, 1st, Tullamaine (by invitation); Monday, 3rd, Ballingarry Village; Thursday, 6th, Boscabell Cross; Saturday, 8th, Poulmucka; Monday, 10th, Camas Bridge, Wednesday, 12th, Garnavilla School; Saturday, 15th, Fethard; Monday, 17th, Ballynonty. At 12 o'clock.

LIMERICK HARRIERS.—Change of Meets—Thursday, 30th, Crecora; Thursday, 6th February, Rockfield Cross; Thursday, 13th February, Clarina. At 12 o'clock.

SOUTH CO. DUBLIN HARRIERS.—February—Saturday, 1st, Inchicore; Saturday, 8th, Rathcoole; Saturday, 15th Clondalkin; Wednesday, 19th, Point-to-Point; Saturday 22nd, Newcastle. At 2 o'clock.

LOUTH HOUNDS.—To-morrow, Tallanstown. February—Saturday, 1st, Mooretown; Friday, 7th, Hilltown; Saturday, 15th, Barmeath; Friday, 21st, Dulek; Tuesday, 25th, Aclint. At 11 o'clock.

MRS. CLAYTON DEAD

Mrs. Jeanne Clayton, of Severals House, Newmarket, died yesterday. She was 70 years of age, and recently underwent an operation in a Cambridge nursing home. Mrs. Clayton was the mother of the racehorse owners, Miss Jean and Mr. J. M. Clayton.

MACAULAY KILLED

Macaulay, one-time champion 'chaser on English courses, had to be destroyed as a result of injuring his off foreleg in the Petersfield 'Chase at Plumpton on Saturday.

Association Football

League Reaches Half-Way Stage

THE League of Ireland has reached its half-way stage, with two matches postponed from 19th January outstanding. With Shamrock Rovers and St. James's Gate held to drawn games, the positions of Cork United and Waterford, who won, are improved, and Waterford, it should be noted, actually have dropped fewer points than any other team. Their meeting with Shamrock Rovers on Wednesday next is of vital importance to the League leadership. A win for Waterford would place them on top; a win for Rovers would put that team level in points with Cork United.

One of the outstanding features of the week-end's games was Shelbourne's display at Crumlin, when they held the Gate to a draw. A continuance of that form by Shelbourne would brighten up the League very considerably; from Shelbourne's point of view it would be well-timed owing to the approach of the Cup competition.

Dundalk had an impressive win over Brideville, and they look like playing an important part in the future of the League. Once again Bray Unknowns, although beaten, provided clever football. Results were as under:—

St. James's Gate, 2; Shelbourne, 2. (Bradshaw scored both goals for the Gate; Byrne and Fallon scored for Shelbourne).

Bray Unknowns, 1; Cork United, 3. (Leeney for Bray; Madden, McCarthy and O'Reilly for Cork).

Bohemians, 2; Shamrock Rovers, 2. (Horlacher and O'Flanagan for Bohemians; McIvor and Dunne for Rovers).

Dundalk, 7; Brideville, 2. (Reid, Barlowe and Bryan 2 each, Donnelly for Dundalk; E. Cronin and Dunne for Brideville).

Waterford, 6; Limerick, 3. (O'Keefe 3, Coad 2, and O'Mahony for Waterford; O'Mahony and Foy 2 for Limerick).

The League table is as follows:—

	P.	W.	D.	L.	F.	A.	Pts.
Cork United	10	7	1	2	23	11	15
Waterford	9	7	0	2	32	15	14
Shamrock Rovers..	9	5	3	1	23	12	13
St. James's Gate..	10	5	2	3	17	19	12
Bohemians	9	4	2	3	19	17	10
Drumcondra	10	4	2	4	14	22	10
Dundalk	10	4	1	5	20	18	9
Limerick	10	3	1	6	15	22	7
Brideville	9	3	1	5	18	27	7
Shelbourne	10	1	3	6	10	16	5
Bray Unknowns...	10	2	0	8	16	28	4

AN IMPROVED SHELBOURNE

On a very heavy ground the game at Crumlin was fast and vigorous, and, by dividing the points with St. James's Gate, Shelbourne registered one of their best performances for a long time. The four goals were all splendidly taken. The first came to Shelbourne after less than three minutes' play, the result of a brilliant cross by Delany and a smart pass by Carroll to Byrne. Bradshaw's couple, which left his side leading at the interval, was typical of the centre-forward, both being from long range and scored without the slightest hesitation. Fallon's goal half-way through the second half for Shelbourne was also a beauty, taken from far out with the left foot, and, with Shelbourne pressing hard for the winning goal almost to the end, the finish kept the big crowd interested to the last minute.

Except for occasional patches of suspicious looking tackling (when will some players refrain from going in feet first?) the game was a thoroughly enjoyable one. St. James's Gate favoured the short passing game, but Shelbourne after the interval opened out the play the more, their passing being longer, and instead of wasting their chances by pattern-weaving near goal they shot hard and often from far out. On the whole, the football of the home side was the more skilful, but Shelbourne's exhibition was a marked improvement in their recent displays. The Gate did not play Matier in goal, Flynn having his usual place; and a new centre-forward from the North in Carroll made his debut with Shelbourne, and with a considerable measure of success, the forwards being better together and playing with greater dash.

The defences on each side had a good match, and the visitors in that respect compared very favourably indeed with St. James's Gate. The draw about represented the merits of the teams. Only two minutes and a half had elapsed when the Shelbourne right wing went away and crossed towards goal, Carroll was there and tipped the ball to Byrne, and, fumbling, Flynn was beaten. Directly afterwards the Shelbourne goal had two narrow escapes, Kiernan fisting out a high one and Bradshaw just missing the mark with a grand shot. The home centre-forward was being closely marked by Kelly, but he sent many excellent passes to his partner, and one to Smith almost produced the equaliser.

The home inside-left was again in the picture when he fired a hard one at Kiernan, and at the far end Delany sent in a high ball which went near finding the net high up in the corner. The play proceeded on even lines for thirty minutes. Then Bradshaw, after clever manœuvring, got his first for the Gate; but soon after that St. James's Gate were fortunate when, after one of their backs had brought down Carroll as the centre was going right through, the referee awarded a free kick. Bradshaw was nearly on the ground when he let fly and gave his side the lead at the interval.

Byrne and Fallon changed places in the Shelbourne front line in the second half, and the alteration made for a great improvement. After twenty-five minutes Fallon got a lovely goal for Shelbourne, who were within an ace of getting the winning score ten minutes from the end when E. Noonan, in attempting to clear, nearly sent the ball into his own net.

DELIGHTFUL FOOTBALL AT BRAY

If Cork United can maintain their present form they should win the League championship. At Bray yesterday they played delightful football when beating the local team by 3-1. At no stage was a weakness evident in the team, and it was just as well, for Bray gave one of their best displays. In fact, it was not until the last fifteen minutes that the Bray defence cracked under severe pressure. Previously Cork had the better of the play, but the home defence was so sound that the second half was almost twenty minutes in progress before the visitors scored. Then Bray equalised, only for Cork to score two more goals in five minutes.

There is little doubt that Cork deserved to win. They were a much faster and better balanced team and had the ground been to their liking they would probably have won by a more convincing margin. Foley was not called on too often, but when tested he proved very sound. McGowan and Duffy were reliable backs who got great assistance from O'Riordan. The wing halves, Hooks and McKenna, did their best work in the second half, when they made several openings for the forwards, all of whom played well.

The Bray backs, Carroll and Ryan, never settled down, with the result that for long periods the other defenders were overworked. Still, they never wavered, particularly Sandes and McKay. Of the forwards, the most prominent were Baile and Dunne.

Following a scoreless first half, in which Sandes saved from all the Cork forwards, the visitors took the lead nineteen minutes after the re-start when Madden profited by Finnegan's mistake to dribble close in before beating the advancing goalkeeper. Thirteen minutes later Bray equalised when Leeney headed past Foley in a crowded goalmouth. The subsequent play was all in favour of Cork, and ten minutes from the end O'Reilly centred for McCarthy to restore their lead. Almost at once McKenna sent a long pass out to O'Reilly and the winger cut in to complete the scoring.

AN UNPLEASANT DISPLAY

Had Bohemians been satisfied to play football on Saturday they might have beaten Shamrock Rovers comfortably. Admittedly the conditions were against good football, but for the first half-hour of the match they showed the same speed and enterprise as had served them so well against Waterford two weeks ago. Then robustness became more important than science, and for that fact the amateurs were entirely to blame. One of their backs was attacking with a savagery that stirred the spontaneous condemnation of every reporter in the Press box. He gave Daly, the Rovers' outside right, a very rough passage, and at one time he had both Daly and Dunne laid out at the same time, Dunne having to leave the field for the closing minutes of the first half. Geoghegan, on the Rovers' left wing, was limping for the greater part of the game.

When Horlacher, receiving from Fullen, scored inside three minutes of the kick-off, and Morris, although ruled off-side for an infringement that was not obvious, had the ball in the net a minute later it looked as though the Rovers were destined to be soundly beaten. Bohemians, till well into the second half, were much more dangerous than Rovers, and their second goal, scored by O'Flanagan, soon after the interval, seemed to have settled the destination of the points. Rovers, however, staged a very creditable rally. McIvor scored a splendid goal, from an opportunity made by Dunne, twenty-five minutes from the final whistle, and Dunne himself scored about seventeen minutes later. In the end the amateurs were lucky to draw, for Rovers, notwithstanding their limping players, were decidedly in the ascendant towards the close of the game. Healy and Clarke, the Rovers' backs, played a great game, and McIvor was outstanding among the halves. Horlacher again did a giant's work for Bohemians, bustling, but clean, and the forwards all were excellent while they were playing football.

DUNDALK SCORE SEVEN

Dundalk scored their biggest victory of the League when they beat Brideville by 7 goals to 2, at Oriel Park. They had Lunn and Crawley back on the side, and Halpin was outside left. The team played so well in the first half that the home forwards dominated the play, and the help which Lunn and Donnelly gave to the attack subjected the Brideville defence to a terrible gruelling. Brideville only sparkled for fifteen minutes of the second half. In that time they got two good goals, and were unlucky that they did not score two more; for both Dunne and E. Cronin struck the cross-bar with great shots, which beat Cluskey all the way.

Dundalk opened their scoring in the tenth minute, when Lennon crossed the ball from the left wing. Reid took it first time, and, with, a smashing shot, gave Boland no chance. Three minutes later, when Reid had dribbled through and the fullbacks stood appealing for off-side, the referee waved play to proceed, and Barlow scored Dundalk's second goal. Cluskey made a great save when E. Cronin cut in on the left, to send in a strong drive. In thirty-five minutes Reid was taken down inside the penalty area, and Donnelly scored Dundalk's third goal from the spot. Just before the interval Bryan took a pass from Reid and scored Dundalk's fourth.

Until the beginning of the second half Dundalk kept up the going, and, only three minutes had gone when Reid ran right through the Brideville defence, and finished by shooting into the corner of the net. Barlowe scored Dundalk's sixth goal directly afterwards. It was then that Brideville showed their best form. A smart pass from Carroll and a good shot by P. Cronin beat Cluskey, but Boland cleared. Brideville came again and E. Cronin scored with a fine drive. Five minutes later Dunne ran past Crawley and beat Cluskey for Brideville's second. Then Dundalk again took command and, following a splendid dribble, Bryan got Dundalk's seventh goal.

A WEAKENED LIMERICK TEAM

Following their two recent defeats by Brideville and Bohemians, Waterford, who were at full strength, made a remarkable recovery. Limerick, on the other hand, were without the services of some of their principal players owing to injuries. Carroll, Daly and McAleer were absent, and Harrington was placed at outside-right instead of in goal, where he was replaced by McMahon. The visitors' defence consequently was new at its best, a fact of which the home forwards were quick to profit. Their display was lively, and flashes of cup football were frequent.

Waterford played with great confidence, and adopted more direct methods than they usually employ. Their forwards did not experience much difficulty in penetrating Limerick's defence, in spite of excellent efforts by Powell to subdue raids by O'Driscoll and Coad, who was the outstanding player on the field and the cleverest tactician. He gave a wonderful exhibition of footwork and shrewdness of judgment. Setting a fast pace from beginning, Waterford pressed hard and, more or less, dominated the game during the first thirty minutes. They opened the scoring per O'Keeffe, who after a solo run left McMahon standing helpless in less than five minutes from the start. Blunders by the visitors' defence paved the way for two other goals, which O'Keeffe, for Waterford, and O'Mahony, for Limerick, converted.

Myers and Hartery, the home team's backs, gave few opportunities to Boyle and Healy, who led Limerick's attack, while Phelan, Walsh and O'Mahony, the home halves, successfully shadowed the remaining forwards, with the exception of Foy, who was alert and speedy and was responsible for two clever goals. Daly made several brilliant clearances, especially in the second half, when Limerick rallied and pressed home attacks with much more determination and thrust than in the first period. O'Keeffe scored three times in succession in the first half. Coad scored in the sixth and twenty-fifth minutes of the second period and O'Mahony fifteen minutes from the end. Foy's two goals for the visitors were netted in the fifth and thirty-fifth minutes after the change over.

GREAT SCORING FEAT BY PETER O'CONNOR

An extraordinary feat of scoring was performed by Peter O'Connor, the Celtic centre-forward, against Glenavon. He scored 11 goals out of the 13 to nil by which his side won, and performed the hat trick on three separate occasions.

Embleton, the Distillery centre-forward, was also on the mark against Cliftonville, scoring five of seven goals, Distillery winning by 7-1. Glentoran, who were leaders, lost their position when they were beaten 6-5 at Portadown. Gaughran scored three of the Portadown goals. Linfield, who now become leaders, beat Derry City 4-0 at Derry.

Young Courser's Success At St. Margaret's

(BY MASTER McGRATH.)

THE excellent entry of seventy was received for the St. Margarets meeting at The Boot on Saturday; but there were only half a score in the Weldon Cup for allages, which was won by Mr. T. Heavey, of Coolock, whose Swift Peter was his first winner. Among the entries for the Cup was Mr. D. Vard's Kingdom Cup winner, Vanity's Victim, but the bitch evidently has not recovered from the effects of her exertions at Tralee at Christmas, and in the first round went down to Wind Divine, who qualified for the deciding course, which was a disappointing affair. It was an abnormally long stretch to a racing hare. Swift Peter, who

The Irish Times.

MONDAY, JANUARY 27, 1941.

AUCTIONS

"BATTERSBY'S AUCTIONS"

ON VIEW TO-DAY, 10 to 5 o'c. SALE TO-MORROW, 12 o'c.,

13 MARLBORO' ROAD, DONNYBROOK,

ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE AND EFFECTS

(AS ALREADY FULLY ADVERTISED).

ON VIEW TO-DAY FROM 10 TO 5 O'C. TERMS: CASH AND 5 PER CENT. FEES.

THURSDAY NEXT, 30th JANUARY, 2.30 p.m.,

AT OUR SALEROOMS, 39 WESTMORELAND STREET

(UNLESS PREVIOUSLY DISPOSED OF).

AN EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE COLLECTION OF ABSOLUTELY SECURED FREEHOLD GROUND RENTS, TOTALLING £884 YEARLY. IN 18 LOTS.

OUT OF FIRST-CLASS RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY IN DRUMCONDRA DISTRICT, EMBRACING 116 HOUSES IN BELTON PARK ROAD AND BELTON AVENUE, WITH A TOTAL POOR LAW VALUATION OF £1,898 AND AN ESTIMATED SALEABLE VALUE OF £95,000.

Further particulars, Maps and Conditions of Sale from the AUCTIONEERS, Messrs. W. J. SHANNON & CO., Solicitors, 19 Upper Ormond Quay.

EIRE. 1940. No. 787.

THE PROVINCIAL BANK OF IRELAND, LTD. Plaintiffs; BIBIANA KAVANAGH. Defendant.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION (Pursuant to an Order of the Court made in this Suit).

420 HAROLD'S CROSS ROAD.

A WELL-BUILT RED BRICK HOUSE.

Held for 400 years from 1880, subject to yearly rent of £5 8/-. P.L.V. £32

THE PURCHASER WILL NOT BE REQUIRED TO PAY AUCTIONEERS' COMMISSION.

J. MALVERN WHITE, LL.B., Solicitor, 5 College Street, Dublin.

24 SANDYCOVE ROAD.

SEMI-DETACHED ON OVER ¼ ACRE. Suitable for conversion into Flats.

Messrs MILEY & MILEY, Solicitors, 12 South Frederick Street.

"WOODLAND," LUCAN.

DETACHED, ON NEARLY ¼ ACRE. POSSESSION.

M. J. FITZMAURICE, Solicitor, 2 Inns Quay.

A HIGHLY-SECURED RENT OF £50 YEARLY,

OUT OF VALUABLE LICENSED PREMISES, 120 PARNELL STREET.

W. CONWAY, Solicitor, 51 Dame Street.

BATTERSBY & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, M.I.A.A., F.A.I.,

39 WESTMORELAND ST., DUBLIN.

ESTABLISHED IN THE YEAR 1815.

HOUSES AND LANDS.

NOTICE.

... the severe weather the Auction, ... advertised in this paper, for J. ... Millar, Nobber, Co. Meath, had to be ... January 28th and 29th, 1941, to ... and 5th, at 2 o'clock (Summer ...

...AEL DEERY,

Auctioneer, ...ICKMACROSS.

THE LEGAL DIARY

LAW NOTICES—Monday, January 27.

CLARA... IN THE MATTER OF COIMIRCITHE CUIRTE (The Registrar of Wards of Court).

Before the Registrar, at 11.30 o'clock. Exparte Applications—Summons, Bowles and French; statement of facts, G.S.

AN ARD-CHUIRT BHREITHIUNAIS (The High Court).

In Court 2, at 11 o'clock. Motions—French v. Tydd; Royal Bank of Ireland, Ltd., v. Pender and Trustee Act, 1893; Radcliff v. Etchinghann. Summonses—The National Bank, Ltd., v. Dowse and another; the Munster and Leinster Bank, Ltd., v. Robinson and another; McNamara v. Attorney-General; the Hibernian Bank, Ltd., v. Delahunt; O'Shee v. Murphy; Egan v. Harty and another; McDonnell v. Attorney-General and another.

In Court 6, at 11 o'clock—Bank of Ireland v. O'Sullivan; Doyle v. Mark; M. A. Byrne, decd., McLoughlin v. Byrne; E. Kennedy, decd., Kennedy v. Kennedy; A. Hosty, decd., Hosty v. Hosty; Hamilton v. Killingley; J. J. Doherty, decd., Brangan v. McLoughlin. Motion—Flaherty v. Minister for Local Government and Public Health. Summonses—Hibernian Bank, Ltd., v. Gavin; O'Callaghan v. O'Callaghan; Royal Bank of Ireland, Ltd., v. Kelly; same v. Smyth; Barron v. O'Kennedy.

Jury Actions—The jurors summoned to the Hilary Sittings for Trials by Jury to-day (Monday), 27th January, are requested to attend at 11 o'clock a.m., in Court 1, at the Four Courts, Dublin, when the panel will be called over. Jurors not answering their names will be fined.

In Court 1, at 11 o'clock—O'Sullivan v. McCullagh (enticement); Quinn v. Kinnear (personal injuries).

In Court 3, at 11 o'clock—Kelly v. Hanlon and others (personal injuries); Clarke v. Quinn (personal injuries); Woolfson and another v. Prendergast and another (personal injuries).

MAISTIR NA hARD-CHUIRTE (The Master of the High Court).

At 11 o'clock. Motions of Course Summonses—Tevlin v. Tevlin; National Bank v. Murphy; National Bank v. Bodkin; Gilvarry v. Gilvarry; Dublin Bespoke Clothing Co. v. Tarlos Ltd.; Kelly v. Kelly; Harringtons and Goodass Wall v. Mollo and Egan, Ltd. Motions on Notice—Clery and Co. v. Shott and another; Morrissey v. Ryan; Revenue Commissioners v. Galwey; same v. Kelly; same v. McGrath; same v. Taylor; O'Flanagan v. O'Flanagan. Bankruptcy, at 12 o'clock—Dillon, vouch account, C. R. Robinson; Birmingham, do., J. L. Scallan and Co.; Galvin, do., Collins and Son; Coard, do., J. R. Cresswell; Doyle, do., H. J. W. Downey; Bailey, do., Collins and Son; Conran, prove debts and vouch, J. L. Scallan and Co.; arrangement, vouch account, Collins and Son; do., ac. comp., P. Glynn.

OIFIG AN MHAISTIR-MHEASAIREACHTA (The Taxing Master's Office).

Master O'Hanlon, at 11 o'clock—A Ward of Court, A. D. Kennedy and Figgis; a Ward of Court, Nolan and Larkin. At 12 o'clock—O'Toole v. O'Meara, Little, O hUadhaigh and Proud.

Master Kennedy, at 11 o'clock. Exparte Taxation—St. Amond v. Van Eesbeck, James Robinson; Gillman's Estate, O'Brien and Binchy. At 12 o'clock—A ward of Court, G. M. Porter; McMahon, a minor, J. G. Allen; a ward of Court, Vance and Co.

COIMISIUN TALMHAN NA h-EIREANN. (Irish Land Commission.)

At Examiners' Chambers, at 93 Merrion square, before Mr. Franks, at 11 o'clock—J. C. Trench, discharge rulings and settle schedule. At 12 o'clock—Jackson (S. 8433), discharge rulings and settle schedule.

Before Mr. Grove White, at 3 o'clock—Wilson, discharge rulings and settle schedule.

At 89 Merrion square, before Mr. O'Byrne, at 11 o'clock—Grange, settle schedule.

Before Mr. Tyrrell, at 3 o'clock—L. M. Swan, discharge retainer.

At 24 Upper Merrion street, before Mr. P. Byrne, at 3 o'clock—Scanlon, vouch. At 3.30 o'clock—Stuart, vouch.

CENTRAL CRIMINAL COURT, Green Street Courthouse, Dublin.

This day at 11 o'clock a.m. Jurors Nos. 151 to 262 must attend. Absent jurors will be fined. Jurors Nos. 263 to 375 need not attend until Monday, 3rd February, 1941.

AN CHUIRT BHREITHEAMHNAIS CHUARDA (Circuit Court of Justice.)

Before Judge Davitt, at the Law Courts, Chancery place, at 11 o'clock, a.m. Applications under the Increase of Rent and Mortgage Interest (Restrictions) Acts.—Rickard v. Bluett-Duncan and anor.; Noonan v. Lynch; Lynch v. Noonan (eject); O'Shaughnessy v. Lynch; Lynch v. O'Shaughnessy (eject.); Reid v. Verschoyle; Verschoyle v. Reid (eject.); Christopher v. Levey; same v. same (eject.); Pepper v. Richards; Richards v. Pepper (eject.); Burke v. McDonald (settled); Brennan v. Lynch; Boylan v. Campbell and anor., Campbell and anor. v. Boylan (ejectment); Byrne v. O'Reilly; O'Reilly v. Byrne (eject.); Mahor v. Murphy; Moran v. Isaacson and anor.; Hendrick v. Carroll; Flood and anor. v. Carry; Reynolds v. Doran; Doran v. Reynolds (eject.); Powell Anderson v. Campbell.

Before Judge Shannon. At the Law Courts, Chancery place, at 11 o'clock. Motion—The Secretary of Clearing House Committee v. Kilternan, Ltd. (L. and T. Act). Application for Summary Judgment—Samuels v. Goodwin. Civil Actions—Dujacquier v. Irish Steel, Ltd. (settled); Wayenberg v. samo (settled); Clinton v. D.U. Tram Co., Ltd.; Domican v. D.U. Tram Co., Ltd.; White v. Sabin; Ryan v. McManus and another.

AN CLARATHOIR CONTAE (The County Registrar).

At 12.30 o'clock. Taxation of Costs—Clarke v. Morris; Daly v. Keogh. Equity—Dublin County Council v. Byrne.

CUIRT DUITHCHE NA CATHRACH (Metropolitan District Court).

At Morgan place. For Tuesday, 28th January, at 10.30 o'clock—Undefended civil processes; undefended ejectment processes; undefended civil processes adjourned from previous Sessions; undefended ejectment processes adjourned from previous Sessions; defended civil processes; defended ejectment processes. For Wednesday, 29th January. At Morgan place, at 10.30 o'clock—Defended civil processes adjourned from previous Sessions; defended ejectment processes adjourned from previous Sessions.

CATHOLIC SOCIAL WEEK PROGRAMME

A number of lectures, to be followed by discussions, has been arranged for the Catholic Social Week, which is to be held in the Mansion House, Dublin, from February 3rd to 7th. The programme, which has been prepared by the organising committee (the C.Y.M.S. of the Dublin Archdiocese), has just been issued. The opening lecture, to be delivered by the Rev. P. J. Gannon, S.J., will be "What Has Happened, and Why?" Speakers will include Professor J. M. O'Sullivan and the Rev. Michael C. Burke, C.C. The Chairman will be the Right Rev. Mgr. Boylan, M.A., D.D., D.Litt., P.P. Other lectures arranged are:—"After the Crisis" (Senator Professor Michael Tierney); "A New Social Order for Ireland" (the Rev. C. Lucey, M.A., D.D.); "The Youth of To-day in the Ireland of To-morrow" (the Rev. M. H. Gaffney, O.P.). On Thursday, February 6th, a general Catholic Youth Conference will be held. The speakers listed are:—Mr. P. Hughes (Catholic Boy Scouts of Ireland), District Captain Moira Macklin (Catholic Girl Guides), Professor B. F. Shields, M.A. (St. John Bosco Boys' Club), Mr. John Nagle (President, Legion of Mary), and Mr. T. P. French (Organising Secretary, C.Y.M.S., Ireland).

A rubber boat belonging to the *Luftwaffe* has been found on the South-East coast of England. There was no one in it, but there was evidence that it had been used, for it contained a German Air Force officer's uniform.

JEWISH MUSIC

SOME GREAT COMPOSERS

Speaking of Jewish music at the monthly meeting of the Leinster Society of Organists and Choirmasters on Saturday evening, Mr. Bernard Shillman described the Bible, which, he said, showed the Israelites' devotion to the art, as a book of music and musicians, of songs and singers, of instruments and players.

One of the sad things about folk-music, he said, was that directly a musician put his hand on it he ruined it. One of the great things about Jewish folk-songs was that they had been preserved in their original state. The laws and forms of music never had been applied to them. Mr. Shillman said that the best examples of Jewish folk-songs were to be found in their Hassidic music by the 17th century sect, which might, in some respects, be compared with the English Puritans. Hassidism in its earliest stages was a revulsion from the excessive intellectualism that prevailed in the Heshibas of Polish and Russian Jews. The John Milton of the Hassidic movement was Israel Baal Shem. Among the labourers in the field of opera, three Jewish composers stood conspicuous—Meyerbeer, Halevy and Offenbach—and little less well-known was Karl Goldmark, whose "Queen of Sheba" was performed in Dublin in 1911 by the Moody Manners Company. Other famous Jewish composers were Felix Mendelssohn and his companions, Moscheles and Joachim Anton Rubinstein, and Mahler, whose symphonies prove him a rival of Beethoven. The call to nationhood to-day was sending Jewish musicians back to seek inspiration from their own national consciousness, and instead of composers who happened to be Jews, they could look forward to Jewish composers, and a characteristic Jewish note in musical composition under the influence of Ernst Bloch, the leader of the present renaissance.

The lecture was illustrated with songs by Mrs. B. Shillman. Prior to the lecture, an organ recital was given by Mr. D. McNulty, who played "Claire de Lune" (Karg-Elert), "Christmas Cradle Song" (Hollins), and Elgar's "Imperial March."

Mr. H. W. South, Mus.Bac., presided.

INSTITUTE OF JOURNALISTS' DINNER AND DANCE

The attendance at the annual dinner and dance of the Dublin and Irish Association District of the Institute of Journalists, in the Royal Hibernian Hotel, Dublin, on Saturday night, included:—

Alderman Byrne, T.D.; Mr. A. Byrne, T.D.; Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Browne, Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Bluenenthasett, Mr. and Mrs. D. Byrne, Mr. and Mrs. P. Byrne, Mr. G. H. Burrows, Mr. L. Bergin, Miss Barker.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Connolly, Mr. D. Coyle, T.C.; Senhor N. Costa, Consul-General for Brazil; Mr. and Mrs. J. Costello, Mr. H. Curran, Dr. and Mrs. D. Curran, Rev. J. G. Curran, C.S.Sp.; Miss E. Curran, Misses N. and M. Cregan, Miss Callow, Miss Carsin.

Mrs. Lynn Doyle, Dr. and Mrs. R. Davitt, Mr. B. Devlin, Mr. P. Devlin, Miss Doran.

Mr. R. B. Evans.

Comdt. T. H. Finn, Dr. P. R. Fanning, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Fitzpatrick, Mr. J. Fitzpatrick, Mr. J. Fitzsimons, Miss D. Freeman, Mr. J. Flanagan, Miss G. Fitzpatrick.

Mr. P. H. Glendon, Miss M. Glendon, Mr. Roger Greene, solr.

Mr. M. and Miss A. Hourihan, Mr. M. Hartnett, Mr. W. Humphries, Mr. and Mrs. B. M. Halliden, Miss L. Hickson, Mr. W. Hanrahan, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Hogan.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Jones.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Kennedy, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Kelly, Mr. D. Kerr, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Kelly, Lieut. J. P. Kitchen, Miss B. Keena, Mr. K. Keary, Mrs. and Miss D. Kirwan; Mr., Mrs., and Miss Kearon; Miss O. Keeney, Miss Betty Kinmonth.

Mr. and Mrs. H. G. C. Legge, Mr. M. F. Linnane, Miss Lavery, Mr. S. Lyons, Mr. G. Langley.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Murphy, Mr. T. W. Murphy, Miss D. E. Murphy, Mr. J. R. Molloy, Mr. A. M. Montgomery, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Murdoch, Mr. C. S. Millington, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Murphy, Mr. E. Murray, Mrs. Montgomery, Capt. H. and Mrs. Moss, Mrs. E. B. Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. G. MacEoin, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. MacManus, Mr. and Mrs. C. McDonnell, Capt. McDonnell, Ensign and Mrs. H. McKenna, Mr. and Mrs. MacRory, Dr. P. T. McArdle, Mr. P. McCarthy, District Justice McCarthy, Mr. P. A. McGerady, Mr. D. McDowell, Miss M. McDonald, Mrs. E. F. MacSweeney, Mr. G. F. MacLoughlin, Mr. P. J. Murphy.

Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Nivison, Miss M. Nevan, Miss M. Nevin.

Mr. and Mrs. T. O'Donnell, Mr. and Mrs. D. O'Connor, Mr. and Mrs. J. O'Neill, Mr. J. O'Sheehan, Mr. F. O'Sheehan, Miss S. O'Connell, Miss E. O'Dwyer, Mr. and Mrs. J. O'Leary.

Mr. J. G. Pettigrew, Miss B. Phipps.

Mr. T. Quilty, Mr. T. Quilty, jun., Miss N. Quilty, Mr. M. J. Quigley, Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Quinn.

Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Rooney, Mr. P. J. Roe, K.C.; Mr. J. A. Robinson, Mr. J. P. Rooney, Miss Rooney, Mr. A. H. Roe, Mr. and Mrs. Ross, Miss L. Ryan, Mr. C. E. Reddin, Miss M. Rowland.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. J. Shiels, Misses E. and J. Sheridan, Mr. E. Shanley, Mr. and Mrs. D. Vaughan, Mrs. Van Hoek, Miss H. Warren, Mr. and Mrs. G. Wynne, Mr. J. R. Wright.

NEW CORRIB NAVIGATION BOARD

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

GALWAY, Saturday.

Galway County Council agreed to-day to set up a joint committee, representative of the Council, Galway Corporation and Mayo County Council, to act as the Lough Corrib Navigation Board.

The Secretary (Mr. C. I. O'Flynn) explained that amending legislation was under consideration and the Department of Industry and Commerce had suggested that Galway Corporation would appear to be the appropriate body to undertake the duties of the existing Board, which it was proposed to abolish. It was also proposed to relieve Mayo County Council from obligation to contribute towards the cost of navigation works. When the existing Board was established a canal had been cut from Lough Corrib to Lough Mask, but this had been a failure, and as only a small part of Mayo touched on Lough Corrib it was considered unfair that Mayo should have to contribute one-third of the cost of all works carried out.

It was decided to inform the Department that the Council would set up a joint committee, but that they would not agree that Mayo be relieved of responsibility for a share of the cost of any works carried out.

THIS WEEK'S AUCTIONS OF FURNITURE AND FINE ARTS

TUESDAY.

Fancourt, Balbriggan (Gavin Low, Ltd.); 14 Belgrave road, Rathmines (Hamilton and Hamilton); "The Haven," Harbour road, Dalkey (Talbot Coall and Son).

WEDNESDAY.

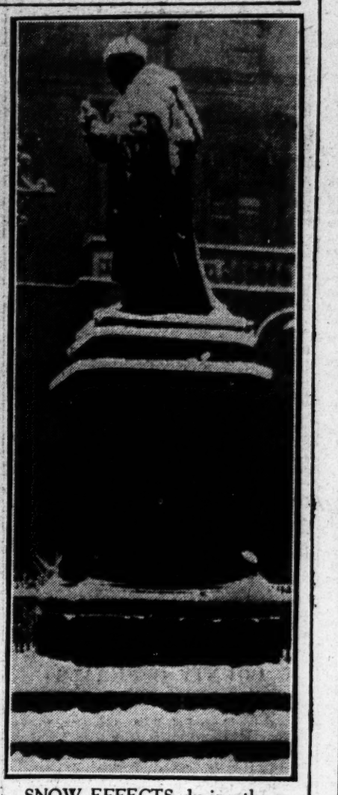
13 Marlborough road, Donnybrook (Battersby and Co.); 34 Rosmeen Park, Dun Laoghaire (Thos. Dockrell and Co.).

FRIDAY.

55 Belmont avenue, Donnybrook (Battersby and Co.).

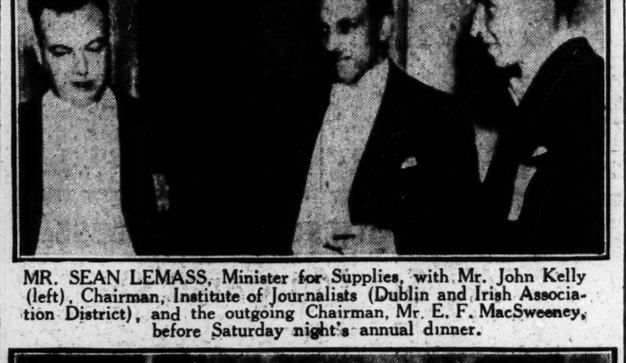
BIRDS OF PREY

Irish birds of prey in the National History Museum.



SNOW EFFECTS during the recent bad weather in Dublin. Above: A white cap and cloak on Moore's statue. Below: A tramcar front masked with snow.

A HEADING DUEL during Saturday's League of Ireland match between Bohemians and Shamrock Rovers at Dalymount Park.



MR. SEAN LEMASS, Minister for Supplies, with Mr. John Kelly (left), Chairman, Institute of Journalists (Dublin and Irish Association District), and the outgoing Chairman, Mr. E. F. MacSweeney, before Saturday night's annual dinner.

MISS "TUDY" MacARTHUR (third from left) receiving congratulations from her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. MacArthur, and her sister Susie, at her coming-of-age dance on Friday night.

DUBLIN L.D.F. MARCH

Upwards of 1,500 members of the "D" District, Local Defence Force, held their first recruiting march through the city yesterday. Assembling at Smithfield, the men quickly fell into position, and, accompanied by the Transport Workers' Union Band and St. Dympna's (Grangegorman) Pipers' Band, moved off on their route march, which took them via King street, Stoneybatter, manor street, Prussia street, Cabra road, Phibsboro' road and Botanic road to Moibhi road—the big area covered by the "D" Section. The return march was by Homefarm road, Capel street and North quays to Smithfield, where the parade dispersed. There were about 200 new recruits in the procession.

The following were in charge of the parade—District Leader, J. Ward; Assistant District Leader, G. J. Hickey; District Adjutant, N. A. Ryan; Operations Officer, B. Gordon; Quartermaster, J. Hand; Assistant Quartermaster, L. Murphy; Signals Officer, J. Marshall; Transport Officer, M. McAllister; Engineers, T. Mathews; Intelligence, P. J. Carlow.

Miss Mary D. Jamison, Burndennett, Strabane, was appointed by County Derry Committee of Agriculture instructress in poultry-keeping and butter-making.

CHURCH SERVICES

ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL.—Morning Prayer at 10 o'clock. Psalms 122, 123. Chants 58, 23. Te Deum, 37, 38, 39. Hymn 740. Evensong at 4 o'clock. Installation of Canon A. E. L. Stuart, B.D., Prebendary of Tipper. Psalms 129, 130, 131. Chants 14, 14-25, 1. Magnificat, Nunc Dimittis, Purcell in B flat. Anthem, "O Lord, give Thy Holy Spirit" (Tallis).

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.—Matins at 10.45 o'clock. Venite 366. Psalm 125 (370). Te Deum, 192, 193, 194. Hymn 276 (2). Evensong at 3 o'clock (Boys' voices only). Psalms 126 (374), 127 (375). Magnificat 76. Nunc Dimittis 74. Anthem, "I will give thanks unto Thee" (William Hayes) (1707-1777).

TERMS OF POSTAL SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE *IRISH TIMES*.
Payable in Advance.

	Home and Foreign.
Half Yearly	£1 19 0
Quarterly	0 19 6
Monthly	0 6 6

WEEKLY IRISH TIMES.

Yearly	£0 13 0
Half Yearly	0 6 6
Quarterly	0 3 3

Post Office Orders or Cheques to be made payable to the *Irish Times*, Ltd. Telephone No. 76555.

Printed and Published by the IRISH TIMES, LIMITED, at the Offices, 31 Westmoreland Street, in the Parish of St. Mark and City of Dublin.

MONDAY, JANUARY 27, 1941.

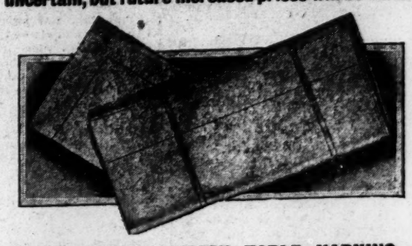
WALPOLES JANUARY SALE

ILLUSTRATED SALE BOOK FREE ON REQUEST. 10/- ORDERS POST FREE

LAST WEEK

BARGAINS IN 'WALPOLE' QUALITY HOUSEHOLD LINENS

These are further Special Reductions and are available for this week only. Replacements are uncertain, but future increased prices will be certain



LOT E. LINEN DAMASK TABLE NAPKINS
Rose and other designs. 22 x 22 inches. Reduced, 6 for 10/6

LOT F. FINER QUALITY NAPKINS
Shamrock design. 22 x 22 inches. Reduced, 6 for 12/6

LOT G. COTTON PILLOW CASES
Best Quality. 20 x 30 inches. Reduced, pair 4/6

LOT H. HORROCKSES COTTON SHEETS
Superfine quality, hemstitched. We have just received "a late delivery" of this special quality, thus the value.
Single Bed. 2 x 3 yds. Were 37/6. Now 29/11
" " Extra long, 2 x 3½ yds. Were 43/6 Now ... 35/6
Double Bed, 2½ x 3 yds. Were 47/6. Now ... 42/-
" " Extra long, 2½ x 3½ yds. Were 53/- Now ... 47/6

WALPOLES

SUFFOLK STREET, DUBLIN

E. H. WALPOLE, Managing Director.

FUNERAL

MR. T. F. McGAHON

The funeral of Mr. T. F. McGahon, editor of the *Dundalk Democrat*, took place to St. Patrick's Cemetery, Dundalk, on Saturday.

The chief mourners were:—Mrs. M. McGahon (widow), Messrs. O. B. McGahon, H. C. McGahon, and Dr. N. J. McGahon (sons); Miss Ethna McGahon (daughter).

The Very Rev. J. F. Stokes, Adm., Dundalk, officiated.

The clergy in attendance included the Rev. T. O'Callaghan, P.P., V.G.; the Right Rev. Monsignor Toal, Canon McKeown, P.P., V.G.; Canon Harmon, P.P., V.F.; Canon Johnson, P.P.; Canon McAleer, P.P.; the Very Rev. S. Kieran, S.M., Provincial, Milltown; the Rev. P. A. McKee, P.P.; the Rev. J. McBride, P.P.; the Very Rev. L. T. McArdle, O.P.; the Rev. P. Downey, C.C.; the Rev. C. O'Neill, C.C.; the Rev. H. Murray, C.C.; the Rev. J. McEvoy, C.C.; the Rev. T. R. McDonald, C.C.; the Rev. J. O'Neill, C.C.; the Rev. B. Donnellan, C.C.; the Rev. J. Cailan, C.C.; the Rev. P. Rogers, C.C.; the Rev. J. G. McCooncy, C.C.; the Rev. T. Conlon, C.C.

The Rev. Father Dawson, S.M.; the Rev. E. Roe, S.M.; the Rev. J. Larney, S.M.; the Rev. N. J. Mathieu, S.M.; the Very Rev. J. V. Leonard, S.M.; the Rev. J. J. Harrison, S.M.; the Rev. E. Murphy, S.M.; the Rev. Father Conlon, O.P.; the Rev. Father Kelly, C.SS.R.; the Rev. J. J. McArdle, Madras Mission.

Among the general attendance were:—Messrs. T. Keogh Nolan, secretary, General Council of County Councils; S. McCathmhoil, Bray, hon. secretary, Municipal Authorities' Association; Count O'Byrne, Senator Brennan, James Coburn, T.D.; Miss Lavery, Messrs. A. J. Roe, Vincent Rice, T. J. Gallagher, M. Devlin, P. J. O'Hagan, James M. Carroll, P. Duffy, Senator J. T. McGee, chairman, Louth County Council; E. Kelly, Hospitals' Commission; P. Lonergan, P. McGee, Mrs. Lentaigne, Mrs. Butterly.

Messrs. P. Carroll, William Woods, M. Campbell, T. Donegan, J. O'Hagan, chairman, Dundalk Urban District Council; Peter Casey, T. Walsh, E. A. Joyce, P. J. Kearney, R. A. McIvor, Dr. Moonan, Dr. Moran.

Representing the Institute of Journalists—Mr. J. W. Kelly and Mr. C. McDonnell.

RAW SAUSAGE SANDWICHES

DOCTOR'S WARNING

The custom among some people in the Wolverhampton district of spreading uncooked pork sausage on bread has resulted in a number of cases of illness. Dr. R. H. H. Jolly, Medical Officer of Health for Wolverhampton, has issued a warning in the following notice:—

"It is suspected that illness is being caused in Wolverhampton and districts adjoining through the consumption of raw or partly-cooked pork sausage. The public are strongly advised to cook all pork sausages thoroughly before eating."

FINAL WEEK

POSTAGE EXTRA ON ORDERS UNDER 20/- AT THE THESE GOODS CANNOT BE SENT ON APPRO.

SWITZER SALE

Interesting Clearing Lines in all Departments until Saturday next.

AN OPPORTUNITY FOR PROFITABLE BUYING!

FOR LADIES

Gloves

ASSORTED LOT OF LADIES' LINED LEATHER GLOVES, in Navy, Nigger and Black. Usually 12/11 and 14/11 per pair. Finally Reduced to 9/11

LADIES' GAUNTLET ASTRAKHAN-BACK GLOVES, with Leather palms. In Grey, Navy and Black. Usually 8/11 and 10/11 per pair. Reduced this week to 6/6

LADIES' HAND-KNITTED STRING GLOVES in various shades. Usually 3/11 per pair. Now clearing at 2/11

Stockings

FINE LUSTRE SILK STOCKINGS, full fashioned, in a variety of good shades. Regular price 2/11 per pair. This week only 2/4

Twin Sets

USEFUL BRUSHED WOOL TWIN SETS in about twenty smart colours. Jumper has round neck and short sleeves. Usually 25/6 the Set. Sale Price 21/-

(Also in RIBBED WOOL at same price).

Scarves

PRINTED SILK CREPE DE CHINE SCARVES, in bright colourings. Usually 6/11. This week 3/-

PRINTED SILK CREPE DE CHINE SQUARES (24 inch). Bright colourings. Usually 4/11. Now only 3/-

Overalls

USEFUL SPOT SMOCKS in Black, Navy, Butcher. Size W. Now offered at 4/11

DUTCH APRONS in Tartan Twill, with small pocket and two pleats. Now only ... 2/3

Shoes

LADIES' BLACK AND BROWN GLACE KID SHOES, 3-hole Tie and Strap. Medium leather Heel. Usual Price, 28/6 per pair. This week only 21/-

Laces

12 INCH FISH NET for Snoods, in practically all colours. Usually 1/- per yd. This week ..... 8½D.

54 INCH ALL-SILK NET, in odd colours. Regular Price, 4/11 per yd. Finally reduced to 2/11

Lingerie

"CELANESE" SATIN NIGHTGOWNS, with V neck. Daintily trimmed Lace. Cut on the bias. In Peach only. Usually 12/11. Now reduced to 10/11

COSY WOVEN PYJAMA SUITS. Jumper shape. V neck. Long sleeves. Shades: Green/Peach, Blue/Peach. Usually 10/11. This week 8/11

Woven Undies

SILK AND WOOL VESTS, in close lace design, with ribbon shoulders. In white or pink. Finally reduced to 4/6

(PANTEES to match, at same price.)

LIMITED NUMBER OF SAMPLE GARMENTS IN WOVEN UNDERWEAR at Special Clearance Prices.

Corsets

15 INCH DEEP "TWILFIT" WRAP-ROUNDS, in Brocade. Lined front. Well boned. 6 suspenders. Sizes: 24, 25, 30, 32. Usually 30/-. Finally reduced to 17/6

"TWILFIT" BACK-LACING CORSETS, in Brocade. Well boned. 4 Twilgrip Suspenders. Sizes: 23 to 30. Usually 13/3. This week only 9/11

Ribbons

18 INCH TAFFETA RIBBON, in Helio, Clover, Ashes of Roses. Originally 4/11 per yard. This week 1/6

4 INCH FRENCH PETERSHAM RIBBON, in Old Rose, Wine, Dark Wine, Lilac. Originally 1/11 per yard. Now 3 YARDS FOR 1/3

MISCELLANEOUS BARGAINS

GARMENT STORAGE BAGS (40 only)—Heavy quality cedarized white-lined Bags—with 4in. gusset—afford protection against moths, dirt, vermin and dust. Hold several garments. Size 60" x 27" x 4". Now only, each 5/11

(Post 6d.) 4 for 21/-. (Post 1/-)

POLISHED MAHOGANY ELECTRIC FLOOR STANDARDS AND SHADES (25 only)—Standards fitted with six yards of Flex, Switch, Plug, Lamp-holder and Shade Carrier; also attractive 20" coloured Parchment Shade with Silk Fringe. Complete 49/6

(Carr. Fwd.)

REAL COWHIDE LEATHER SUITCASE TRUNKS (12 only). Handsewn throughout. Lined linen. Fitted with steel frame, two reliable lever safety locks and keys. Extra handle at one end. A large, extra-deep Case. 30" 67/6 32" 71/6

(Carriage, 2/-.)

TOILET ROLLS—Buy while Stocks are available!

"PALMETTO," fine quality full size 12oz. Rolls—well Perforated; Thin, Soft, Hygienic, and Soluble in Water. Per Doz. 10/6

(Post, 1/-.)

6 Doz. for 60/-. (Carr. Fwd.).

FOR BOYS

Boys' Suits

BOYS' THREE-GARMENT TWEED SUITS (Shorts), in sizes to fit ages 8 to 14 years. Regular prices, 37/6 to 47/6. All marked down to... (Smaller sizes, 25/-.) 29/6

Small Overcoats

VERY SPECIAL VALUE IN LITTLE BOYS' OVERCOATS. An assorted lot in sizes to fit youngsters up to 7 years of age. All one price 22/6

Youths' Suits

EXCEPTIONAL BARGAINS IN YOUTHS' S.B. SUITS; good quality materials and attractive patterns. All sizes. Clearing at 55/-

Boys' Pullovers

BOYS' ALL-WOOL PULLOVERS to fit boys of 6 to 14 years. Usual prices, 10/6, 12/6, to 14/6. Offered this week at 7/6, 9/6 and 10/6

Scarves

BOYS' WOOL SCARVES in shades of Fawn, Brown and Grey. Usual price, 4/6 each. ..... Now reduced to 3/9

FOR MEN

Lounge Suits

A LIMITED NUMBER OF MEN'S S.B. SUITS clearing at fully 20/- to 30/- below the regular price. All are well-tailored models and can be had in a variety of smart Tweeds. This week only 75/-

Gloves

MEN'S CHAMOIS GLOVES, in sizes 7, 7½, and 7½ only. Usual price, 10/6 per pair. Marked to clear at 5/-

SILKS

COURTAULD'S STRIPED SPUN, a delightful Fabric in a range of wide and narrow stripes, suitable for both Ladies' and Children's Frocks, Blouses, Pyjamas, etc. Now reduced to, per yard... 2/3

POULT TAFFETA AND MOIRE POULT for Evening Gowns, in twenty lovely shades. Cannot be repeated. Offered this week at, per yard 2/9

LINENS

HORROCKSES' PLAIN COTTON PILLOW CASES, pure finish. Size 20" x 30". Buttoned. Regular price, 2/2 each. Now reduced to 1/8

HEMMED LINEN FINISH COTTON SHEETS, size 63" x 90". Regular price, 15/11 per pair. This week only 13/6

SWITZER & CO., LTD., GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN

LAST WEEK OF KELLETT'S SALE
Final Reductions in all Depts.
Kelletts, George's St. Dublin

The Irish Times.

CITY EDITION

PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN, TUESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1941. VOL. LXXXIII. NO. 26,066.

Don't be vague— ASK FOR Haig
OBTAINABLE ALSO IN SMALL SIZES

FOR PRESCRIPTIONS AND ALL MEDICAL SUPPLIES
HAYES, CONYNGHAM & ROBINSON, Ltd.
11 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN, AND BRANCHES.

BROADCASTING—PAGE 4

Births, Marriages and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 2/6; each additional line, 1/-. Such Notice can be repeated in either the Weekly Irish Times or the Irish Field at half price.
Irish Times 'Phone Numbers—Dublin (31 Westmoreland Street)—76555; Cork (16 Cook Street)—1506; Limerick (6 William Street)—472; Belfast (58 Donegall Street)—21787; London (59 Fleet Street)—Central 4350.

CALLED ON ACTIVE SERVICE WITH HIS BRITANNIC MAJESTY'S FORCES.
DOWILL—In Norway, April, 1940, previously reported wounded and missing, now officially reported killed in action, Captain George Ronald Lidwill, The Green Howards, aged 28, dearly-loved eldest son of Colonel and Mrs. Lidwill, Dromard, Templemore, Co. Tipperary. Please, no letters.

BIRTHS.

FitzHERBERT—January 23, 1941, at Hatch Street Nursing Home, Dublin, to Sheelah, wife of Henry C. FitzHerbert, Irish Guards, a daughter.
HYDE—January 27, 1941, at Lynnbury, Mullingar, to Betty, wife of G. P. R. Hyde, Irish Guards, a daughter.
McNULTY—January 19, 1941, at The Gort, Manorcunningham, Co. Donegal, to Nancy, wife of J. B. McNulty, a daughter.

DEATHS.

BAKER—January 20, 1941, William Baker, aged 81 years (late of War Office). Funeral from home, "Sudbury," King's road, Fleet, Hants.
BASSELL—January 26, 1941, at his residence, Garfield House, Bray, John (Licensed Vintner, 60 Main street), beloved husband of Ann Cassell. Deeply regretted by his sorrowing wife and family. R.I.P. Remains were removed Sunday afternoon to the Church of the Most Holy Redeemer, Bray. Funeral to-day (Tuesday), after 10 o'clock Mass, to St. Peter's Cemetery, Little Bray.
CHESTNUT—At her residence, Cloonalour, Rachel Jane, second daughter of the late Rev. W. Chestnut, The Manse, Tralee. Funeral to-day (Tuesday) at 2 o'clock.
COOPER—January 27, 1941, at Steevens's Hospital, Richard Cooper, late Morehampton road. Deeply regretted by his daughters and sister. Funeral private.
DEVELING—January 27, 1941, at a Dublin Hospital, Charles, late of 23 Hamilton street, S.C.R. Funeral to-morrow (Wednesday), 29th inst., arriving Mount Jerome Cemetery 9.45 a.m.
DIXON—January 27, 1941, at her residence, Hill Crest House, Kingscourt, Isabella Dixon. Funeral to-morrow (Wednesday), 3 p.m. (S.T.) to St. Ernan's Church.
DOWDALL—January 27, 1941, at her residence, Granuaile, 225 Lower Kimmage road, Dublin, Theresa Dowdall. Deeply regretted. R.I.P. Remains will be removed to St. Paul's, Mount Argus, at 6 o'clock this (Tuesday) evening. Funeral to Glasnevin after 10 o'clock Mass to-morrow (Wednesday).
DAUSSET—January 24, 1941 (suddenly), at her residence, 27 Sandycove avenue, West, Dun Laoghaire, Maud Margaret, widow of the late Dr. R. R. Fausset. Interment took place at Dean's Grange Cemetery yesterday (Monday), 27th January, 1941.
FITZPATRICK—January 15, 1941, at his residence, Rusapi, Southern Rhodesia, Hebron Amos, second and last surviving son of the late Andrew and Jane Gardiner Fitzpatrick, Stephen's Green, Dublin (by cable).
GARDY—January 26, 1941, at her home, "Glengariff," Dalkey, Evene Lucy (Birdie), the much-loved wife of Octavus Hardy, and youngest daughter of the late Henry Smith, of "Cremorne," Terenure, and Mrs. Annie Smith, late of 24 Villiers road, Rathgar. "The day that Thou gavest, Lord, is ended." Funeral, Mount Jerome, arriving 12 noon to-day (Tuesday).
HENRY—January 25, 1941, at private nursing home, Edith Fanny Henry, late of Howth. Funeral private. Matthew 11, verse 28.
HOWARD—January 25, 1941, at Skerries, Elizabeth, in her 88th year, relict of the late Richard Howard, Blackwater Bridge, Kenmare. Funeral to Mount Jerome to-day (Tuesday), 11.45 a.m. Redeemed by the precious blood of Christ.
HUTCHINSON—January 27, 1941, at 2 Lower Sherrard street, George, dearly-loved husband of Annie Hutchinson, aged 82. Funeral arriving Mount Jerome to-morrow (Wednesday) morning 10.45 o'clock.
MURPHY—January 26, 1941, at his residence, Crab Lane, Coolkenno, Tullow, John Townsend Murphy. Funeral to-day (Tuesday) to St. Michael's, Aghold, at 1 o'clock (old time).
O'MALLEY—January 26, 1941, at his residence, 20 South Circular road, Rialto, Dublin, John O'Malley, late Traffic Manager's Office, Kingsbridge. Remains were removed to Our Lady of Dolours Church, Dolphin's Barn, at 7 o'clock yesterday (Monday) evening. Funeral, after 8 o'clock Mass, to-day (Tuesday) for 9.30 train from Kingsbridge, arriving in Bober 1 o'clock. Interment, Clonkeen, Co. Limerick. R.I.P. Deeply regretted by his sorrowing family.
O'RDON—January 27, 1941, at Millbrook House, Newcastle, County Wicklow, Frances Nina Purdon, widow of the late Henry Purdon. "Peace, perfect peace."
ROE—January 27, 1941, at Coolfin, Santry, Rebecca Annie (Fanny), youngest surviving daughter of the late William and Maria Jane Roe, of Newpark, Mountrath. Funeral to St. Peter's Church, Mountrath, on Thursday next, 30th January, arriving 3 p.m.
SMYTH—January 17, 1941, at Ardmore House, Londonderry, Edith Smyth (*née* Malcomson), widow of Lieutenant-Colonel Ross Smyth, 10th Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, and late 18th Royal Irish Regiment.
TUTTY—January 27, 1941, at his brother's residence, Templerainey, Arklow, Edward, eldest son of the late William and Catherine Tutty. Deeply regretted by his sorrowing brothers and sisters. Funeral (strictly private) to the Family Burial Ground, Templerainey, to-morrow (Wednesday), 29th January, at 2 o'clock.
WEAKLIAM — January 27, 1941, at Mornington House, Sandycove Point, Sandycove, Charles Antonius (late Lieut. R.N.V.R.), beloved husband of Ita Weakliam. R.I.P. Funeral (private) from Mornington House to-morrow (Wednesday) morning to Dean's Grange Cemetery. English papers please copy.
WHARTON—January 26, 1941, at Sandycove, Mary Josephine Wharton, daughter of the late Reverend J. J. Wharton, Rural Dean, Rector of Ballyburly and Croghan, King's County.
WILLIAMSON—January 26, 1941, at her residence, Cortubber House, Kingscourt, Jane Elizabeth, last surviving daughter of the late Gerald Williamson. Funeral to Ervey to-day (Tuesday) at 3.30 p.m. (summer time).

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for this Column will be found on Page 4.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

Mrs. McKenna and family, Rostella, Kilbeggan, wish to return sincere thanks to all those who sympathised with them in sending telegrams, letters and wreaths in their recent sad bereavement, hoping they will accept this, as it is impossible to acknowledge all individually.

The family of the late **Mrs. Thornton**, Baltinglass, wish to thank the numerous relatives and friends who sent letters, telegrams and wreaths on the occasion of their recent sad bereavement, and trust they will accept this as a grateful acknowledgment, as it is impossible to reply individually.

(CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.)

MISCELLANEOUS.

IRISH RED CROSS SOCIETY (SOUTH CITY). Members of Divisions, Members of Transport and all other Members of Irish Red Cross Society are advised that Elections to Dublin County Committee and Dublin Branch Committee will take place at THE METROPOLITAN HALL, Lower Abbey Street, TO-NIGHT, 28th January, 1941 (and not at the Friends' Meeting House, as previously advertised). ARD CEANNASAI, South City.

TAMILKSE TEA. A Wonderful Tea, at a Moderate Price.

JOHN C. PARKES and Sons, Ltd., Coombe, Dublin. A1 BOILERS. BATHS AND LAVATORIES. COPPER PIPING. INSTANTOR FITTINGS. Wholesale Only.

PRODUCE food in your own garden; we supply the tools.—BOOTH BROS., South King street, Dublin.

BROOKS, THOMAS AND CO., LTD., DUBLIN. HEATING INSTALLATIONS. RADIATORS, GRATES, BOILERS. ANTHRACITE STOVES. COMBINATION GRATES.

ANNE LYNCH TEAS. Refreshing, Satisfying and Economical

WANTED to Purchase a Site of 4/5 acres, suitable for the erection of a Factory; site must be on or near Dublin and all services available. Full particulars to THOS. DOCKRELL, SONS and CO., LTD., House and Estate Agents, SOUTH GREAT GEORGE'S STREET, DUBLIN. Telephone No. 71351 (10 lines).

ELECTRIC SOLUS AND OSRAM. Latest type "Speed Queen" Home Laundry Washing Machines, Electric Fires, Toasters, Irons, and Radios. Consult:— THOS. DOCKRELL, SONS, & CO., LTD., DUBLIN.

ESSE COOKERS FOR HOME OR INSTITUTE. INSPECTION INVITED. BAXENDALL & CO. LTD., CAPEL ST., DUBLIN.

YOU AND THE COAL RATION! A B COOKER combines Cooking, Water Heating, with low fuel consumption, for small or large family. Ample hot water; one fire only; large hot plate and ovens (3). See model on heat.—EVANS & SONS, 152 Capel street.

DUBLIN LADIES SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA invite Membership. Apply SECRETARY, 30 WESTLAND ROW.

GONZALEZ **NUTTY SOLERA** SHERRY
ROYAL AMONTILLADO ROMANO BROWN

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS.
In the Goods of
MARY MACKEY, late of 20 Frankfort avenue, Rathgar, Dublin, Spinster, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 30 and 31 Vic., Cap. 54, that the above-named Deceased, by her last Will, dated the 17th day of November, 1940, made the following Charitable Bequests:—
1. To Father Horan, C.C., the sum of £50 for Masses for the repose of deceased's own soul and the souls of her father and mother and deceased relatives.
2. To Father Stein, of Rathgar Parish, the sum of £50 for Masses for the repose of deceased's own soul and the souls of her father and mother and deceased relatives.
3. To the Rev. Father Fitzpatrick, C.C., of Rathgar Parish the sum of £60 for Masses for the repose of deceased's soul and the souls of her father and mother and deceased relatives.
The Testatrix died on the 21st day of November, 1940 and Probate of the said Will was on the 11th day of December, 1940 granted forth of the Principal Probate Registry, High Court of Justice, Eire, to John Mackey, of 96 South Circular road, Kilmainham, Dublin, one of the Executors therein named, the other Executor having duly renounced his right to a Grant of Probate.
Dated this 27th day of January, 1941.
BANIM & MULDOWNEY, Solicitors for the Executor, 1a Lower Ormond quay, Dublin.
To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Eire, and all others whom it may concern.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
CHRISTOPHER THOMAS JOLLEY, Deceased.
All persons claiming to be creditors of Christopher Thomas Jolley, of Abilene, Newtown Park road Blackrock, County Dublin, are required to send notice of their claims (in writing) forth with to
DARLEY, ORPEN & McGILLYCUDDY, Solicitors for the Executors, 30 and 31 Kildare street, Dublin.

BOARDING AND HOTELS.

ENJOYABLE week ends in country mansion amid ideal surroundings; 2 hours from Dublin, main line; own farm produce; good cooking; hot water; garage; golf, lake fishing, rough shooting, hacking and harrier hunting, well mannered horses; near all churches; charge moderate comfort great. Address "Z 4878, Week End," this office. 25 B

CORK BRANCH OFFICE
15 COOK STREET.
ADVERTISEMENTS RECEIVED
UNTIL 3 p.m. EACH DAY
FOR INSERTION IN NEXT DAY'S ISSUE.
'Phone—Cork 1506 Office hours—9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

BELFAST ADVERTISERS.
Advertisements for next day's issue are received at our Branch Office, 58 Donegall Street, up to 4.30 p.m.
Telephone: Belfast 21787.

LOANS FROM £20 UPWARDS.
CENTRAL TRUST, LTD.,
17 CLARE STREET, DUBLIN.

CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS COLUMN.

IN MEMORIAM.

FULTON—In loving memory of darling Evie, who passed away January 28, 1940. Sadly missed by her loved ones.
HUGHES — Seventeenth Anniversary — In loving memory of our dearest father, Michael Hughes, who died at his late residence, 21 Ashfield road, Ranelagh, 28th January, 1924.
"Resting where no shadows fall,
In perfect peace he waits us all."
JONES—To the memory of my dear husband, Francis Henry Jones, died January 28th, 1938. "Love's greatest gift—remembrance."
—Ethel.
LYSTER—In loving memory of Auntie Bella, who was called Home 28th January, 1940. —Georgie and Eva.
TARLETON—Loving thoughts of mother, who passed on two years ago to-day. Always remembered by her daughter.—H. L., Belfast.

NICHOLS Estd. 1814.
'Phone 62607 COMPLETE FUNERAL FURNISHERS, LOMBARD STREET (WESTLAND ROW). Coffins Hearse and Motor Funerals, etc. PRIVATE MORTUARY.

FUNERAL REQUISITES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. WALLER, 1941 1832. DENZILLE STREET (Re-named Fenian Street). MERRION SQUARE. PRIVATE MORTUARY. DAIMLER MOTOR HEARSES AND CARS. 'Phone: 61275. Wires: "Undertaker, Dublin."

MILLER & CO. LTD. BRAY
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
ROLLS ROYCE FLEET
PERSONAL SUPERVISION
PHONE, Bray 117. GRAMS. Collier Bray

Watsons Wreaths — Telegrams—Quickness, Dublin. Tel.—44258. WATSON'S, 51 NASSAU STREET. Nurseries Killiney.

28/27 Grafton St. Knowles Wreaths
TELEGRAMS: "PINEAPPLE, DUBLIN." PROMPT DESPATCH.

TIRED? *Just try some* COFF-O-ERA
It will buck you up in no time—containing Vitamins A, B2 and D; invigorating and sustaining; it increases your ability to work and withstand strain. 9d. per carton.

MAKE THE MOST OF WINTER MOTORING BY having your Car overhauled and tuned up by LINCOLN and NOLAN LTD. 87/88 Lr. Bargot St. 'Phone 61943-4-5

Employment

SITUATIONS VACANT.

A YOUNG, experienced SHORTHAND TYPIST WANTED by city firm of Accountants. Reply, stating age, experience and salary expected, S 1628, this office.
A MANAGERESS, with wide experience of first class catering, to take full charge of a Dublin Restaurant. Replies, giving full particulars of past experience, S 1591, this office. 27 C
A MANAGERESS (Lady) Required by good Travelling Company, also Pianist and two Dressers; all fully competent. Apply to-day, Miss Moynihan's Bureau, 55 Lr. O'Connell street.
COOK-HOUSEKEEPER, Protestant, middleaged, REQUIRED for County Wicklow; some nursing experience advantageous; maid and general man kept; state wages. Address "Z 4888, Housekeeper," this office. 26 C
TYPIST REQUIRED for Tool-making Factory; experience and copies references, etc., Box 7990, Eason's Advertising Service, Dublin. 27 X
HARDWARE, Furniture, Seeds, Implements—JUNIOR. Address, stating age, experience, religion, salary expected (indoor), copies references, "Z 4877, Junior," this office. 25 B

NOTICE
IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this Paper, great care should be taken to include the catchwords, when same are given, after the Office Number, thus: "Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope T
LADY SUPERINTENDENT REQUIRED immediately for Y.W.C.A., Hostel, Waterford; good housekeeper essential; also one able to conduct meetings if necessary. Apply Mrs. W. E. Jacob, Easton, Tramore, Waterford 24 B
ORGANIST WANTED for Rathgar Methodist Church. Applications, before 4th February, to F. E. Thompson, Wood Park, Dartry road, Dublin. 27 D
WANTED, married CHAUFFEUR-HOUSEMAN; best references only. Address "Z 4860, Chauffeur," this office. 24 B
WATCHMAKER WANTED, Improver, Protestant, for Ulster county town; comfortable home. Address "Z 4884, Watchmaker," this office. 26 C
WANTED, two LADS for Newmarket Flat Race Stable, not over 8-7, able to ride, good work; wages 42/- a week, boy is at end of 1 year's service; expenses paid. Address "Z 4885, Lads," this office. 26 C
WANTED energetic, trustworthy, capable person, help kennels, house, garden; good home, small remuneration.—Morton, Moorlands, Banbridge. 25 B
WANTED a SEXTON (part time) for Holy Trinity Church, Killiney; £40; no house. Address "Z 4905, Sexton," this office.

EDUCATION, TUITIONS, ETC.

BIOLOGY Grinds Wanted by girl, Bray. Address "Z 4866, Tuition," this office. 26 B
WANTED, SUBSTITUTE TEACHER, Drimgarley N.S., Newbliss. Apply Rev. H. Dixon, Killevan Rectory, Newbuss Monaghan. 25 B

MEDICAL, NURSING, ETC.

A DENTAL Surgery now vacant, owing to change in ownership, town in Co. Monaghan; sixteen years occupied; good prospects; terms moderate. Address "Z 4908, Surgery," this office. 27 C
DOCTOR Wanted to Share Consulting Rooms; references exchanged; usual expenses halved.—S 1304, this office. 25 B
DENTAL Surgery, adjoining workroom, furnished or unfurnished, all services; moderate rent.—S 1303 this office. 25 B
FOR immediate Sale, Dental Practice, South Tipperary; price reasonable; excellent opportunity, address "Z 4891, Practice," this office 27 D
FOR immediate disposal as a going concern, well established Medical Hall with residence, South suburbs. Full particulars from E. R. McDonnell and Son, Solicitors, 58 Dame street, Dublin. 21 X

REPRESENTATIVES.

AGENT REQUIRED on commission basis for Obscuration material, in great demand; state territory covered and full details. Address "Z 4907, Agent," this office.

DOMESTICS.

WANTED, CHARWOMAN, Spring Cleaning and Laundress; Pembroke—S 1557, this office. 25 B
WANTED, young BETWEENMAID, Ballsbridge.—S 1629, this office.

"IRISH TIMES" EMPLOYMENT REGISTRY.
NO FEES CHARGED.
HOURS ..... 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Saturdays ..... 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.
The Matron has several vacancies on her books for recommended unemployed, experienced and untrained. Placed immediately.
31 Westmoreland Street, Dublin.
Phone: 76555.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS.

CAN lady recommend experienced COOK GENERAL; Fitzwilliam place; state wages.—S 1558, this office 25 B
COOK GENERAL WANTED on 24th February; country girl, R.C., good plain cook; small family; North side.—S 1586, this office. 27 C
GOOD COOK GENERAL (£48) and useful SEWING MAID (£40) WANTED by Irish lady; pleasant town, 16 cinemas, safe area; fare advanced. Full references to Abbeyholme, Cheltenham. 24 B
STRONG COOK GENERAL REQUIRED, nice country place; good references; cyclist. Address "Z 4862, Cook," this office. 24 B
WANTED immediately, Protestant COOK GENERAL for modern home in Bangor, Co. Down. Reply, stating experience, age and wages expected, to Box No. 220, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast 26 C
WANTED, young COOK GENERAL, adult family, Ballsbridge; good wages.—S 1630, this office.
WANTED experienced COOK; small dairy, Esse Cooker; some help; send copies.—Dardistown Castle, Drogheda.

GENERAL SERVANTS.

AT once, experienced Generals; good wages; city suburbs.—Miss Clarke's Reg., 30 Dawson street.
SUPERIOR GENERAL WANTED, good cook, under 30; capable, reliable; good wages and outings.—152 Merrion road, Ballsbridge.
WANTED, Monkstown, experienced GENERAL; one lady, must be good plain cook; £30. Address, with copi discharges, "Z 4880, General," this office. 25 B
WANTED, young, experienced GENERAL (Protestant) for Sligo; 3 in family. Apply S 1616, this office. 27 D
WANTED, daily, reliable young GENERAL, with good long references; family 2, private house, Rathmines district; good wages; trustworthy girl valued.—R O 448 Irish Time Branch Office, Rathmines.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS.

WANTED, trained or partly trained young HOUSE PARLOURMAID, must have good references and good appearance and who understands cooking Aga cooker; 3 adults Ballsbridge district.—S 1594, this office.

NURSES.

WANTED NURSE, two toddlers, all duties; must like country; good references essential. Address "Z 4861, Nurse," this office. 24 B

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ALL Electrical Work, repairs, appliances. 'Phone Featherstone, 72212, Dublin; 26 Pearse street. 25 O
ASSISTANT Managers or General Assistant; thoroughly experienced; highest references.—S 1581, this office.
A SECRETARY (Girl) available with R.S.A.; first class Cert. (advanced bookkeeping), also typing and shorthand; professional or good business house. Apply Miss Moynihan's Bureau, 55 Lower O'Connell street.
DRAPERY—Conscientious Salesman, good buying experience, 12 years' experience of Manchester and linen departments, desires change.—S 1504, this office. 24 B
DRESS Designer—Young lady seeks position as Designer in Wholesale Accurate pattern maker; can copy any design from sketch or fashion journal, familiar with Grading to all stock sizes, snappy styles, economical cutting from material.—S 1593, this office. 27 D
HOUSEKEEPER or Cook General, experienced; highest references.—S 1580, this office.
HOUSEMAID, hotel or nursing home.—S 1575, this office.
HOUSEMAN, generally useful; experienced; well recommended.—S 1569, this office.
HOUSEKEEPER, 38, good cook, capable all duties, desires position.—S 1623, this office. 27 C
HIGHLY respectable Lady, six years' experience, confectionery, catering, hotel work, desires post; would go as Linenkeeper, Assistant Manageress, Receptionist or Companion Help, Waitress; excellent reference. Address "Z 4899, Lady," this office.
KITCHENMAID or General, experienced; hotel; good references.—S 1571, this office.
LADY, capable, good cook, desires position to one or two ladies or gentlemen; all duties.—S 1625, this office. 27 C
LADY, educated, can type and drive car, wants position Receptionist to lady or gentleman.—S 1624, this office. 27 C
LADY seeks quiet post, good Cook and Housekeeper; willing to assist generally.—Mrs. Kelly, 14 Somerset place, Bath, Somerset 27 D
LADY highly recommends Houseman Chauffeur Gardener-Valet, Ballyward House, Manor Kilbride, Co. Dublin. 27 F
MARRIED Couple desires position, Chauffeur, Gardener Handyman; Wife, Cook, Housekeeper; excellent references.—S 1453, this office. 23 D
RESPECTABLE country Girl, Housemaid, hotel or private, experience of both; good reference; city or suburbs.—R O 439, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 23 B
RESPECTABLE Girl, well educated, wants start in Betting Office; small wage. Address "Z 4895, Girl," this office.
RESPECTABLE young Man seeks any kind Work; permanent.—S 1582, this office. 27 D
RESPECTABLE farmer's Daughter, 19 years, C.I., seeks situation, Mother's Help; Dublin preferred. Address "Z 4893, Help," this office.
STRONG, active, young Woman disengaged, combining experience in Nursing with Housekeeping.—S 1585, this office.
UPHOLSTERY—Ladies' house, Furniture, Loose Covers, Mattresses.—Harris, Jones's Yard, opposite Gaiety Theatre.
YOUNG Gentlewoman, experienced household, cookery, help, children; knowledge French, horses, drive, needs post; Dublin, Wicklow, South. Address "Z 4881, Gentlewoman," this office. 25 C
YOUNG, married Man seeks employment, Plain Gardening, General Man, milk; Wife good Cook; indoor or out; well recommended. Address "Z 4903, Man," this office. 27 A
YOUNG Woman desires position of trust as Housekeeper or Companion Secretary; capable driver of car; seven years in present position; highly recommended. Apply c/o Rev. H. Lamb, Lisnadill Rectory, Armagh.

MEDICAL, NURSING, ETC.

YOUNG lady, R.C., with nursing experience, would go as Nurse Companion or Nurse Attendant in nursing home.—S 1425, this office. 23 B

EDUCATION, TUITIONS, ETC.

ALL Professional and University Preliminaries, Oral and Correspondence.—McGuire's College, Gardiner's Row, Dublin. T
AT 18 Stephen's Green, 2nd Floor—French Tuition, private or conversation classes.—Mademoiselle Giuricelli. 22 X
BOOKKEEPING, Shorthand, Typewriting, Irish, Mathematics, 15/- monthly.—Vincent's College, 21 Gardiner place. 9 X
EXPERIENCED Nurse Attendant, good lifter, seeks day or night duty; city or suburbs; highly recommended. Address Nurse, 47 Upper Rathmines road. 27 C
GERMAN—Beginners' Class Forming, 8/- monthly. Apply Go Ahead School, 39 Harcourt street. 21 X
LADY recommends experienced Nursery Governess or Mother's Help; R.C.; pariah priest's reference if required. Address "Z 4902, Governess," this office. 27 D
LADY, 30 years, Catholic, residing South, experienced Nursery Governess in French (title) family, desires similar position in Ireland; complete charge, including health, hygiene, toilet, department, colloquial French, music, games; child lover; no objection to country; salary £52. Address "Z 4894, Governess," this office.

DOMESTICS.

RESPECTABLE Woman wants situation, Working Housekeeper or General; small family; plain cooking; doctor's and priest's references.—S 1620, this office. 27 C

DOMESTICS CONTINUED

WORKING Housekeeper (Protestant), disengaged, trained to all duties; highest reference. Address "Z 4883, Housekeeper," this office. 25 B
YOUNG Woman wants three days Work weekly. S 1612 this office.

"IRISH TIMES" EMPLOYMENT REGISTRY.
NO FEES CHARGED.
HOURS ..... 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Saturdays ..... 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.
Matron can supply well recommended Domestics, experienced and untrained, in all capacities.
31 Westmoreland Street, Dublin.
Phone: 76555.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS.

A GOOD Cook General seeks work; city.—S 1579, this office.
COOK General, experienced; where another maid kept; highly recommended; long papers. Address "Z 4904, Cook," this office.
COOK, or handy, undertakes dairy; city or country; well recommended Address "Z 4900, Cook," this office.
COOK General, disengaged January 29th; good plain cook, highly recommended, city or suburbs.—R O 446, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.
COOK (excellent) disengaged; highly recommended.—At Blackwood's Registry, 42 Lr. Mount street. X
EXPERIENCED Cook, L.C., disengaged; do dairy; well recommended.—171, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street bridge.
YOUNG Cook General or General; good references. S 1567, this office.

NURSES.

EXPERIENCED (young) Children's Nurse disengaged. Blackwood's Registry, 42 Lower Mount street.
LADY can thoroughly recommend her Nannie after 17 years service; absolutely trustworthy; would take baby from the month.—Box No. 221, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast. 24 B
TRAINED and experienced Children's Nurse; excellent references. Address "Z 4897, Nurse," this office. 24 C

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS.

A YOUNG Housemaid seeks work.—S 1574, this office.
EXPERIENCED Parlourmaid free; town or country; highly recommend Address "Z 4901, Maid," this office.
HOUSE Parlourmaid (Protestant); thoroughly experienced, Address 4898, Maid," this office. 27 C
HOUSEMAID or Housemaid Waitress; good papers. S 1611, this office.
HOUSE Parlourmaid, disengaged 4th February; highly recommended; city or suburbs.—R O 447, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.
PARLOURMAID and young Cook General disengaged; good references; good wages expected. Address "Z 4892, Maid," this office.
YOUNG, experienced Housemaid; suburbs preferred; well recommended.—S 1568, this office.

GENERAL SERVANTS.

A YOUNG Daily General Help (not Sundays); good papers.—S 1566, this office.
DAILY General, young good references.—S 1573, this office.
DAILY General seeks place; good papers.—S 1577, this office.
EXPERIENCED General wishes nice place; good references; Clontarf or Ballsbridge.—S 1618, this office. 27 C
EXPERIENCED General; city or near; can be well recommended.—S 1570 this office.
GENERAL, good cook, small hotel or private; town, car.—S 1571, this office.
GENERAL wants work; indoor or outdoor.—S 1578, this office
PROTESTANT, experienced General wants daily work, morning or evening, South city; wages 12/6 week. Address "Z 4890, General," this office. 26 B
YOUNG, experienced General; good references; city or near.—S 1572, this office.
YOUNG country Girl wishes place, General, Dun Laoghaire district; highly recommended.—799, Irish Times Branch Office, Dun Laoghaire. 27 C

OPTICIANS.

PRESERVE your Sight by receiving skilled examination and advice regularly from Geo. Prescott and Son (only address), 18 Upper O'Connell street, Dublin (next Savoy Cinema). X
SPECTACLES scientifically adapted to relieve defective eyesight. Moderate charges.—Williams, Qualified Optician (Chancellor's Successor), 10 Lower Abbey street.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, ETC.

CARPETS and Furniture. Call and see our comprehensive stocks; unbeatable values; cash or terms. Tooher's, 30 Bachelor's Walk. T
FURNITURE. Pianos and all Household Effects Wanted for cash.—S 467, this office 26 2
LAWLOR, Briscoe will Buy and Sell your Surplus Furniture Auctions every Thursday.—35 Ormond quay. T

Cumann Choire Deirge na hEireann.
IRISH RED CROSS SOCIETY
DUBLIN CITY BRANCH.
Important Notice
CHANGE of VENUE
The Annual General Meeting of the Dublin City Branch will be held at
THE METROPOLITAN HALL LOWER ABBEY STREET
(and not at the Friends' Meeting House, as previously advertised),
TO-NIGHT (TUESDAY), 28th Jan., at 8.
BUSINESS OF MEETING:
(a) Election of Honorary Officers and Committee of the Dublin City Branch for the year ending 31st January, 1942.
(b) Election of Honorary Auditors.
(c) Election of eleven Branch Representatives on Dublin County Committee for the period ending 30th June, 1941.
Only members whose registered addresses are within the Dublin City area (i.e., the area under the jurisdiction of the Dublin Corporation) may vote at these Elections.
For the elections at (a) and (b) above, electors will be supplied with ballot papers on production of receipt for the current year's subscription.
For the elections at (c), only persons who were members at the 31st December, 1940, will be supplied with ballot papers. (To facilitate procedure, such members are requested to produce the 1940 Membership Card.)
Cathal Loughney, Secretary.
7/8 LR. ABBEY ST., DUBLIN.
'PHONE 74436
K.A.A.

Great Care is taken that Advertisements in all parts of this Paper appear correctly, but no liability is taken for any ERROR in or Omission of any Advertisement and the Proprietors Reserve the Right to Omit or Alter any Advertisement, no matter where or by whom accepted.
All Advertisements accepted for insertion in this Paper must bear endorsement by the name and address of the Advertiser. These particulars are not for publication.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR SMALL CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

12 Words or under, 1/-
(Every Succeeding Word, One Penny.)

Advertisements ordered for the *Irish Times* can be **repeated** in either the *Weekly Irish Times* or the *Irish Field* at Half Price.
The Concession of four consecutive insertions for the price of three is now withdrawn
Box Office Address counts as three words if replies are to be called for at Head Office, or if they are to be sent by post or called for at any Branch Office as four words. Postage extra.
Advertisements not prepaid are charged for at the rate of one shilling per line; minimum 3/- per insertion.
Publication of these Advertisements is not guaranteed on any particular day.
TRADE AND MATRIMONIAL ADVERTISEMENTS IN THESE COLUMNS, 1/- per line.
Money Orders, Notes, ORIGINAL Testimonials or other documents should not be enclosed with replies to Advertisements.
The Reply Boxes not being intended for Trade Lists, Circulars or Samples, envelopes containing same will not be delivered, and no responsibility is undertaken for accidents, omissions or mistakes.
IRISH TIMES, LTD., WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN. 'PHONE—76555. BRANCH OFFICES: RATHMINES—Castlewood avenue, Wednesday (half day) closes at 1 o'clock. 'Phone—91951. BELFAST—58 Donegall street. 'Phone—21787. CORK—15 Cook street. 'Phone—1506. LIMERICK—6 William street. 'Phone 472. LONDON—59 Fleet street, E.C.4. Central 4350. MANCHESTER—Winter's Buildings, 30 Ann street, Blackfriars 6343 (3D/9/'40)

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, small Gold Chain Bangle, 10 pearls, Grafton street, 2.45 p.m. Monday.—S 1622, this office.

MONEY, PARTNERSHIPS, INVESTMENTS, ETC.

£20 to £10,000
Loans granted daily in any part of Eire in sums of £20 upwards. With or Without Security.
NATIONAL FINANCE CO., LTD.,
83 MIDDLE ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN
'Phone: Dublin 43780 'Grams: 43780, Dublin.

CASH Advances, £25 to £5,000, with or without security.—The Dublin Finance Corporation, Ltd., 6 Westmoreland street, Dublin. 'Phone, 21287. T
LOANS from £10 upward, with or without security. J. H. Nelson and Co., Ltd., 5 Tuckey street, Cork. 24 C
PARTNERSHIP offered—Progressive Dublin business; extra capital required for development; sound basis. Reply in confidence, S 1626, this office
WANTED young LADY PARTNER to invest small capital and play leading rôles in High Repertory Company, Dublin.—S 1598, this office. 25 C
£10 AND upwards Advanced without security.—Central Trust, Ltd., 17 Clare street, Dublin. T

CASH ADVANCED
FROM £20 UPWARDS.
Y. BOLAND, 68 Charlemont St., Dublin
'Phone 61725.

GARDEN, FARM, BEES, ETC.

A YEAR'S Supply of Vegetables for 10/6. Get our A Vegetable Seed Collection. Also offered—B Collections, 21/-; D, 42/-; E, 63/-. Carriage paid.—Drummond, Dawson street, Dublin, and Pembroke, Carlow. X
ABOUT Vegetable Gardens, consult E. G. White, F.R.H.S., Gold Medallist, and inspect Whitebunch Nurseries, Rathfarnham. Phone, 95197. T
LISSADELL Vegetable Plants—Cabbage: Harbinger, 1/- 100; Onions: James' Keeping, 5/- 100: both autumn sown in frames; carriage paid, cash with order, subject crop and unsold.—Manager, Lissadell, Sligo. T
M. ROWAN and Co., Garden Catalogue, 1941—Registers are presently being completed for the posting of above Informative Issue, which will be ready for circulation at end of present month, and in good time for sowing season. If not already a Customer, send in your Name and Address to-day.—Catalogue Issue Department, 51, 52 Capel street; 1, 2 Westmoreland street, Dublin. Telephone: 75105. 24 C
NEW Telephone Number, 75105 (3 lines).—M. Rowan and Co., Seed, Bulb and Plant Merchants, 51, 52 Capel street; 1, 2 Westmoreland street, Dublin. 24 C

POULTRY, FISH, CAGE BIRDS, DAIRY.

APPLY for quotation, Best Poultry Food, Chick Mashes, etc.—Williamson, 182 Pearse street, Telephone 72286.

DRESS AND COSTUMES.

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Cusack, 65 Aungier street, Purchases Left-Off Clothing, Furniture, etc. Highest prices given. T
AT Elizabeth's, 51 Grafton street (2nd Floor)—Ladies' own materials expertly "made up," Coats, Costumes, House Coats, Frocks; moderate. Telephone 22954. 27 E
DON'T Miss This!—Fur Coats Remodelled into latest styles, 45/-; Cleaned and Relined free.—Gail, 74 Grafton street (over Slower's). 24 E
FUR Coats Stylishly Remodelled, Cleaned and Relined, £2 10/.—Fisher, 17 Duke street. 21 B
LADIES', Gents', Children's Wardrobes; Gold, Silver Purchased; highest cash prices.—Mellon's, Patrick street, Kingstown. 78 18
SALE—Reconditioned Fur Coat Bargains, Squirrel, Natural Pony, Marmot, Musquash, Persian Lamb, etc.—Feldman, 29 Mary street. T
UNLINED, dyed Musquash Coat, 1